RTI 22-23-54 The following has been released in relation to a request for information relating to the Tasman Highway lane upgrade.

From: To: Subject: Date:	<mark>s 36</mark> RE: Airport to Causeway - Latest design set Monday, 20 February 2023 5:01:00 PM
Thanks mate	2
Thanks,	
4 Salamanca	ng and Delivery Department of State Growth a Place, Hobart TAS 7000 GPO Box 536, Hobart TAS 7001 <mark>\$ 36</mark> rowth.tas.gov.au
	ake a difference through RK INTEGRITY RESPECT EXCELLENCE
	of the deep history and culture of this island, I acknowledge and pay my respects to all Tasmanian ole; the past, and present custodians of the Land.
Please note l	do not work Fridays.
Sent: Mond To:	@pittsh.com.au> ay, 20 February 2023 12:51 PM @stategrowth.tas.gov.au> Airport to Causeway - Latest design set
Hi	
I have put a	set of drawings in D23/42400. Its go the updated Pittwater Road and latest Taswa
Regards	$-2e^{e^{i}}$
s 36	
Principal Engi s 36	
	— Level 1, Surrey House, 199 Macquarie Street bart Tasmania 7001 Phone <mark>s 36</mark>
<u>pittsh.com.au</u>	
From:	@stategrowth.tas.gov.au> day, 16 February 2023 10:24 AM
To: <mark>S36</mark>	@pittsh.com.au>
Subject: Air	port to Causeway - Latest design set

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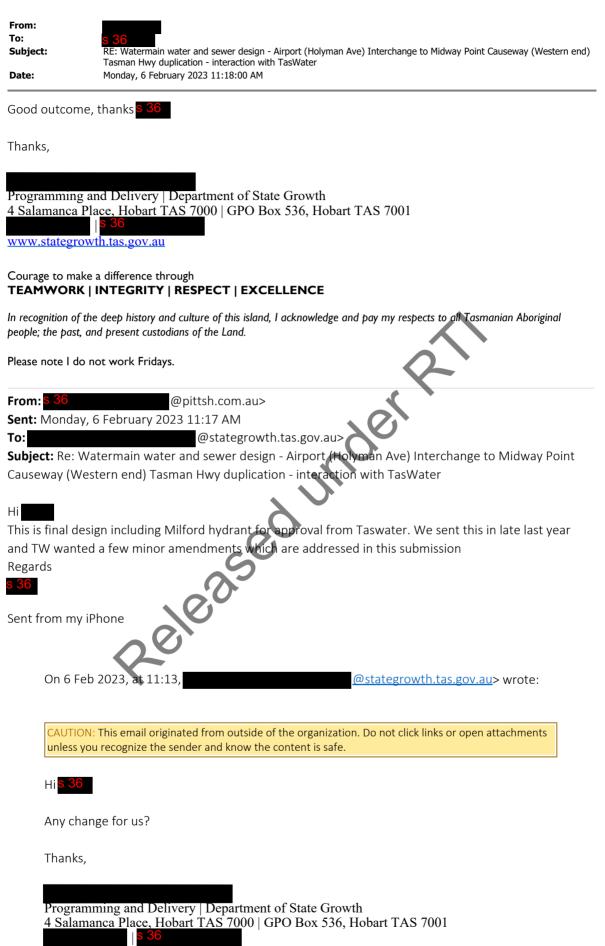


Could you please flick through the latest design set for the Airport to Casueway SETS project, there have been a number of changes since the last set we sent through.

Thanks,

Programming and Delivery | Department of State Growth 4 Salamanca Place, Hobart TAS 7000 | GPO Box 536, Hobart TAS 7001 3 do www.stategrowth.tas.gov.au Courage to make a difference through **TEAMWORK | INTEGRITY | RESPECT | EXCELLENCE** In recognition of the deep history and culture of this island, I acknowledge and pay my respects to all Tasmanian Aboriginal people; the past, and present custodians of the Land. Please note I do not work Fridays. CONFIDENTIALITY NOTICE AND DISCLAIMER The information in this transmission may be confidential and/or protecter by total professional privilege, and is intended only for the person or persons to whom it is addressed. If you are not such a person, you are warned that any disclosure, copying or dissemination of the information is unauthorised. If you have received the tharmsmission in error, please immediately contact this office by tephone, fax or email, to inform us of the error and to ender arrangements to be made for the determediately contact this the transmission, or its return at our cost. No liability is accepted to any unauthorised use of the information contained in this transmission.

Release

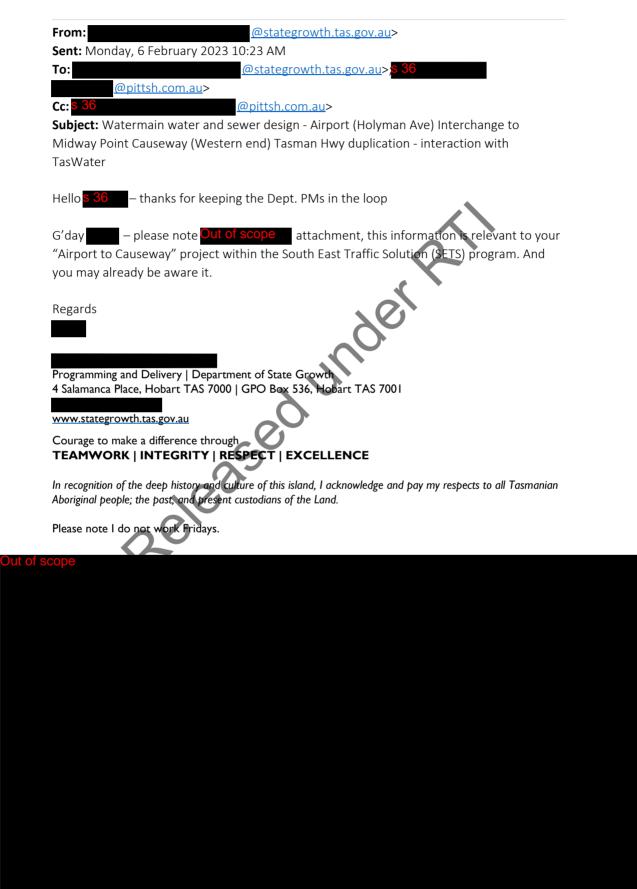


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In recognition of the deep history and culture of this island, I acknowledge and pay my respects to all Tasmanian Aboriginal people; the past, and present custodians of the Land.

Please note I do not work Fridays.



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1054	A	WALL 1 GENERAL ARRANGEMENT	1208	С	DRAINAGE AND SERVICES - DRG 8	1	1306	A	PAVEMENT AND SURFACING - DR

				SCALES			Department of State Growth	CON
С	RE-ISSUED FOR APPROVAL	C.M.	20/01/2023	NTS	pitt&sherry	T smanion Government	TASMAN HIGHWAY (A0113)	
В	DETAILED DESIGN	D.C.	08/02/2022			Government	HOBART AIRPORT TO WESTERN CAUSEWAY	
А	DETAILED DESIGN	D.C.	17/03/2021				ROADWORKS	
No.	Amendment Description	Initials	Date					
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20-Jan-23, 9:04 AM

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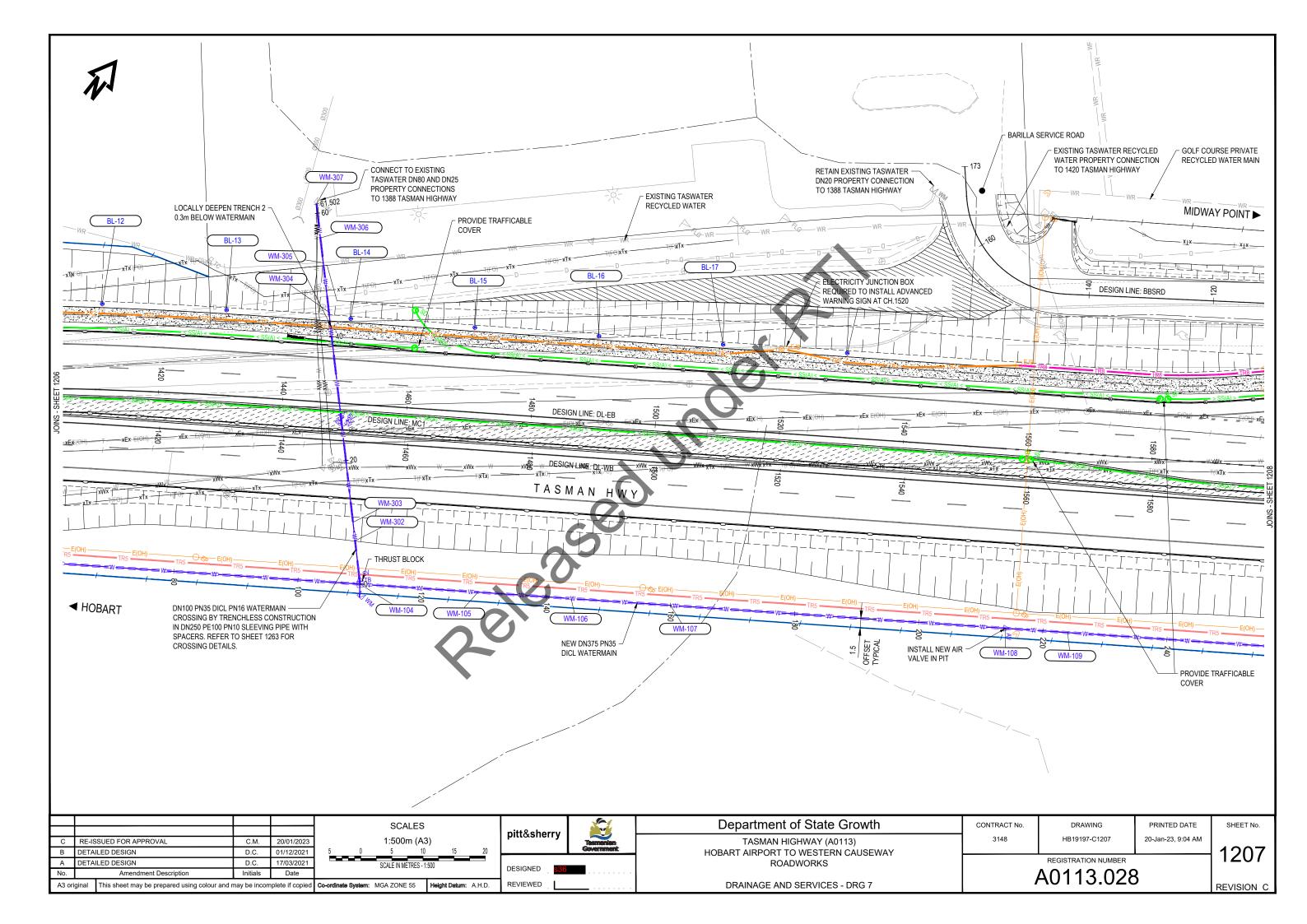
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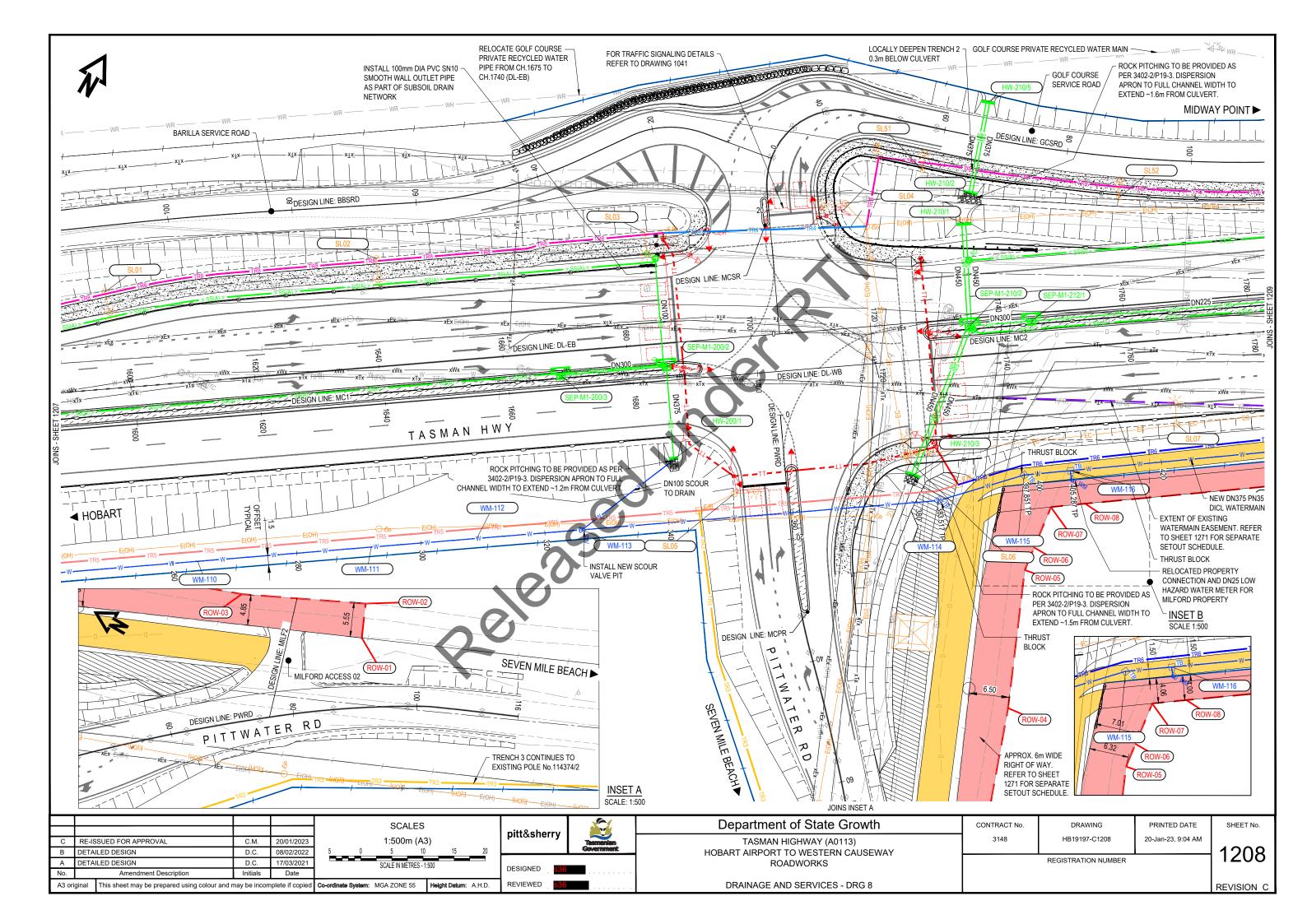
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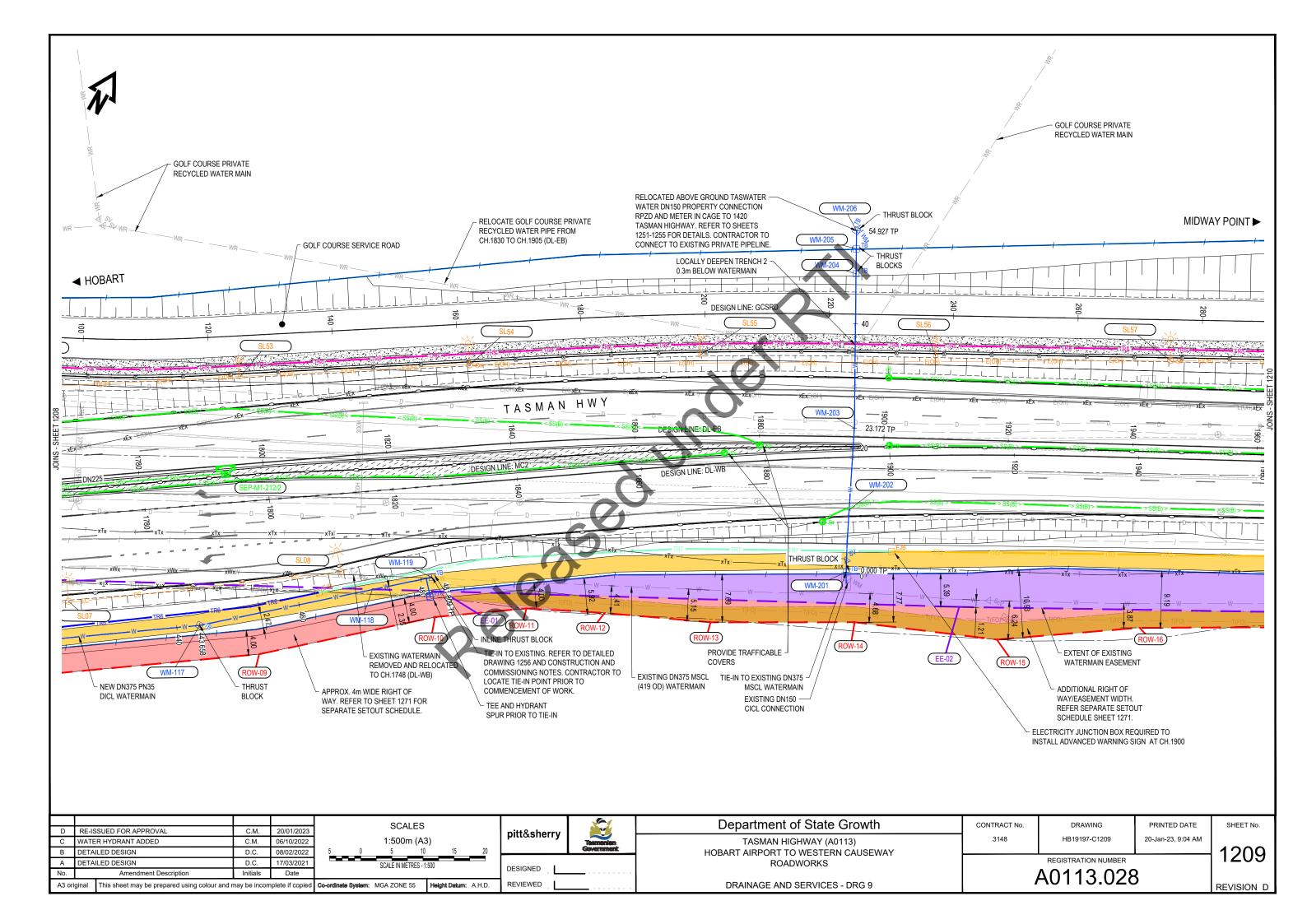
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DRAWING HB19197-C1001 PRINTED DATE







GENERAL NOTES

- THE LOCATION OF UNDERGROUND SERVICES ARE BASED ON SURVEY DRAWING 301593 D03 R1 AIRPORT TO CAUSEWAY 1 DATED 09/12/2019 BY VERIS SURVEYORS. THE EXACT POSITION OF EACH SERVICE PRESENT SHOULD BE ESTABLISHED ON SITE WITH THE RESPECTIVE SERVICE OWNERS PRIOR TO COMMENCING CONSTRUCTION.
- FOR GROUND ENGINEERING DETAILS REFER HB19197 TEST PIT LOGS AND LAB TEST RESULTS. ALL SETOUT DIMENSIONS ARE IN METRES UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE (U.N.O.) DETAIL SHEETS ARE IN MILLIMETRES (MM)
- SITE SETOUT IS BASED ON THE SURVEY UNDERTAKEN BY VERIS SURVEYORS
- ANY DISCREPANCIES WITHIN PROJECT DOCUMENTATION SHALL BE REPORTED TO THE SUPERINTENDENT FOR RESOLUTION.

CIVIL WORKS

- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PREPARE AND PROVIDE A SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL PLAN FOR THE WORKS. NO WORK SHALL BE COMMENCED UNTIL THIS PLAN HAS BEEN APPROVED BY THE SUPERINTENDENT
- NO MACHINERY IS TO BE PLACED ON OR HAVE ACCESS TO ANY AREA OUTSIDE THE LIMIT OF WORKS UNLESS APPROVED BY THE SUPERINTENDENT.
- THE LIMIT OF WORKS LINE SHALL BE TEMPORARILY FENCED WITH BUNTING BEFORE ANY WORKS 3. COMMENCE
- ALL WORKS TO BE UNDERTAKEN IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE FOLLOWING DEPARTMENT OF STATE 4. GROWTH SPECIFICATIONS:
- R21 CLEARING AND GRUBBING, R22 EARTHWORKS, R23 SUBGRADE ZONE, R31 OPEN DRAINS AND CHANNELS, R36 - KERB AND GUTTER, R40 - PAVEMENT BASE AND SUBBASE, R40.1 NOMINATION OF MATERIALS FORM, EXPLANATORY NOTES, R43 - PAVEMENT AND SHOULDER MAINTENANCE, R51 -SPRAYED BITUMINOUS SURFACING, R55 - ASPHALT PLACEMENT, R64 - PAVEMENT MARKING, R80 -MISCELLANEOUS CONCRETE SLABS.
- NO CLEARING OF VEGETATION OR REMOVAL OF TOPSOIL IS PERMITTED IN ANY AREA NOT DIRECTLY RELATED TO THE CONSTRUCTION WORKS OR AS NOTED ON THE DRAWINGS OTHER THAN REMOVAL OF TREES IDENTIFIED AS IN A HAZARDOUS CONDITION.
- ALL STRIPPED TOPSOIL IS TO BE STORED IN AN APPROVED MANNER FOR REHABILITATION WORKS AND VEGETATION RESEEDING.
- SURFACE REINSTATEMENT AND EROSION CONTROL ALL DISTURBED AND BARE GROUND INCLUDING ALL CUT AND FILL SURFACES SHALL BE REHABILITATED AS FOLLOWS: REPLACE TOPSOIL WITH THAT RESERVED WHEN THE SITE WAS STRIPPED (50 THICK). RE-SEED ALL
- DISTURBED GROUND USING SEED MIX APPROVED BY THE SUPERINTENDENT. 14/7mm TWO COAT SEAL TO BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH DEPARTMENT OF STATE GROWTH STANDARD
- SPECIFICATION R51 BITUMINOUS SURFACING
- SUBGRADE CBR FOR ROAD PAVEMENTS AND FOOTPATHS TO BE A MINIMUM OF 5% 10. ALL PAVEMENT MARKING TO BE STANDARD PAINT IN ACCORDANCE WITH DEPARTMENT OF STATE GROWTH SPECIFICATION R64 - PAVEMENT MARKING.
- TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT PLAN INDICATING HOW SAFE USE OF TASMAN HIGHWAY AND PITTWATER ROAD WILL BE MAINTAINED DURING CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE SUBMITTED PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF
- 12. CONCRETE FOOTPATH TO BE CONSTRUCTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH LGAT STANDARD DRAWINGS TSD-R11-V1
- 13. CONCRETE KERBS TO BE CONSTRUCTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH LGAT STANDARD DRAWINGS TSD-R14-V1

SAFETY IN DESIGN (SiD)

SD1. SID GENERALLY

THIS STRUCTURE HAS BEEN DESIGNED TO ELIMINATE HAZARDS TO HEALTH AND SAFETY WHEREVER POSSIBLE. WHERE THIS HAS NOT BEEN POSSIBLE, THE RISK TO HEALTH AND SAFETY OF PERSONS HAS BEEN MINIMISED TO BE REASONABLY PRACTICABLE FOR THE 100 YEAR DESIGN LIFE OF THE STRUCTURE.

SD2. WORK HEALTH AND SAFETY:

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL ENSURE THAT THE CONSTRUCTION OF THIS PROJECT IS CARRIED OUT UNDER A WORK HEALTH AND SAFETY CO-ORDINATION PLAN AND COMPLIANT WITH ANY 'SAFETY IN THE WORKPLACE LEGISLATION' APPLICABLE IN THE STATE IN WHICH THE WORK IS CARRIED OUT.

SD3. IDENTIFY HAZARDS:

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL MAKE EVERY EFFORT TO ENSURE THAT ALL PERSONS WHO ENTER THE CONSTRUCTION SITE ARE MADE AWARE ABOUT THE RISK OF HAZARDS AND POTENTIAL HAZARDS WHICH MAY OCCUR ON THE SITE. ANY SUCH HAZARD SHALL BE ISOLATED AND CLEARLY IDENTIFIED. THE CORRECT LEVEL OF TRAINING SHALL BE MANDATORY BEFORE ANY PERSON ENTERS THE CONSTRUCTION AREA. ALL PERSONS SHALL WEAR THE APPROPRIATE SAFETY PROTECTION APPAREL SPECIFIED BY THE CONTRACTOR BEFORE ENTERING THE SITE. A QUALIFIED GUIDE SHALL ACCOMPANY ALL NEW CONSTRUCTION WORKERS DURING THEIR INITIATION AND ALL SITE VISITORS WHILE ON THE SITE.

GENERAL NOTES - SERVICES

- 1. ALL PRIVATE PLUMBING WORKS SHALL GENERALLY BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE AS3500, THE TASMANIAN PLUMBING CODE, THE PLUMBING CODE OF AUSTRALIA AND THE IPWEA MUNICIPAL STANDARD SPECIFICATION AND DRAWINGS AS APPLICABLE.
- 2. UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE THE CONTRACTOR IS REQUIRED TO OBTAIN ALL NECESSARY PERMITS FOR THE WORKS INCLUDING ANY WORKS IN THE ROAD RESERVATION AND ON ADJACENT PRIVATE PROPERTIES.
- 3. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CONFIRM THE PRESENCE AND LOCATION OF ALL EXISTING SERVICES ON THE SITE AND WITHIN THE AREA OF WORKS AND CLEARLY IDENTIFY ALL DANGEROUS SERVICES UNDERGROUND AND OVERHEAD
- 4. ALL DRAINS AND SERVICES TIE IN LEVELS AND LOCATIONS ARE TO BE CONFIRMED BEFORE COMMENCEMENT OF CONSTRUCTION WORKS.
- 5. UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE ALL SERVICE CONNECTIONS TO COUNCIL OR WATER AUTHORITY SERVICE SHALL BE UNDERTAKEN BY THE COUNCIL OR WATER AUTHORITY AT THE CONTRACTOR'S COST.
- 6. ALL REDUNDANT SERVICE LINES SHALL BE CUT, GROUTED AND CAPPED AT TIE-IN LOCATIONS UNO.
- 7. REDUNDANT SERVICE TRENCHES SHALL BE BACKFILLED WHERE NOTED, WITH FULLY COMPACTED MATERIAL APPROPRIATE FOR THE AREA OF THE DEVELOPMENT SITE.
- 8. ALL UNDERGROUND WATER AND SEWER WORKS MUST BE TESTED AND INSPECTED BY TASWATER PRIOR TO BACKFILL.
- 9. ALL MATERIALS SHALL COMPLY WITH OPVC-O PIPE: AS 4441
- DICL AND DIEL PIPE: AS 2280
- CICL AND CIEL PIPE AND FITTINGS: AS 2544 MSCL AND MSEL PIPE: AS 1479.
- PIPE MATERIALS: AS4130
- PIPE FITTINGS: AS 4129
- GATE VALVES: AS 2638
- 10. LOCATIONS AND LEVELS OF THE EXISTING PIPES ARE APPROXIMATE ONLY THE CONTRACTOR IS TO LOCATE AND CONFIRM ALL SETOUT DIMENSIONS PRIOR TO FABRICATION.
- 11. BACKFILL AND REINSTATEMENT OF PIPE TRENCHES TO BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH WSAA SPS-1601 AND TASWATER REQUIREMENTS.
- 12. ON THE DRAWINGS, PIPE TYPES AND MATERIALS ARE SPECIFIED AS FOL PE100 DENOTES POLYETHYLENE PIPE WITH A MINIMUM REQUIRED STRENGTH OF 10 MPA AT 20°C IN ACCORDANCE WITH AS 4130 AND FITTINGS IN ACCORDANCE WITH AS 4129

SURVEY NOTES

THE SIZE AND ORIENTATION OF ALL SURVEY FEATURES LIKE PIT COVERS AND MANHOLES ARE SHOWN SYMBOLIC ONLY BASED ON SURVEY DATA PROVIDED. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL ENSURE MINIMUM CLEARANCE BETWEEN NEW WATER MAIN AND OTHER UTILITIES/STRUCTURES ARE ACHI EVED ON SITE.

SAFETY IN DESIGN (SiD)

SD4. TEMPORARY SUPPORT REQUIRED: SOIL AND ROCK EXCAVATION CONCRETE FORMWORK TO FACILITATE CONCRETE PLACEMENT STATIC OR OPERATING PLANT AND EQUIPMENT STORED MATERIALS

SD5. SPECIALIST CONTRACTO SOME ACTIVITIES REQUIRED TO BE CARKIED OUT DURING THE CONSTRUCTION ARE NOT CONSIDERED TO BE NORMAL BUILDING PRACTICE.

O BE NECESSARY FOR THE FOLLOWING ACTIVITIES, BUT NOT LIMITED TO:

LIFTING AND PLACEMENT OF HEAVY ELEMENTS USE OF HEAVY EQUIPMENT DEMOLITION WORKS DRILLING ANCHOR INSTALLATION WORK OVERHEAD ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT

EXCAVATION NEAR: - PRESSURISED WATER MAINS

WATER SERVICES NOTES:

- WATER SUPPLY WORKS IN GENERAL TO BE CARRIED OUT IN ACCORDANCE WITH: - WSA 03-2011-3.1, MRWA VERSION 2.0 -TASWATER'S SUPPLEMENT TO WSAA WATER SUPPLY CODE - PIPE SUPPLIER'S INSTALLATION MANUAL AND
- SPECIFICATIONS 2. PN DENOTES THE NOMINAL PRESSURE RATING OF THE WATER SERVICE. ALL PIPES AND ASSOCIATED
- FITTINGS SHALL BE PN25 UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE 3. DN DENOTES THE NOMINAL DIAMETER FOR THE WATER SERVICE OR FITTING. FOR POLYETHYLENE PIPES,
- THIS REFERS TO THE OUTSIDE DIAMETER OF THE PIPE. FOR ALL OTHER PIPES IT REFERS TO THE NOMINAL BORE OF THE PIPE.
- 4. ON THE DRAWINGS, PIPE JOINTS ARE SPECIFIED AS FOLLOWS FL DENOTES FLANGED JOINTS IN ACCORDANCE WITH AS 4087 WITH PN TO MATCH PIPE MATERIAL. REFER MRWA-W-306B
 - CF DENOTES COMPRESSION FITTING FOR ALL METRIC POLYETHYLENE PIPE MANUFACTURED TO AS4130
 - SP-SOC DENOTES SPIGOT SOCKET JOINTS USING RUBBER RINGS SSJ DENOTES SPHERICAL SLIP JOINTS WITH 6 MM FILLET WELDS IN ACCORDANCE WITH MRWA-W-400 WC DENOTES PLAIN END WELDED COLLAR JOINT IN ACCORDANCE WITH MRWA-W-400
- BWJ DENOTES BUTT WELDED JOINT FOR POLYETHYLENE PIPES EFC DENOTES ELECTRO FUSION COUPLING FOR POLYETHYLENE PIPES 5. AIR RELEASE VALVES: ARE TO BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH AS 4956 AND INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE
- VINGS DENOTES THRUST BLOCK IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE DRAWINGS
- SAFE BEARING CAPACITY OF 100 KPA, AND CONSTRUCTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH DRGS TW-W-300 AND MRWA -W-205A. TIMBER BLOCKS ARE NON PREFERRED. FOR CHANGES IN HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL ALIGNMENT GREATER THAN 1 DEGREE FOR SPIGOT SOCKET
- DRGS MRWA-W-103 AND MRWA-W-212
- PER THE REQUIREMENTS OF DRGS MRWA-W-208 AND MRWA-W-209.
- 10. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE CONCRETE BULKHEADS FOR PIPES LAID AT GRADES GREATER THAN 20% AS PER THE REQUIREMENTS OF DRGS MRWA-W-208 AND MRWA-W-209
- 11. WHERE MINIMUM COVER CANNOT BE ACHIEVED SUCH AS CROSSINGS OF EXISTING ASSETS SEEK DIRECTION FROM TASWATER
- 12. ALL MATERIALS ARE TO COMPLY WITH CITY WEST WATER APPROVED PRODUCTS PUBLICATION.
- TW-W-312
- 15. TEST PROCEDUR
 - TO BE TESTED AS PER:
 - CLAUSE 19.4 TEST PRESSURE 1500 kPa (AT LOWEST POINT)
- TO BE CONDUCTED WITH TASWATER REPRESENTATIVE PRESENT
- 16. FOLLOWING A SATISFACTORY HYDROSTATIC PRESSURE TEST ALL WATER MAINS TO BE DISINFECTED PRIOR
 - TO COMMISSIONING IN ACCORDANCE WITH MRWA WATER QUALITY COMPLIANCE SPECIFICATION No 04-02-2.1. NOTE TASWATER DOES NOT NECESSARILY REQUIRE MAINS TO BE SWABBED HOWEVER THIS MAY BE REQUIRED TO MEET THE WATER QUALITY TESTING

INSTALLATION AND COMMISSIONING NOTES:

- 1. THE GENERAL SCOPE IS TO PERFORM WORKS FOR EACH STAGE AS FOLLOWS REFER NOTES AND REFERENCED STANDARDS FOR FURTHER DETAIL
 - a. FAMILIARISATION OF WORKS AREA AND REQUIREMENTS AS PER PLANS, LONGITUDINAL SECTIONS, DETAILS AND NOTES
 - b. CONFIRM SERVICE LEVELS AT CROSSING LOCATIONS, AS NOTED ON DRAWINGS
 - DETAILS (LIMIT OF WORK PRIOR TO TIE-IN), INCLUDING NEW VALVES, FITTINGS AND THRUST RESTRAINTS, AND BLANK ENDS
 - d. WAIT FOR THRUST BLOCK CONCRETE TO CURE
 - e. FILL PIPE USING HYDRANTS AND PRESSURE TEST (REFER WATER SUPPLY NOTE 15)
 - f. UNDERTAKE DISINFECTION AND DISPOSE OF WATER AS DIRECTED BY SUPERINTENDENT (REFER WATER SUPPLY NOTE 16
 - g. UNDERTAKE TIE-IN WORKS AS PER TIE-IN DETAILS DURING SHUTDOWN PERIOD, INCLUDING RECONNECTING ALL PROPERTY CONNECTIONS AND SUB-MAINS WITHIN THE STAGE
 - SERVICES NOTE 6 AND 7).

				SCALES				Department of State Growth	CON						
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				N.T.S.		N.T.S.		Tasmenlan	TASMAN HIGHWAY (A0113)						
							Government	HOBART AIRPORT TO WESTERN CAUSEWAY							
A	RE-ISSUED FOR APPROVAL	C.M.	20/01/2023					ROADWORKS							
No.	Amendment Description	Initials	Date			DESIGNED . S30	6								
A3 or	iginal This sheet may be prepared using colour and	may be incor	nplete if copied	Co-ordinate System: MGA ZONE 55	Height Datum: A.H.D.	REVIEWED S3	6	GENERAL NOTES							

UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE, ALL THRUST BLOCKS SHALL BE SUITABLE FOR 1500 kPa PRESSURE AND SOIL

JOINTS PROVIDE BENDS OR DISTRIBUTE THE CHANGE IN ALIGNMENT OVER SEVERAL PIPE LENGTHS. REFER

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE TRENCH STOPS FOR PIPES LAID AT GRADES BETWEEN 5% AND 20% AS

13. DETECTOR TAPE / DETECTOR WIRE IS TO BE INSTALLED OVER ALL NON-METALIC WATER MAINS. 14. MARKER POSTS TO BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH TASWATER STANDARDS REFER TW-W-311 AND

'WATER SUPPLY CODE OF AUSTRALIA - WSA 03-2011-3.1 MRWA EDITION 2.0 PART 2 - CONSTRUCTION'

c. INSTALL NEW WATER MAIN, AS PER DRAWINGS, BETWEEN THE POINTS AS PER NOMINATED TIE-IN

h. GROUT FILL REDUNDANT WATER MAIN SECTION(S) AT TIE-IN LOCATIONS, AND CAP (REFER GENERAL

TRACT No 3148

DRAWING HB19197-C1250

PRINTED DATE 20-Jan-23, 9:04 AM SHEET No

1250

REGISTRATION NUMBER A0113.028

REVISION

	CENEDAL	EXCAVATION AND BACKFILL			CONCRETE				
	GENERAL	EXCAVATION AND BACK	FILL			CONCRETE		C	
	THESE DRAWINGS SHALL BE READ IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE SPECIFICATION, STRUCTURAL, CIVIL AND RELEVANT ENGINEERING SERVICES, DOCUMENTS AND WITH OTHER SUCH WRITTEN INSTRUCTIONS AS MAY BE ISSUED.	E1. ALL EXCAVATION SHALL BE CARRIED (UNDISTURBED CONDITIONS AT THE U			C1. ALL WORKMANSHIP AND MATERIAL SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE SPECIFICATION AND AS3600. USE GENERAL PURPOSE CEMENT AND NORMAL WEIGHT AGGREGATES UNO. DO NOT USE ADDITIVES WITHOUT APPROVAL.			. The Sha Hor And	
	ALL DIMENSIONS SHOWN SHALL BE VERIFIED ON SITE. ENGINEER'S DRAWINGS MUST NOT BE SCALED.	E2. ALL FOOTINGS SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED ON UNDISTURBED OR COMPACTED FILL FOUNDATION MATERIAL WITH A SAFE BEARING CAPACITY AS SHOWN IN			C2.	CONCRETE QUALITY SHALL BE AS FOLLOWS (U.N.O):	C18.	. BAR	
	DURING CONSTRUCTION THE RESPONSIBLE CONTRACTOR SHALL MAINTAIN THE STRUCTURE IN A STABLE CONDITION AND NO PART SHALL BE OVERSTRESSED.	FOUNDATIONS NOTE 'F1' AND TO THE	APPROVAL OF THE EN	IGINEER.		CHARACTERISTIC CONCRETE STRENGTH ITEM fc (MPa) GENERAL 32			
	ALL MATERIALS AND WORKMANSHIP SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE WSAA STANDARD SPECIFICATION WATER SUPPLY CODE OF AUSTRALIA WSA 03-2011-3.1 MRWA EDITION V2.0 AND TASWATER'S SUPPLEMENT.	E3. IF FOOTING EXCAVATIONS ARE LOWE DRAWINGS. THE OVER EXCAVATION S FOUNDATION MATERIAL AS PER NOTE	HALL BE BACKFILLED			PAD AND STRIP FOOTINGS N/A PRECAST CONCRETE N/A FOOTING - PIER N/A PEDESTALS N/A	-		
	UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED ALL DIMENSIONAL UNITS ARE MILLIMETRES EXCEPT REDUCED LEVELS AND DISTANCES (CHAINAGES) WHICH ARE METRES.	E4. FINISHED EARTHWORK SLOPES SHALI AND 1 VERTICAL U.N.O.	L NOT BE STEEPER TH	AT 2 HORIZONTAL	C3.	BLINDING N/A UNLESS SPECIFIED UNABBREVIATED TO AS4671 ALL REINFORCEMENT ON THIS			
	ALL COORDINATES ARE IN METRES UNO.	E5. APPROVED BACKFILL MATERIAL SHALL FOOTING SIDES IN 200 MAXIMUM LOOS			00.	PROJECT IS DESIGNATED AS FOLLOWS: <u>SYMBOL</u> <u>DESCRIPTION</u> <u>TYPE</u>			
G7.	UNO DENOTES UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE.	ACCORDANCE WITH SPECIFICATION.				SL MESH - SQUARE GRID D500L TO AS4671 RL MESH - RECTANGULAR GRID D500L TO AS4671 TM TRENCH MESH D500L TO AS4671	*	THE THE Cd =	
	ALL DIMENSIONS WHICH TIE INTO OR OTHERWISE RELATE TO EXISTING STRUCTURES SHALL BE VERIFIED ON SITE PRIOR TO THE START OF CONSTRUCTION BY THE CONTRACTOR.					Image: Non-WeiserDisoult for As4671RPLAIN BARSR250N TO AS4671SDEFORMED BARSD250N TO AS4671NDEFORMED BARSD500N TO AS4671	C19.	. THE SHO	
G9	SITE SET-OUT IS NOT BASED ON ANY DETAILED SURVEY.					DESIGNATION EXAMPLE			
	ANY DISCREPANCIES WITHIN PROJECT DOCUMENTATION SHALL BE REFERRED TO THE SUPERINTENDENT FOR RESOLUTION.					SL82REINFORCING MESHD500L 8 DIA. RIBBED BARS AT 200 CRS4-L12TMTRENCH MESHD500L 4 No 12 DIA. RIBBED BARS. (300 WIDE)4-R10-300PLAIN BARSR250N 4 No 10 DIA. BARS AT 300 CRS	C20.	. INDI STA	
						4-S12-300 DEFORMED BARS D250N 4 No 16 DIA. BARS AT 300 CRS 4-N16-200 T DEFORMED BARS D500N 4 No 16 DIA. BARS AT 200 CRS			
	FOUNDATION					NOTE: NUMBER OR SPACING SPECIFIED - GENERALLY NOT BOTH		bar Bar	
		CONCRETE REINFORCEMENT ABBREVIATIONS			C4.	CLEAR COVER TO REINFORCEMENT (INCLUDING FITMENTS) SHALL BE AS FOLLOWS UNO.	C22.	. WHE SHA	
	FOOTINGS HAVE BEEN DESIGNED FOR AN ALLOWABLE BEARING PRESSURE OF '100kPa' AT FOUNDING LEVELS UNO .THE CONTRACTOR SHALL OBTAIN THE ENGINEER'S APPROVAL OF THE FOUNDATION MATERIAL BEFORE PLACING CONCRETE.	CP CENTRALLY PLACED EW EACH WAY EF EACH FACE NF NEAR FACE		TU TL		CAST AGAINST BUILDING OR FORMWORK:50CAST AGAINST GROUND PROTECTED BY WATERPROOF MEMBRANE:50CAST AGAINST GROUND NOT PROTECTED BY WATERPROOF MEMBRANE:50CAST AGAINST BLINDING CONCRETE::50		SHO	
	AFTER EXCAVATION ENSURE THAT ALL LOOSE GRAVEL, SOIL OR DEBRIS IS REMOVED BEFORE PLACING CONCRETE.	FF FAR FACE LV LENGTH VARIES B BOTTOM REINFORCEMENT				TOP COVER : 50			
	IN ALL EXCAVATIONS FOR FOOTINGS > 400 WIDE PLACE BLINDING CONCRETE IN	BL BOTTOM REINFORCEMENT LOWER LEVEL				SIZES OF CONCRETE ELEMENTS DO NOT INCLUDE THICKNESS OF ANY APPLIED FINISHES.			
	A SEPARATE POUR, MINIMUM 65 THICK.	T TOP REINFORCEMENT TL TOP REINFORCEMENT LOWER LEVE	ĒL		C6.	BEAM DEPTHS ARE NOTED FIRST AND INCLUDE THE THICKNESS OF THE SLAB IF ANY.			
		TU TOP REINFORCEMENT UPPER LEVE	L REINFOR	CEMENT LAYERING	C7	CONSTRUCTION JOINTS WHERE NOT SHOWN ON THE DRAWINGS SHALL BE LOCATED TO THE APPROVAL OF THE ENGINEER, JOINTS TO BE SEALED WITH 'NITROSEAL 280' OR EQUIVALENT.			
				S	C8.	FORMS SHALL BE CHAMFERED FOR RE-ENTRANT ANGLES AND FILLETED FOR CORNERS. WHERE THESE WILL BE EXPOSED TO VIEW IN THE COMPLETED PROJECT THE FACE OF THE BEVEL IN EACH CASE SHALL BE 25 WIDE UNO.			
		CONCRETE AND OTHER		IS	C9.	NO HOLES, CHASES OR EMBEDMENTS OF PIPES OTHER THAN THOSE SHOWN ON THE STRUCTURAL DRAWINGS SHALL BE MADE WITHOUT THE PRIOR APPROVAL OF THE ENGINEER.			
		CJ CONTROL JOINT	10		C10.	NO ALLOWANCE HAS BEEN MADE FOR STACKED MATERIALS ON THE CONCRETE STRUCTURE UNO.			
		DJ DOWELLED JOINT SJ SAWCUT JOINT	2		C11.	. CONCRETE FLOOR FINISH SHALL BE MONOLITHIC, STEEL TROWEL FINISH INTERNAL AND BROOM FINISH EXTERNAL UNO.			
		TOC TOP OF CONCRETE FCR FINE CRUSHED ROCK SOP SET OUT POINT (150) SLAB THICKNESS (=150mm)			C12.	 NO REINFORCEMENT SPLICES SHALL BE MADE IN POSITIONS OTHER THAN THOSE SHOWN ON THE STRUCTURAL DRAWINGS WITHOUT THE PRIOR APPROVAL OF THE ENGINEER. 			
		OTHER ABBREVIATIONS COMPLY W	ITH AS1100		C13.	. MINIMUM LAP FOR FABRICS SHALL BE TWO TRANSVERSE WIRES PLUS 25. MINIMUM LAP LENGTHS FOR DEFORMED BARS SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH AS3600 UNO.			
					C14.	. WELDING OF REINFORCEMENT IS NOT PERMITTED UNLESS SHOWN ON THE DRAWINGS OR APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER.			
					C15.	 TOP AND BOTTOM REINFORCEMENT IN SLABS SHALL BE SUPPORTED ON APPROVED PLASTIC TIPPED CHAIRS, IN BOTH DIRECTIONS AT MAXIMUM CENTRES OF; 600 FOR 10 DIA. BARS, 900 FOR 12 AND 16 DIA. BARS, 1200 FOR 20 DIA. BARS 750 CENTRES FOR MESH. 			
					C16.	ALL FORMWORK AND PROPS UNDER SUSPENDED CONCRETE WORK SHALL BE REMOVED BEFORE ANY BRICKWORK OR BLOCKWORK IS BUILT ABOVE.			
		SCALES	pitt&sherry	<i>Š</i>		Department of State Growth	СС	ONTRA	
в	RE-ISSUED FOR APPROVAL BWH 20/01/2023	NOT TO SCALE		Tasmanian Government		TASMAN HIGHWAY (A0113) HOBART AIRPORT TO WESTERN CAUSEWAY		314	
A No.	FOR APPROVAL BWH 04/07/2022 Amendment Description Initials Date		DESIGNED			ROADWORKS			
		System: MGA ZONE 55 Height Datum: AHD	REVIEWED			RPZD GENERAL NOTES SHEET 1 OF 2			

CONCRETE (CONTINUED)

IE MINIMUM CLEAR SPACING BETWEEN CONDUITS, CABLES, PIPES AND BARS IALL BE AS REQUIRED BY AS3600 BUT NOT LESS THAN THREE DIAMETERS DRIZONTALLY FOR HORIZONTAL CONDUITS ETC. IN SLABS WALLS AND FOOTINGS ID NOT LESS THAN ONE DIAMETER FOR ALL OTHER CONDUITS ETC.

RS SHALL BE LAPPED AS FOLLOWS UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE:

MINIMUM LAF	MINIMUM LAP LENGTHS								
BAR	<300 CONCR DEPTH (UND		>300 CONCRETE DEPTH (UNDER LAP)						
N12	385	350	500	450					
N16	600	525	775	700					
N20	850	750	1100	975					
N24	1100	1000	1450	1285					
N28	-	-	-	-					
CONCRETE	N32	N40	N32	N40					

E CONCRETE DEPTH IS MEASURED BELOW THE BAR LAP

E NOTED LAP LENGTHS RELATE TO GRADE 32/40 CONCRETE AT = 40mm. CONSULT THE ENGINEER FOR BAR LAPS IN OTHER CONCRETE GRADES.

E LAP LENGTH OF BUNDLED BARS SHALL BE INCREASED FROM THE VALUES IOWN IN THE TABLE AS FOLLOW:

3 BAR BUNDLE - 20% 4 BAR BUNDLE - 33%.

DIVIDUAL BARS WITHIN A BUNDLE SHALL BE TERMINATED AT DIFFERENT POINTS AGGERED BY AT LEAST 40 TIMES THE DIAMETER OF THE LARGER BAR.

PS IN REINFORCEMENT SHALL BE STAGGERED SO THAT NO MORE THAN 50% OF RS ARE LAPPED IN ANY ONE CROSS SECTION AND THAT NO TWO ADJACENT RS ARE LAPPED AT THE SAME LOCATION.

HERE STAGGERED BAR SPLICES ARE NOT POSSIBLE, THE MINIMUM LAP LENGTH IALL NOT BE LESS THAN 1.3 TIMES THE THE STANDARD LAP LENGTH OR AS IOWN ON THE DRAWINGS, WHICHEVER IS GREATER.

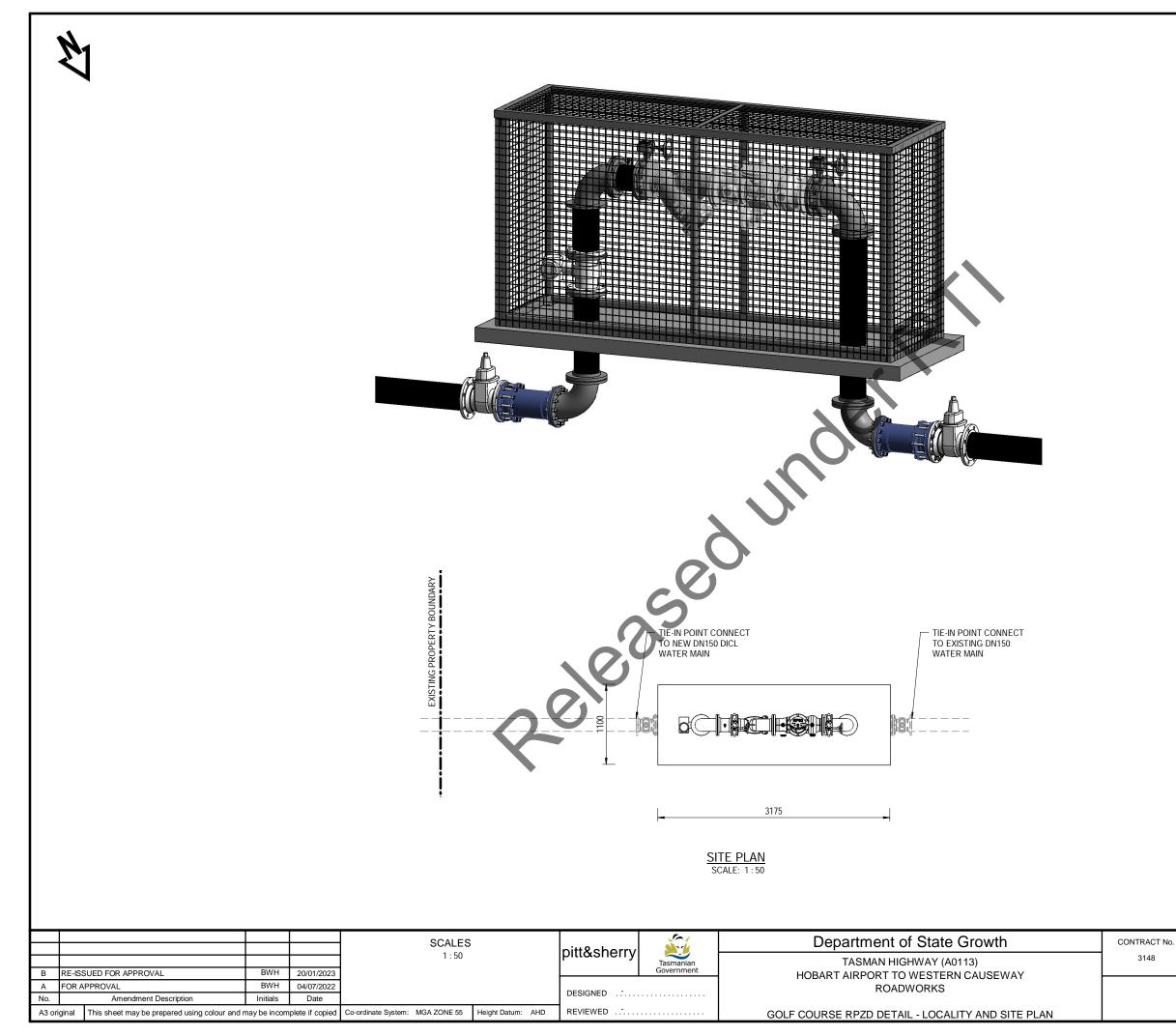
RACT No. 3148 DRAWING HB19197-S1251 PRINTED DATE 20/01/2023 8:40:01 AM SHEET No.

REGISTRATION NUMBER

REVISION B

1251

STRUCTURAL STEELWORK	STRUCTURAL STEELWORK (CONTINUED)	SITE SAFETY	SAFETY IN DESIGN (SID)	
 STRUCTURAL STEELWORK, CONVECTIONS AND CORROSION PROTECTION OF STEELWORK SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE NOTES, SPECIFICATION AND AS4100. ALL STEELWORK SHALL BE GRADE 250 EXCEPT USE GRADE 450 FOR COLD FORMED LIGHT GRADE SECTIONS, GRADE 350 FOR HOLLOW SECTIONS, AND GRADE 300 FOR HOT ROLLED SECTIONS, UNO. BOLT TYPES SHALL BE AS FOLLOWS: 40.65 MEXAGON HEAD BOLTS TO AS1111.1, SNUG TIGHTENED 84.75 MEXAGON HEAD BOLTS TO AS1111.1, SNUG TIGHTENED 84.76 MEXAGON HEAD BOLTS TO AS1111.1, SNUG TIGHTENED 84.77 MEXAGON HEAD BOLTS TO AS1111.1, SNUG TIGHTENED 84.78 MEXAGON HEAD BOLTS TO AS1111.1, SNUG TIGHTENED 84.78 MEXAGON HEAD BOLTS TO AS1111.1, SNUG TIGHTENED 84.77 MEXAGON HEAD BOLTS TO AS1101 AN BEARING TYPE 20107 MAD WITH FENSIONED TO SA100 IN A REARING TYPE 20107 MAD WITH FENSIONED TO SA100 IN A REARING TYPE 20107 AND WITH FENSIONED TO SA100 IN A REACTION TYPE 20107 AND WITH FENSIONED TO SA100 IN A REACTION TYPE 20107 AND WITH FENSIONED TO SA100 IN A REACTION TYPE 20107 AND WITH FENSIONED TO SA100 IN A REACTION TYPE 20107 AND WITH FENSIONED TO SA100 IN A REACTION TYPE 20107 AND WITH FENSIONED TONS SHALL BE TO NECORDANCE WITH THE SPECIFIED CONNECTION TYPES ON EACH OF THE STEELWORK FRAMING DRAWINGS. ALL CONNECTION TYPES ON EACH OF THE STEELWORK FRAMING DRAWINGS. ALL CONNECTION TYPES ON EACH OF THE STEELWORK FRAMING DRAWINGS. ALL POLTALS, GAUGE LINE ETC, WHERE NOT SPECIFICALLY SHOWN ARE TO BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH AS DESIGN CAPACITY TABLES FOR STRUCTURAL STEEL AND ASISTANDARDISED STRUCTURAL CONNECTIONS. THE MINIMUM CONNECTION REQUIREMENTS SHALL BE AS FOLLOWS: PURLINS AND CARTS - 2PBM12 OR 2 MIG 4 AS BOLTS WITH A 8 PLATE CLEAT UNO SECTIONS - 220 DEEP - 2 MID 8 AS BOLTS WITH A 10 PLATE CLEAT UNO SECTIONS - 220 DEEP - 2 MID 8 AS BOLTS WITH A 8 PLATE CLEAT UNO SECTIONS - 220 DEEP - 2 MID 8 AS BOLTS WITH A 8 PLATE CLEAT UNO SECTIONS - 220 DEEP - 2 MID 8 AS BOLTS WITH A 9 PLATE CLEAT UNO SECTIONS - 220 DEEP - 2 MID 8 AS BOLTS WITH A 9 PLATE CLE	STEELWORK ABBREVIATIONS STEELWORK ABBREVIATIONS STEELWORK ABBREVIATIONS ALL DRAWING ABBREVIATIONS CONFORM TO ASSIST PROVINCE UNTIL APPROVAL HAS BEEN OBTAINED. S21. REFER TO THE SPECIFICATION FOR PREPARATION, PRIMING AND FINISH OF ONE REFERAL STEELWORK BY OLEANING WITH POWER TOOLS TO ASI8272 PROTECT WITH ONE COAT OF ZINC PHOSPHATE PRIMER (MIN 50 MICRONS E UNO. STEELWORK ABBREVIATIONS CONFORM TO ASISTITUTION. ADDITIONAL ABBREVIATIONS ARE: BS BOTH SIDES CFW CONTINUOUS FILLET WELD CONTS CONTINUOUS FILLET WELD CONTS CONTINUOUS FILLET WELD CONTS CONTINUOUS FILLET WELD CONTS CONTINUOUS MID STEEL PL PLATE FSW FULL STRENGTH BUITT WELD (CATEGORY SP) TOS TOP OF GRATE	 ALL WORK SITES CAN BE POTENTIALLY HAZARDOUS TO PEOPLE, PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT ALL PEOPLE WHO ARE AUTHORISED TO BE ON A WORK SITE MUST CAREFULLY CONSIDER, DOCUMENT AND ADOPT SUITABLE SAFE WORK PROCEDURES FOR ALL REQUIRED ACTIVITIES. SS2. CURRENT LEGISLATION: CURRENT LEGISLATION REQUIRES THAT ALL PERSONS ARE TO CONSIDER THEIR ACTIONS OR INACTION ON THE HEALTH AND SAFETY OF OTHERS AND THEMSELVES. SS3. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL ABIDE WITH AND IS BOUND BY THE CURRENT SAFE WORK AUSTRALIA ACT, REGULATIONS AND CODES OF PRACTICE ISSUED BY STATE GOVERNMENTS AND / OR THEIR AGENCIES. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE IMPLEMENTATION, DOCUMENTATION AND MAINTENANCE OF WORK SAFETY PROCEDURES AND OTHER RELEVANT DOCUMENTATION. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL ENSURE THAT ALL SUB CONTRACTORS AND OTHER AUTHORISED PEOPLE COMPLY WITH THE ABOVE. SS4. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE ALERT AND PROACTIVE TO IDENTIFY HAZARDS AND MANAGE THE ASSOCIATED RISKS TO ELIMINATE THEM OR MINIMISE THEM TO AN AGREED RISK LEVEL. SS5. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CONSULT WITH THE ENGINEER IF THERE IS ANY PERCEIVED RISK RELATING TO THE DESIGN OR CONSTRUCTION OF THE DESIGN. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL ENGAGE WITH THE SUBCONTRACTOR AND OTHER AUTHORISED PEOPLE WHO UNST THE SITE TO IDENTIFY THE RISKY WORK PROCEDURES AND OTHER ACTIVITIES. SS6. THE CONTRACTORS AND OTHER AUTHORISED PEOPLE SHALL PROVIDE DOCUMENTATION ABOUT THEIR RISK ASSESSMENTS AND RISK MINIMISATION. SS8. PUBLIC SAFETY A LIVE SINE THAN HAS WORK UNDERWAY OR IS UNATTENDED HAS A STRONG ATTRACTION SO THE PUBLIC IN GENERAL. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL TAKE ALL REASONABLE PRECAUTIONS TO PREVENT UNAUTHORISED POPLE ENTERING THE SINE THAN HAS WORK UNDERWAY OR IS UNATTENDED HAS A STRONG ATTRACTION ABOUT THEIR RISK ASSESSMENTS AND RISK MINIMISATION. SS8. PUBLIC SAFETY A LIVE SINE THAN HAS WORK UNDERWAY OR IS UNATTENDED HAS A STRONG ATTRACTION TO THE PUBLIC IN GENERAL. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL TAKE ALL REASONABLE PRECAUTIONS TO PREVENT UNAUTHO	 SAFE LY IN DESIGN (SID) SD1. SID GENERALLY THIS STRUCTURE HAS BEEN DESIGNED TO ELIMINATE HAZARDS SAFETY WHEREVER POSSIBLE. WHERE THIS HAS NOT BEEN POT TO HEALTH AND SAFETY: THE CONTRACTOR SHALL ENSURE THAT THE CONSTRUCTION OF IS CARRIED OUT UNDER A WORK HEALTH AND SAFETY CO-POD AND COMPLIANT WITH ANY SAFETY IN THE WORKPLACE LEGISL APPLICABLE IN THE STATE IN WHICH THE WORK IS CARRIED OU WHO ENTER THE CONSTRUCTION SITE ARE MADE AWARE ABOL HAZARD SHALL BE SOLATED AND CLEARLY IDENTIFIED. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BADDING SHALL BE MANDATORY BEFORE ANY PERSON ENTER CONSTRUCTION AREA. ALL PERSONS SHALL WAR THE APPROI PROTECTION APRAEL SPECIFIED BY THE CONSTRUCTION AND ALL SITE ACTION AND ALL DESIDENTIES ON STRUCTURE CONSTRUCTION AREA. SUPERINE BY THE CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE SOLATED AND CLEARLY IDENTIFIED. THE CONSTRUCTION SITE. A OUADIFED GUIDE SHALL ACCOMPANY ALL NEW CONSTR WORKERS DURING THEIR INITIATION AND ALL SITE VISITORS WI SD4. STABILITY OF THE STRUCTURE: TEMPORARY MEASURES ARE REQUIRED DURING CONSTRUCTION DESIGN ENGINEER TO TAKE ALL MEASURES NECESSARY TO MA STRUCTURAL INTEGRITY DURING ALL PHASES OF DECONSTRUCT DEMONARY SUPPORT REQUIRED SOL AND ROCK EXCAVATION CONCRETE FORMWORK TO FACILITATE CONCRETE PLACEMEN STRUCTURAL INTEGRITY DURING ALL PHASES OF DECONSTRUCT DESIGN ENGINEER TO TAKE ALL MEASURES NECESSARY TO MA STRUCTURAL SITELE, FRAMING STATLC OR OPERATING PLANT AND EQUIPMENT STORED MATERIALS STABILITY OF THE EXISTING STRUCTURE. SD5. TEMPORARY SUPPORT REQUIRED: SOL AND ROCK EXCAVATION CONCRETE FORMWORK TO FACILITATE CONCRETE PLACEMEN STABILITY OF THE EXISTING STRUCTURE. SD6. SPECIALIST CONTRACTOR: SOME ACTIVITIES REQUIRED TO BE CARRIED OUT DURING THE I ARE NOT CONSIDERED TO BE NORMAL BUILDING PRACTICE. TH ENGAGEMENT OF A SPECIALIST CONTRACTOR, IS EXPECTED TO FOR THE FOLLOWING ACTIVITIES, BUT NOT LIMITED TO LIFTING AND PLACEMENT OF HEAVY ELEMENTS USE OF HAZYROUS MATERIALS USE OF HAZYROUS MATERIALS WOYNK MASS CONCRETE BLOCKS ACCESS USING WORK PLATFORMS, STEPS, FAIL ARREST SYSTI L	SSIBLE, THE RIS PE REASONABL IRUCTURE. OF THIS PROJEC UNATION PLAN LATION' IT. HAT ALL PERSON IT. HAT ALL PERSON IT. HIL PERSON IS THE PRIATE SAFETY RE ENTERING THE RUCTION HILE ON THE SIT ON AND T IS THE RESECTION AND T IS THE RECTION AND T IS THE CONSTRUCTION IEREFORE O BE NECESSARY EMS AND
B RE-ISSUED FOR APPROVAL BWH 20/01/2023 A FOR APPROVAL BWH 04/07/2022 No. Amendment Description Initials Date A3 original This sheet may be prepared using colour and may be incomplete if copied Co-ordinate Sy	SCALES pitt&sherry Image: Tasmanian Government NOT TO SCALE DESIGNED Image: Tasmanian Government ystem: MGA ZONE 55 Height Datum: AHD	Department of State Growth TASMAN HIGHWAY (A0113) HOBART AIRPORT TO WESTERN CAUSEWAY ROADWORKS RPZD GENERAL NOTES SHEET 2 OF 2	CONTRACT No. DRAWING PRINTED DATE 3148 HB19197-S1252 20/01/2023 8:40:02 AM REGISTRATION NUMBER A0113.028	SHEET NO. 1252 REVISION



3148

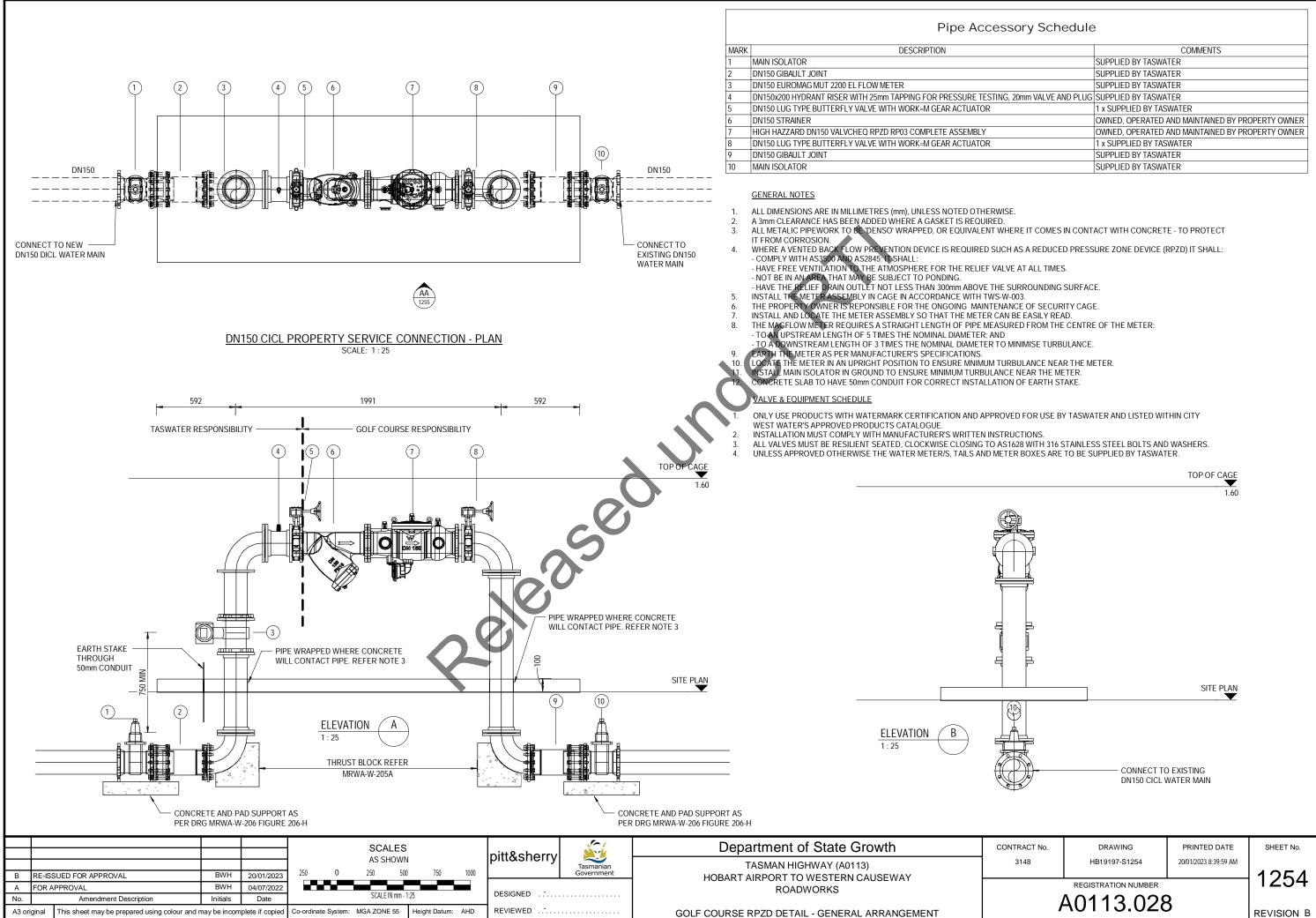
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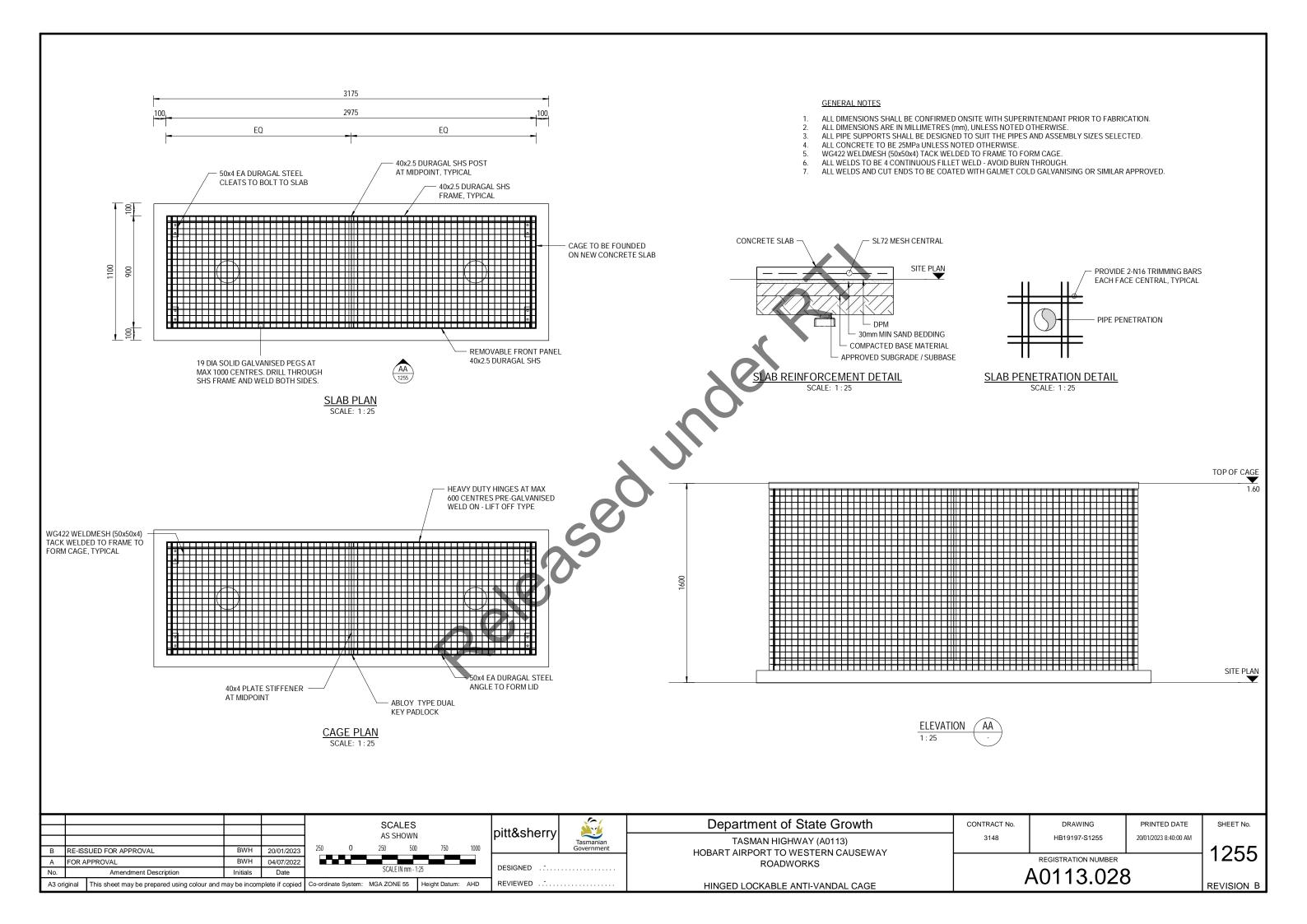
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REVISION B

REGISTRATION NUMBER A0113.028



ory Schedule	9
	COMMENTS
	SUPPLIED BY TASWATER
	SUPPLIED BY TASWATER
	SUPPLIED BY TASWATER
Omm VALVE AND PLUG	SUPPLIED BY TASWATER
	1 x SUPPLIED BY TASWATER
	OWNED, OPERATED AND MAINTAINED BY PROPERTY OWNER
	OWNED, OPERATED AND MAINTAINED BY PROPERTY OWNER
	1 x SUPPLIED BY TASWATER
	SUPPLIED BY TASWATER
	SUPPLIED BY TASWATER



CHAINAGE MARKER	FITTING	THRUST TYPE	MIN. THRUST AREA (m2)
WM-101	TIE-IN TO EXISTING WATERMAIN AND HORIZONTAL BEND 11.25°	INLINE	0.41
WM-102	VERTICAL JOINT DEFLECTION 1.98°	N/A	N/A
WM-103	VERTICAL JOINT DEFLECTION 0.99°	N/A	N/A
WM-104	DN100 BRANCH TEE AND STOP VALVE	PLAIN	0.21
WM-105	VERTICAL JOINT DEFLECTION 0.50°	N/A	N/A
WM-106	VERTICAL JOINT DEFLECTION 0.57°	N/A	N/A
WM-107	VERTICAL JOINT DEFLECTION 1.55°	N/A	N/A
WM-108	VERTICAL JOINT DEFLECTION 3.26°	N/A	N/A
WM-109	VERTICAL JOINT DEFLECTION 1.49°	N/A	N/A
WM-110	VERTICAL JOINT DEFLECTION 0.80°	N/A	N/A
WM-111	VERTICAL JOINT DEFLECTION 3.98°	N/A	N/A
WM-112	VERTICAL JOINT DEFLECTION 3.69°	N/A	N/A
WM-113	VERTICAL JOINT DEFLECTION 3.67°	N/A	N/A
WM-114	HORIZONTAL BEND 11.25° HORIZ. JOINT DEFLECTION 0.74°	PLAIN	0.41
WM-115	HORIZONTAL BEND 11.25°	PLAIN	0.41
WM-116	NEW PROPERTY CONNECTION AND DN25 LOW HAZARD WATER METER	PLAIN	0.18
WM-117	HORIZONTAL BEND 6.00° HORIZONTAL JOINT DEFLECTION 0.30°	PLAIN	0.21
WM-118	DN150 BRANCH TEE, HORIZONTAL BEND 11.250, STOP VALVE AND TIE-IN TO EXISTING WATERMAIN	INLINE	0.41
WM-201	TIE-IN TO EXISTING DN150 CICL SUB MAIN	PLAIN	0.36
WM-202	VERTICAL JOINT DEFLECTION 4.00°	N/A	N/A
WM-203	VERTICAL JOINT DEFLECTION 0.48°	N/A	N/A
WM-204	VERTICAL BEND 11.25°	PLAIN	0.18
WM-205	VERTICAL BEND 11.25°	PLAIN	0.18
WM-206	NEW TASWATER METER	PLAIN	0.36
WM-302	VERTICAL 11.25° BEND + JOINT DEFLECTION 3.25°	PLAIN	0.41
WM-303	VERTICAL 11.25° BEND + JOINT DEFLECTION 3.69°	PLAIN	0.41
WM-304	VERTICAL JOINT DEFLECTION 4.76°	N/A	N/A
WM-305	VERTICAL JOINT DEFLECTION 3.33°	N/A	N/A

SETO POINT WM-101 WM-102 WM-103 WM-104 WM-105 WM-106 WM-107 WM-108 WM-109 WM-110 WM-111 WM-112 WM-113 WM-114 WM-115 WM-116 WM-117 WM-118 WM-119 WM-201 WM-202 WM-203 WM-204 WM-205 WM-206 WM-302 WM-303 WM-304 WM-305 WM-306

WM-307

THRUST BLOCK DESIGN IS BASED ON THE FOLLOWING:

AHBP = 100 kPa DESIGN HEAD = 109m MIN TEST PRESSURE = 1365 kPa TEST PRESSURE SPECIFIED = 1500 kPa

NOTE:

1. CONCRETE THRUST RESTRAINTS SHALL COMPLY WITH TASWATER STANDARD DRAWINGS TW-W-300 AND MRWA-W205A

				SCALES	pitt&sherry		Department of State Growth	CONT								
С	RE-ISSUED FOR APPROVAL	C.M.	20/01/2023	N.T.S.			pittasherry	pittosnerry	pittasherry	pittasherry	pittastierry	pittosnerry	pittasherry	pittasherry	pittasherry	Tasmanlan
В	UPDATES TO WATER MAIN TABLE	C.M	06/10/2022			Government	HOBART AIRPORT TO WESTERN CAUSEWAY									
А	DETAILED DESIGN	D.C.	17/03/2021		DESIGNED						ROADWORKS					
No.	Amendment Description	Initials	Date													
A3 o	iginal This sheet may be prepared using colour and	may be incor	nplete if copied	Co-ordinate System: MGA ZONE 55 Height Datum: A.H.D.	REVIEWED		WATER MAIN SETOUT, FITTING AND THRUST TABLE									

OUT POINT	ſS
EASTING	NORTHING
540932.607	5258620.711
540947.405	5258630.961
540980.287	5258653.738
541023.031	5258683.350
541038.649	5258694.171
541050.979	5258702.713
541064.131	5258711.825
541108.520	5258742.576
541116.740	5258748.270
541149.621	5258771.049
541172.637	5258786.994
541186.612	5258796.675
541200.586	5258806.356
541247.831	5258839.085
541257.696	5258849.542
541263.755	5258853.852
541295.023	5258876.089
541316.180	5258894.950
541323.502	5258901.478
541380.710	5258935.505
541376.130	5258944.395
541370.277	5258956.192
541358.090	5258977.824
541356.126	5258981.309
541354.690	5258983.858
541018.068	5258688.286
541015.940	5258690.401
540991.831	5258714.375
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SHEET No.

ONTRACT No. 3148

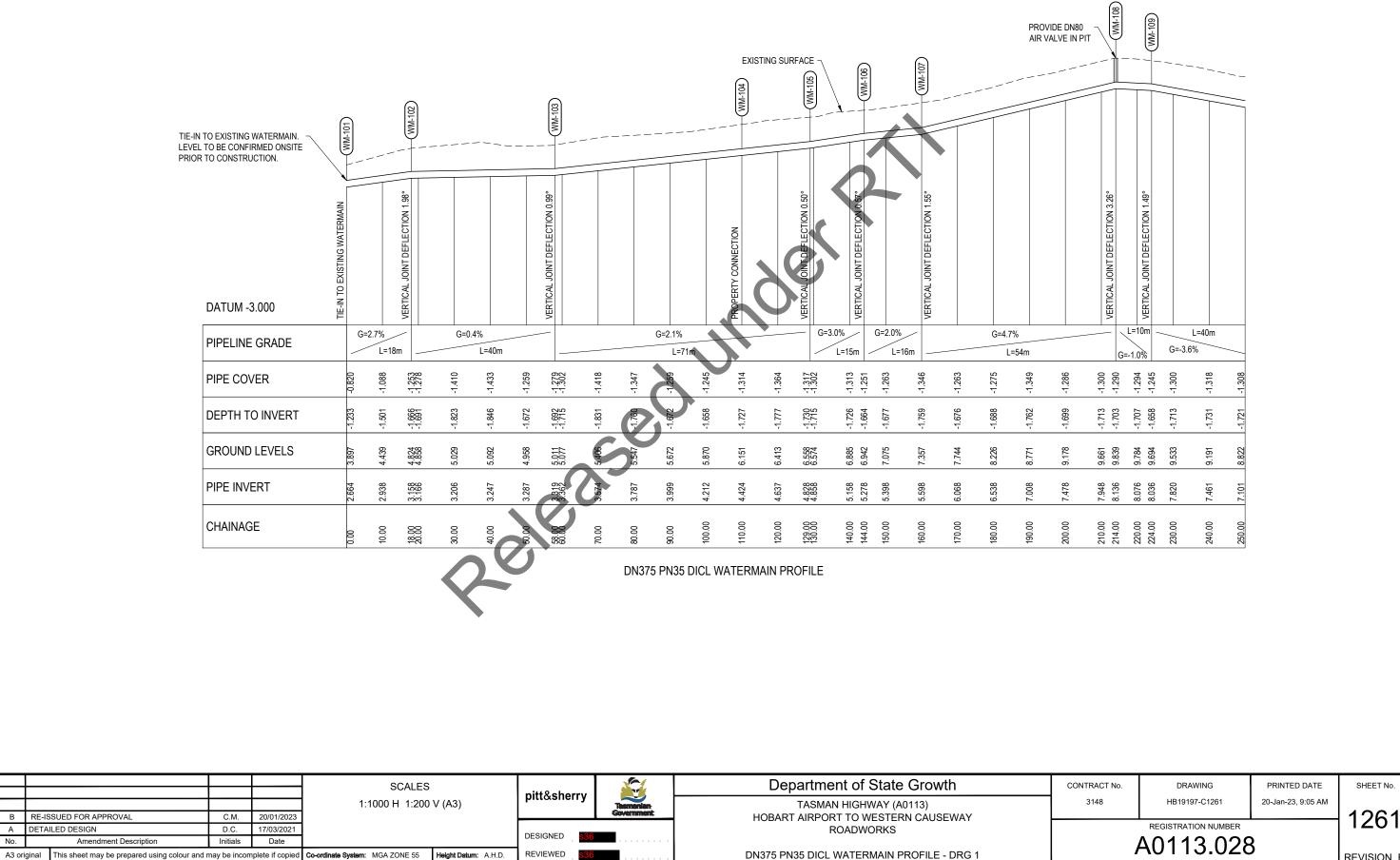
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PRINTED DATE 20-Jan-23, 11:37 AM

1259

REGISTRATION NUMBER A0113.028

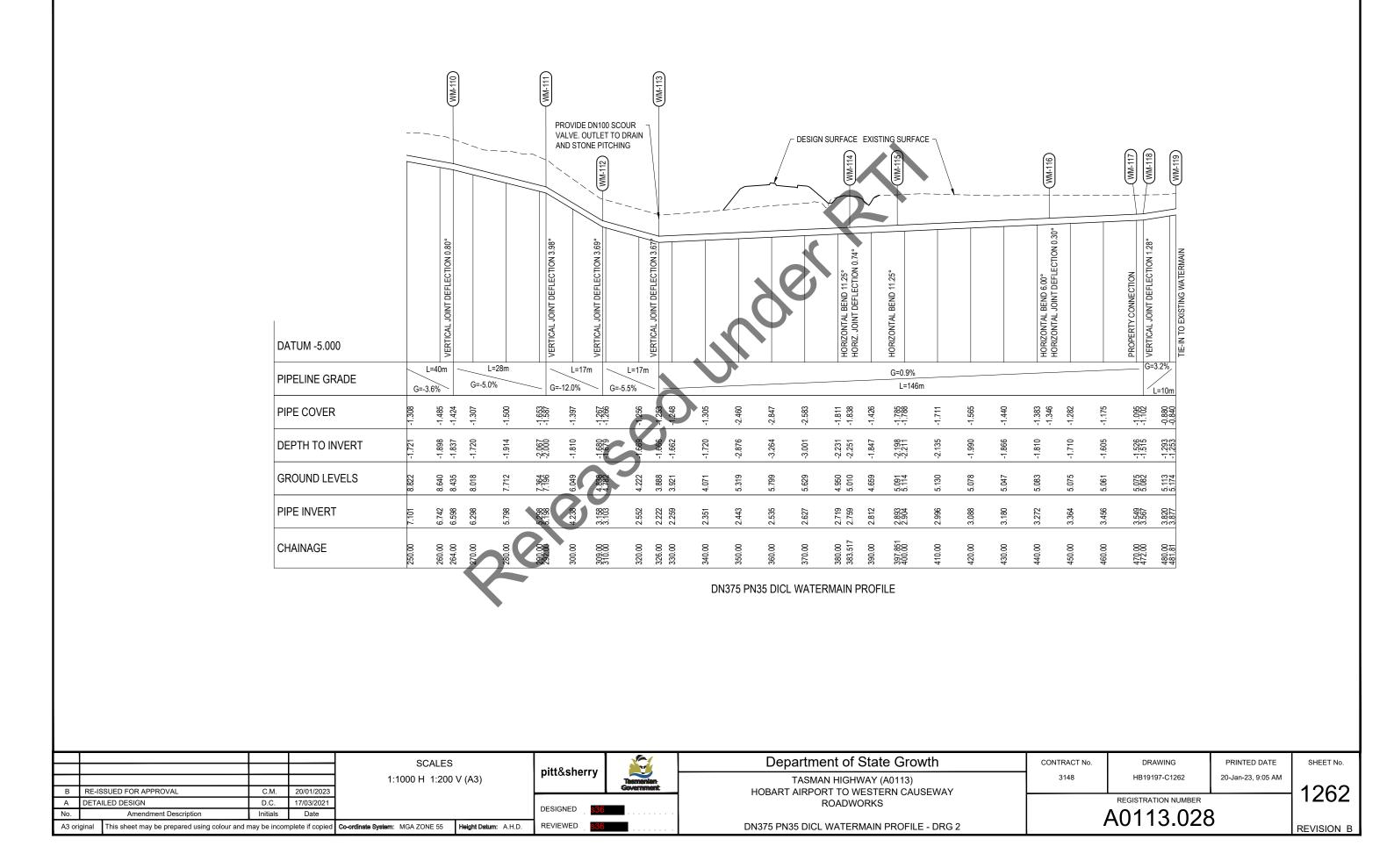
REVISION C

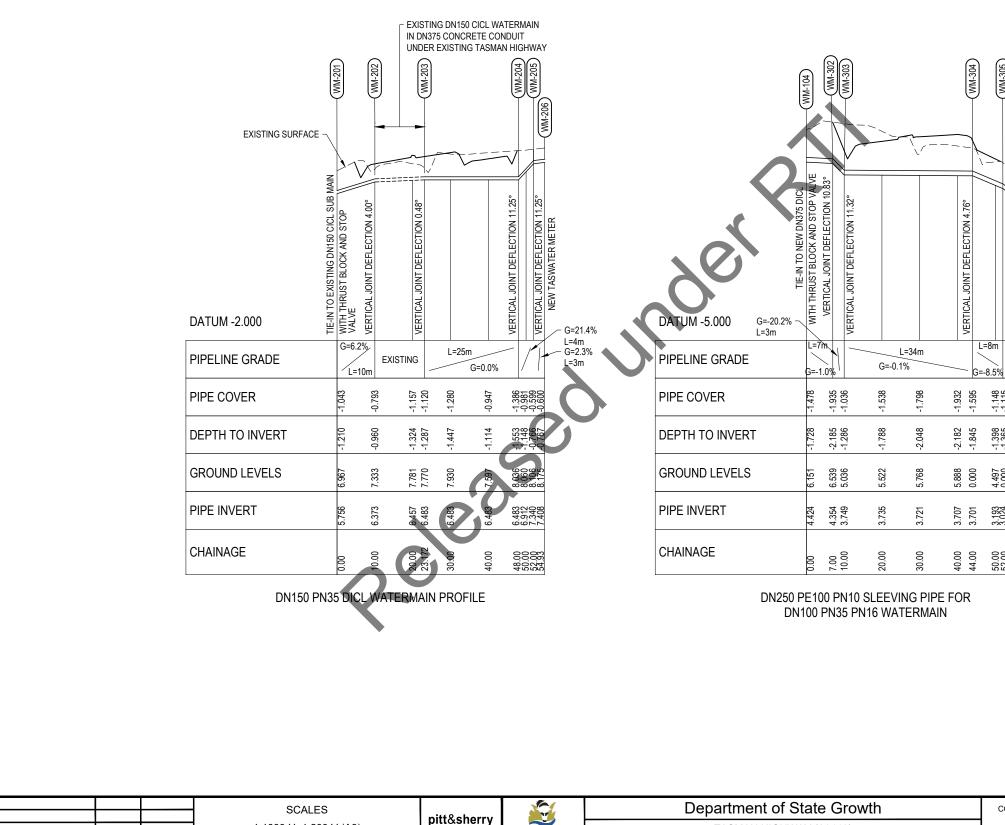


A DETAILED DESIGN

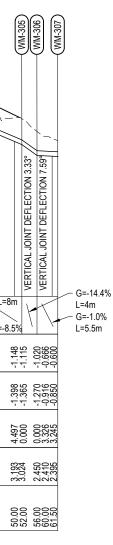
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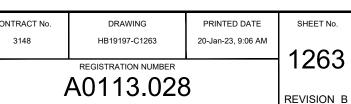
REVISION B





				SCALES	nitt 8 ch			Department of State Growth	CON			
				1:1000 H 1:200 V (A3)		pitt&sherry		TASMAN HIGHWAY (A0113)				
В	RE-ISSUED FOR APPROVAL	C.M.	20/01/2023				Government	HOBART AIRPORT TO WESTERN CAUSEWAY	<u> </u>			
А	DETAILED DESIGN	D.C.	17/03/2021]							ROADWORKS	1
No.	Amendment Description	Initials	Date			DESIGNED . <mark>\$36</mark>			1			
A3 or	ginal This sheet may be prepared using colour and	may be incon	nplete if copied	Co-ordinate System: MGA ZONE 55	Height Datum: A.H.D.			WATERMAIN PROFILES - DRG 3				





From:	s 36
То:	
Subject:	Re: Clearance under power line on Milford
Date:	Wednesday, 1 February 2023 8:50:15 AM
Attachments:	image001.png
	image002.png

Hi

The power line is shown at ch 760 on Drawing 2105 of the Milford Access set Regards

Sent from my iPhone

On 1 Feb 2023, at 08:23, wrote:	@stategrowth.tas.gov.au>
CAUTION: This email originated from outside of the organizatio unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.	n. Do not click links or open attachments
Hi <mark>s 36</mark>	et
Thank you. The for spending that through. The snippet	is not clear as to where those poles
are, are you/TN able to provide a clearer picture of whe	
Thanks,	
Programming and Delivery Department of State Grow	th
4 Salamanca Place, Hobart TAS 7000 GPO Box 536,]	Hobart TAS 7001
www.stategrowth.tas.gov.au	
Courage to make a difference through	
TEAMWORK INTEGRITY RESPECT EXCELLENC	CE
In recognition of the deep history and culture of this island, I acknow Aboriginal people; the past, and present custodians of the Land.	rledge and pay my respects to all Tasmanian
Please note I do not work Fridays.	
From: \$ 36 @pittsh.com.au>	
Sent: Tuesday, 31 January 2023 5:36 PM	
To: @stategrowth.tas.go	v.au>
Subject: Clearance under power line on Milford	
Hi	

Refer below Out of scope wherein a clearance of 5.5 m is recommended which is less than the 5.7 m that has been surveyed.

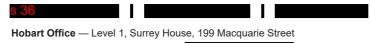
Regards



Driveway drawings attached. We have provided 225 mm diameter culverts along the driveway (450 mm at the entrance). The 225s need about 400 mm cover so we have had to lift the road by about 600 mm at the culvert locations. Is that what **§ 36** wants? If not then no culverts, road is at ground level and all water goes over the road and we could put a concrete spoon drain at the existing shallow drain crossings. You will have to markup the location of existing water troughs and proposed new ones. We haven't noted that the power line at ch 760 needs to be raised to 5.5 metres, but I'll get that done. Let me know if there is anything else you want added before you send to **§ 36**.

Regards

Principal Engineer



PO Box 94 Hobart Tasmania 7001 | S 36

pittsh.com.au

Out of scope		

From: To:	s 36 ;
Subject:	RE: Tasman Highway Upgrade - Airport Interchange to Midway Point Causeway - Methodology for Assessment of Impact and Offset areas
Date: Attachments:	Tuesday, 31 January 2023 2:26:00 PM S 36



Apologise, I thought I got this back to you last week. See comments from and myself in the document.

Thanks,

Programming and Delivery Department of State Growth <u>4 Salamanca Place, Hobart TAS 7000 GPO Box 536, Hobart TAS 7001</u>
Salamanca Flace, fibbalt TAS 7000 010 Box 550, fibbalt TAS 7001
www.stategrowth.tas.gov.au
www.stategrowan.tas.gov.au
Courses to make a difference through
Courage to make a difference through TEAMWORK INTEGRITY RESPECT EXCELLENCE
In recognition of the deep history and culture of this island, I acknowledge and pay my respects to all Tasmanian
Aboriginal people; the past, and present custodians of the Land.
Please note I do not work Fridays.
From: s 36 @pittsh.com.au>
Sent: Tuesday, 3 January 2023 10:23 AM
To: @stategrowth.tas.gov.au>;
@stategrowth.tas.gov.au>
Subject: Tasman Highway Upgrade - Airport Interchange to Midway Point Causeway -
Methodology for Assessment of Impact and Offset areas
Good morning and Happy New Year
Attached for your review is the proposed methodology for assessment of the impact and offset
areas that was discussed at our meeting with DCCEEW on 22 November last. Without pre-
empting any comments or amendments you may have I have forwarded this to DCCEEW to get it
in the queue. If you do have any changes, I will forward an update to DCCEEW prior to their
review.
Regards
s 36
Principal Engineer
s 36
Hobart Office — Level 1, Surrey House, 199 Macquarie Street
PO Box 94 Hobart Tasmania 7001 <mark>S 35</mark>

<u>pittsh.com.au</u>

Attachment 1



Tasman Highway Upgrade

Hobart Airport to Sore \mathcal{P}

EPBC 2020/8805

Offset Appraisal

22 December 2022

The purpose of this document is to seek DCCEEW endorsement of the methodology for assessing the impact area and offset area. It also provides a method for monitoring the condition of the offset area over time. Once endorsed the impact and offset areas can be scored a condition (Habitat Quality) score. The information included in this appraisal incorporated along with the data from assessment into the Orchid Management Plan.

<u>NB The Orchid Management Plan will describe ongoing management of the Orchid</u> <u>Management Area on Milford. That document is to be disfinguished from the Roadside</u> <u>Conservation Site Management Plan on State Growth land and the orchid management</u> prescriptions in the Construction Management Plan.

The assessment by DAWE, now DCCEEW, subsequently referred to as the Department, has determined ¹ there to be residual significant impacts to two critically endangered orchids (MNES) as summarized in Table 1. The area of known range has been taken from mapped area of critical habitat for each species from the Orchid Impact Assessment and Mitigation Plan (North Barker 02-02-2022).

Table 1: Impact to known range of orchide

Species	Direct Impact	Indirect Impact
Milford leek-orchid (Prasophyllum milfordense)	0.08 ha (0.40%)	0.04 ha (0.31%)
Sagg Spider-orchid (<i>Caladenia saggicola</i>)	0.08 ha (0.37 %)	0.05 ha (0.24%)

The Department has also determined that the without avoidance of impacts, the residual significant impacts will require offsetting.

Following review of an earlier draft of this docure and psequent meeting on 22 November 2022 between the consultants, DCEEW and Deather methodology has been adapted to provide greater rigor to scoring habitat quality for use within the offset calculator but also for future condition monitoring.

¹ (email from <mark>s36 to s36 to s36 (16/3/2022)</mark>

Offset Area

The Orchid Habitat Magreement Area incorporates 5.5 pof critical orchid habitat (the offset) immediately adjoining the impact area (0.13 ha). The Orchid Habitat Management Area (6.1 ha) is bounded by the new Milford property boundary with the Tasman Highway to the north, Pittwater Road to the west and an existing management track to the south and east. (Figure 2). It incorporates over 30 % of the critical orchid habitat capturing significant areas of orchid locations for both species (Figure 3).

The location for the Orchid Habitat Management Area has been selected as it incorporates areas of orchid habitat most likely pacted by secondary effects from the existing and potentially future road disturbance. It corresponds to Milford Forest Management Unit 4 in the Milford Fire Management Plan 2008.

The offset area will be secured within a covenant on title.

Released under Rt

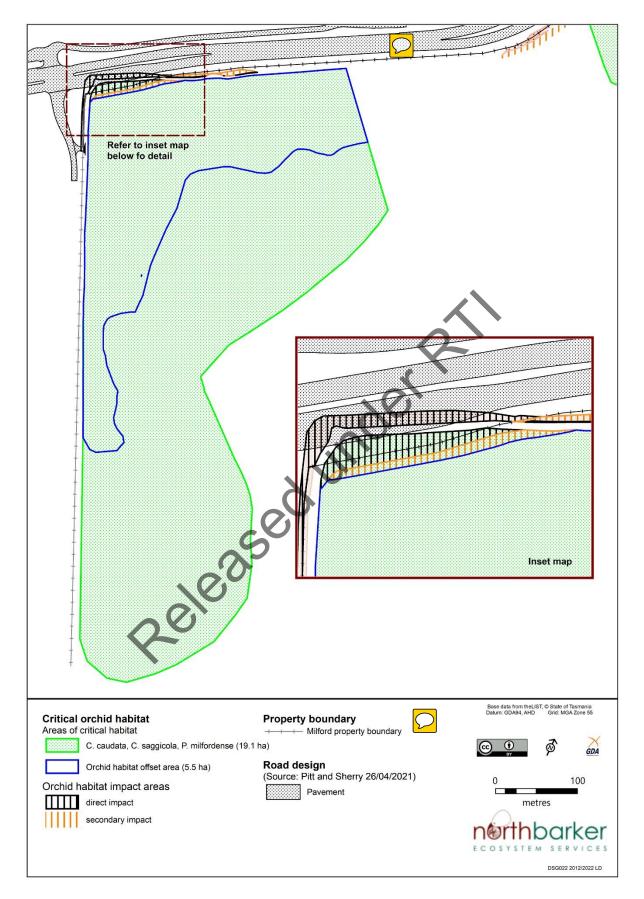


Figure1: Critical Orchid Impact and Offset Areas

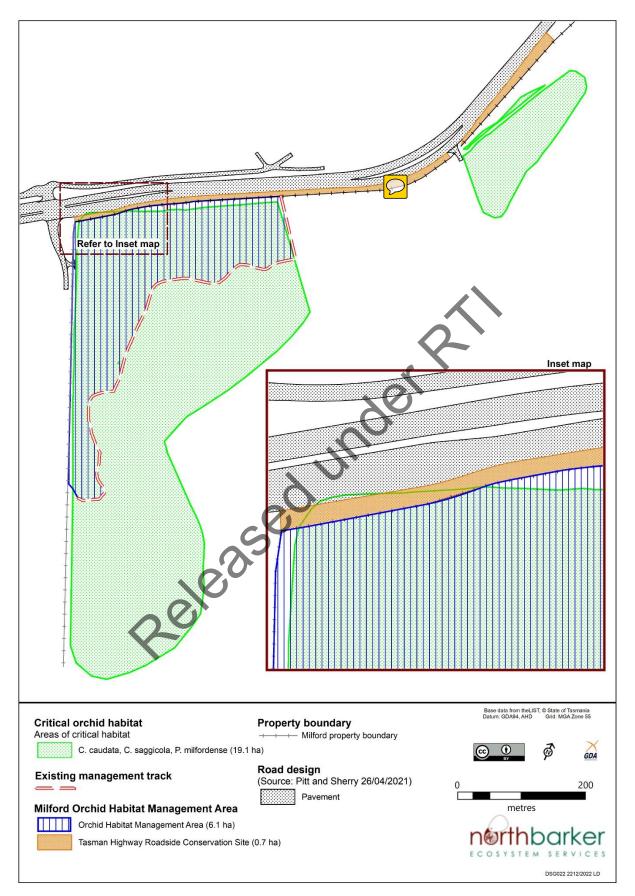


Figure 2: Orchid Management Area

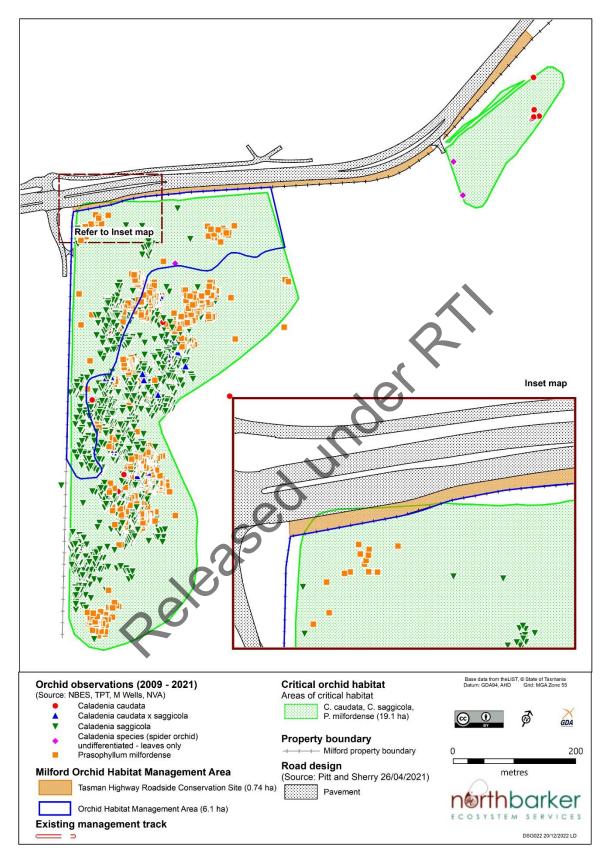


Figure 3: Orchid records and Orchid Management Area

Offset calculator

The Offset calculator takes into account the area of offset and management actions required to form the offset for the direct and indirect impacts.

The areas of impact and offset used in the calculations incorporates habitat for both species and so can be assessed concurrently. Both species are categorized as critically endangered which means the annual probability of extinction used by the calculator for both species is the same.

In the calculator we have taken a conservative approach and accumulated the areas of direct impact to 0.16 ha (0.08+0.08).

It is unclear how the direct and indirect offsets can be calculated on a single calculator. The offset calculator also doesn't appear to be able to take into account different offset area to impact area when considering indirect impacts that will not result in total loss but instead affect habitat quality.

A conservative approach has therefore been taken for indirect impacts by assuming to loss of habitat and quantifying the impact area as an accumulation of the two species. – 0.09 ha (0.05 +0.04). The area affected by indirect impacts is very likely to retain some habitat values for orchids.

For the purposes of the calculator total Impact Area = 0.25 ha

Habitat Quality

The Calculator relies on a Habitat Quality measure for the habitat to be scored between 1-10.

The Habitat Quality score is utilized to apply the Offset calculator. The Guidelines indicate quality to be made up of three components: site condition, site context and species stocking rates. "The weighting given to each component is dependent of the ecological requirements of the impacted species".

In this case we are considering habitat for three threatened orchid species. These are all terrestrial species.

<u>Site condition</u>. Variable habitat quality factors most applicable to the edaphic requirements of these species relate to the level of competition in the ground layer. Overdeveloped biomass can inhibit the vigor of orchids through competition for light and also within the rootzone. At Milford competition from introduced weeds, and native vegetation, notably bracken and understory shrubs, are the most significant variables affecting orchid habitat suitability. These deserve a heavy weighting. Other factors that can influence suitability for orchids are animal diggings from non-native species including rabbits and feral chickens. The digging can damage orchid tubers.

Other features that could potentially impact on site condition for orchids can include soil type, mycorrhizae presence, and access to pollinating insects. The impact area and offset area are part of the same site and adjoining one another within the same portion of the vegetation community that has already been identified as critical habitat for these solutions. Soil type is the same. It is assumed with a high level of confidence that the pollinator is present and can access all parts of the critical habitat. The mycorrhizae will exist where the orchids are growing being mutually dependent.

<u>Site context</u>. The proximity to habitat edge is relevant to have a void doubling up this should not include consequential impacts of weed infestation covered under site condition elsewhere, so it is given less weighting than site condition. Proximity to pavement edge is included recognizing that habitat <13m may be affected by infiltration (NBES 2022).

<u>Stocking rates.</u> There can be no better way of confirming habitat quality for orchids than to have plants present. The very best habitat for the orchids support plants at high stocking rates. To attain the highest score for habitat quality plants would need to be present in good numbers.

Habitat Component	Measure	Scores	Maximum Score
	Invasive shrubby weeds	<5% - 2 5-25% - 1 >25% - 0	2
Site Condition	Invasive ground cover herbs and grassy weeds	<5% - 3 5-25% - 2 25-50%- 1 >50% - 0	3
	Native competition: bracken and tall shrubs	< 50% - 1 >50% - 0	1
	Feral animal digging	<5% - 1 >5% - 0	1
Site context	Proximity to earthworks	>13m - 1 <13m - 0]
Stocking rates	Orchids in area	>1/10sqm - 2 <1 / 10sqm - 1 0 - 0	2
Total maximum		,00	10

The Habitat Quality Score will also be appled to monitor the condition of the offset area over time.

To create a reliable and repeatable habitat quality score there will be multiple sampling points. The impact area is small and can be scored as single site. The offset area will be subdivided into 32 of 50 m x 50 m grids (up to 0.25 ha if entirely within the offset area) (Figure 4).

Sampling will be taken at the centre of each grid using a 5 m x 5 m quadrat. 32 samples represents 1.45 % of the total area.

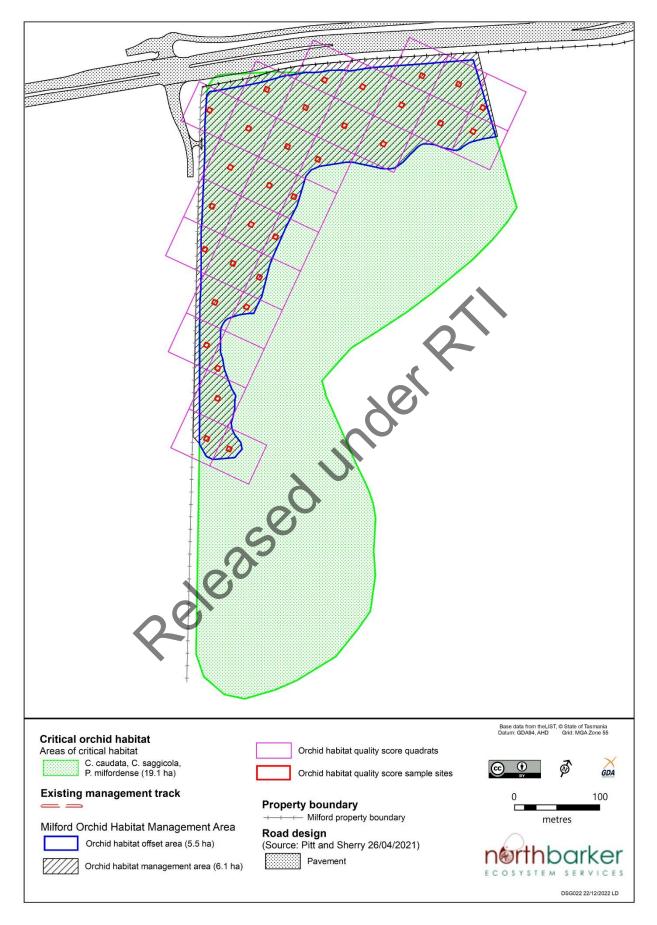


Figure 4: Orchid habitat quality sampling points

The following features require a score in the Offset Calculator:

Time over which loss is averted

The intention is for ongoing management subject to ongoing agreement with the landowner. 20 years is the maximum number allowed in the calculator.

Time until ecological benefit

The main management activity that affects habitat quality will be the removal and control of weed infestations. This has been put at three years for the completion of all primary weed management. Further ecological benefit will be achieved as follow up weed treatment is undertaken

Start Area (ha)

The Offset Area occupies 5.5 ha of critical orchid habitat.

Start Quality

The method for scoring this is discussed above under Habitat Q by. It will require further assessment of the impact and offset areas in line with the criteria provided in the Habitat Quality metric (Table 2).

Future Quality Score without offset

The habitat, even 50 m from the boundary edge, is being impacted by colonisation of weeds. The land owner has been successful at controlling woody weeds but is unlikely to have the resources to control the further spread of herbaceous weeds such as freesia and panic veldt grass which are more challenging but pernicious species that could degrade habitat suitability for orchids across the entire habitat area. The Habitat Quality in the offset management area is likely to worsen and so will be given a score of 0 under the criterion for *Invasive ground cover herbs and grassy weeds*.

Future Quality Score with offse

It is anticipated that the weed management will ensure the existing weed threat is reduced thus increasing the condition score above urrent rating The Habitat Quality in the offset management area is likely to improve and so will be given a score of 3 under the criterion for Invasive ground cover herbs and grassy weeds.

Risk of loss.

The Offset Guide states that risk of loss "describes the chance that the habitat on the proposed offset site will be completely lost (i.e. no longer hold any value for the protected matter of concern) over the foreseeable future." This will be given a score of 0 without offset. DCCEEW have advised that "risk of loss does not include loss that requires an assessment and offset under any legislation. As the offset area includes two critically endangered EPBC Act protected species any potential cause of loss would require assessment and offset under the EPBC Act."

Confidence in result

"This describes the level of certainty about the success of the proposed offset.". Managing weeds is a tangible task with an achievable outcome. To achieve the benefit does not require total elimination weeds just control to prevent weeds adversely impacting on the orchids now and into the future. A confidence level of 75% is cautionary and conservative. The Orchid Management Plan will include clear commitments that prescribe weed

9

management works to tackle the herbaceous weeds and monitor other sources of competition.

% of Impact Offset

This needs to exceed the minimum of 90% direct offset requirement.

Released under Rit

From:	
То:	s 36
Subject:	RE: Milford Access Track Passing Bay
Date:	Tuesday, 31 January 2023 4:50:00 PM

Hi**s 36**

Can you flick through TN's email advising that **536** current TN poles have sufficient clearance under the new access track and don't need modification? She would like a copy.

Thanks,

Programming and Delivery Department of State Growth
4 Salamanca Place, Hobart TAS 7000 GPO Box 536, Hobart TAS 7001
PH: 6166 3422 \$ 36
www.stategrowth.tas.gov.au
Courage to make a difference through TEAMWORK INTEGRITY RESPECT EXCELLENCE
In recognition of the deep history and culture of this island, I acknowledge and pay my respects to all Tasmanian
Aboriginal people; the past, and present custodians of the Land.
Please note Lide not work Eridays
Please note I do not work Fridays.
From: ^{S 36} @pittsh.com.au>
Sent: Tuesday, 20 December 2022 1:21 PM
@stategrowth.tas.gov.au>
Subject: Re: Milford Access Track Passing Bay
S
Hi
Can you confirm with S 36 that the offset is in Unit 4, or otherwise advise to continue on that
basis. Based on previous advice we are working on the assumption that the offset is on Unit 4.
Regards
s 36
Sent from my iPhone
On 10 Dec 2022, at 15-26
On 19 Dec 2022, at 15:36, @stategrowth.tas.gov.au>
wrote:
CAUTION: This email originated from outside of the organization. Do not click links or open
attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.
Thanks mate, I'll await <mark>s 36</mark> feedback on unit 4 as an offset.

Thanks,



Courage to make a difference through TEAMWORK | INTEGRITY | RESPECT | EXCELLENCE

In recognition of the deep history and culture of this island, I acknowledge and pay my respects to all Tasmanian Aboriginal people; the past, and present custodians of the Land.

Please note I do not work Fridays.



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From:		
То:		
Subject:	Milford - Compensatory planting	
Date:	Monday, 30 January 2023 10:36:34 AM	
Attachments:	image001.png Out of scope Out of scope Out of scope	
	Out of scope Milford NoAW and Outstanding Issues.msg	

Good morning

Refer attached emails regarding the compensatory planting. The initial request for the tree planting definitely came from **5** 36 , although there is no official request from her. It definitely did not come from the Department as a was opposed to it.



pittsh.com.au

From:	1
То:	;s 36
Subject:	Milford NoAW and Outstanding Issues
Attachments:	image001.png
	s 36, s 39

н<mark>ѕ 36</mark> &

Attached please find the revised completed NoAW letter with attachments (needs someone to sign it). Attachments 1 to 5 referred to in the letter are too big to email. The letter , attachments & issues are also in D22/65743. **5** 36 attachments are here J:\HOB\2019\151-200\HB19197\31P - Corresp To Client\Milford Acquisition\Milford NoAW Rev 03 Attachments 1 to 5.pdf

Regards

s 36
Principal Engineer
s 36
Hobart Office — Level 1, Surrey House, 199 Macquane Street PO Box 94 Hobart Tasmania 7001 Phone <mark>5 36</mark>
pittsh.com.au

Department of State Growth

STATE ROADS DIVISION

Salamanca Building Parliament Square 4 Salamanca Place, Hobart TAS GPO Box 536, Hobart TAS 7001 Australia Ph 0409938618 Emails 36 pittsh.com.au Web www.stategrowth.tas.gov.au Our Ref: D20/327933





Tasman Highway Upgrade – Airport to Western Causeway

Dear <mark>S 36</mark>

Notice of Accommodation Works – Milford – March 2022

1431 Tasman Highway, Cambridge

Further to previous discussions with respect to the above project, and following completion of the Planning Process and Tribunal Hearing, I am writing to inform you of the Department's final advice on the accommodation works on your property.

PID:

865497

Please be notified that the Department intends to act based on the information outlined in this document and include it as part of the construction contract documentation. Also note that in Attachment I for conciseness we have only supplied Drawings 1105 to 1114 and 1205 to 1214.

Below is a summary of the intended accommodation works in relation to your property.

Access

The current main Milford access at chainage 2340 (refer Drawing 1112 in Attachment 1) will be retained, however turning movements will be restricted to left turn in, left turn out only. The following works will be carried out.

- i. Regrading of the access inside your property line to approximately 8 metres from the existing gate and sealing of the access.
- ii. Replacement of gate and railing fence to details shown in Attachment 2.
- iii. Replacement of the cattle grid with a new 4.8 m wide grid to details shown on Attachment 3.
- iv. Reinstatement of access and gates to Taswater easement on both sides of the access.

- v. Provision of short layby on the highway shoulder on the eastern side of the access as shown on Drawing 1112 in Attachment 1.
- vi. Relocation of the existing highway access gate at ch 1833 to Pittwater Road approximately 80 metres from the new Pittwater Road junction. New 4.2 m gate to be provided, access to be sealed to the boundary. Refer Drawing 1108 in Attachment 1.
- vii. Reinstatement of the fire/service access track on the southern side of the highway boundary as shown on Drawings 1108, 1109, 1111 and 1112 in Attachment 1.
- viii. The Department considers that, notwithstanding the removal of right turn movements from the access at ch 2340, the works proposed under items vi and vii above provide sufficient and comparable access to current arrangements for firefighting and for emergency activities associated with Hobart Airport.
- ix. As the Department could not reach agreement with you on the scope and standard of the proposed new access off Pittwater Road this matter will now be assessed by the Valuer General and will be an item of compensation.

Compensatory Planting

x. An area of approximately 1.2 hectares on Milford has been fenced to your satisfaction and preliminary planting has been completed, with further planting and maintenance to be carried out in accordance with the details supplied by Wildseed Tasmania. Refer Attachment 4. We note that some aspects of this proposal may need to be modified depending on how various species respond. We remain committed to working with you and Wildseed to achieve a high quality outcome. The Department will maintain the planting until March 2032 which is the 10 year period stated in the Planning Permit. After this time sole responsibility for the trees will revert to you as owner.

The Department does not intend to create a covenant over the planted area and any compensation that may be applicable for loss of productive farmland will be assessed by the Valuer General

Fencing

xi. Rabbit proof fence to be provided on the new boundary over a length of approximately 990 metres to the details shown in Attachment 2. In line with your request, we have amended the droppers from treated pine to hardwood. We have also added some points of clarification to the sketches in Attachment 2.

Service relocation

Approximately 80 metres of the Taswater 375 mm watermain east of Pittwater Road will be relocated to the new road reserve. The connection to the Pines will also be relocated closer to Pittwater Road. This work will be carried out by the Department's selected road contractor who will advise you of any interruptions to supply. Other existing connections to the main will be unaffected.

Several power poles on the highway need to be relocated and upgraded. As a result your power supply line will be renewed from the highway to the first pole inside your property (a distance of approximately 26 metres). This is shown on Drawing 1210 and also in Attachment 5. This work will be carried out by Tasnetworks and they will contact you about interruptions to supply. A further requirement of Tasnetworks is that a 12 metre wide easement must declared beneath this new line to replace the existing "implied" easement that has been in place

since the line was installed. Your approval is required for this easement and the relevant documentation is included in Attachment 5.

Watermain Easement

Some changes to the declared Taswater Easement on Milford are necessary because of the new highway boundary. These changes are shown on Drawings 1108 to 1112 and ensure that Taswater are able to use the realigned sections of the fire/service access track and formalise the location of the easement on the southern side of the existing track.

Drainage

New drainage for the highway is shown on Drawings 1205 to 1214 in attachment 1. We note your concerns about drainage and runoff on Pittwater Road in areas that are outside the Department's jurisdiction. We have referred this matter to the Clarence City Council.

. I also advise that the Valuer General in assessing compensation may take into account any considered betterment as a result to the works on Milford.

If you require any clarification, then please feel free to contact me. Yours sincerely

Milford Issues

Issue	Comment
Planning Permit Advice	
(f)	
Council encourages consultation between the owner of Milford and the Department of State Growth in relation to the design of alternative access from Pittwater Road and invites a suitable permit application to implement such a design	Department's view is that consultation has occurred and agreement on scope and extent, particularly with respect to landscaping, could
	not be reached.
Planning Permit Advice (f)	
Council encourages consultation between the owner of Milford and the Department of State Growth in relation to the provision of fire protection compliant access for Tasmanian Fire service (TFS) into the Milford Forest	The Department is realigning 2 sections 120 metres long and 190 metres long of an existing much longer track. There is no requirement under the
	Planning Scheme to provide a compliant fire access trail. If there was this would have been enforced by the Tribunal. Further widening of the access
Ino	track to provide passing bays would impact on known orchid distributions. The realignment
ed	of the existing track together with the proposed adjacent access track on the southern
deaseo	side of the highway reserve (for Taswater access to sections of their watermain that are in the highway reserve) provide a "deemed to comply" solution
General standard of the compensatory planting area and funding over 10 years	Meeting required with \$ 36 to resolve any differences in
	approach. <mark>s 36</mark> has quoted us <mark>s 39</mark>
Stormwater	
Stormwater Robyn is concerned about highway runoff into the orchids. We are required to minimize flow into the orchid habitat.	We have prepared comprehensive stormwater management plans demonstrating minimal impact on the orchid area. A very high standard silt trap fence will need to be erected along the Milford highway boundary and

	regularly inspected to ensure no dirty water or sediment gets onto Milford during construction.
Stormwater runoff from Pittwater Road	There is also a runoff problem from Pittwater Road (refer photo below) as this runoff discharges directly into orchid habitat. This is not our
	responsibility, but I will take it up with Council. They need to reduce the width of these
	shoulders/parking areas and restore with native vegetation.
Approval of Orchid Management Plan and access to Milford into the future to implement it.	a 36 advised in her submission to the Tribunal <i>"I have not yet been provided</i> <i>with a copy of this proposed</i>
20°	Orchid Habitat Management Plan, let alone agreed to it". I am seeking clarification from 336 on what has been provided to 336 and recommend that we get a conv
Input to the Plan by \$ 36	recommend that we get a copy to <mark>s 36</mark> asap. s 39
10:00	
Water meter on Drawing 1208 – S36 marked drawing 1108 "watermeter to be relocated to other end of easement"	I understand that this is the water supply from the main to the Pines Landscaping. This needs clarification with ^{S 39}
Interface between Milford access track and the realigned highway access at ch 2340	Clarify details with <mark>S 36</mark>



Pittwater Road stormwater issues



From: To: Subject: Date: Attachments:	ter venan had Dringo
Date: Attachments:	Inc. "Instanting of analysis of the second o
	material state in material sta
н	resonant read Datable Understands ad
	i this through earlier/draft for comment). You shouldn't be working so late. Its ok for me because I work or don't work when I want to.
s 36	
Principal Engines	
Hobart Office — L PO Box 94 Hobart pittsh.com.au	ovel 1, Sumy House, 199 Macquele Street Talenaria 7001 Proceed
prost contraine	
From: Sent: Monday,	@stategrowth.tas.gov.au> 14 November 2022 5:48 PM
To: <mark>S 36</mark> Subject: RE: Pit	@pitch.com.au> twater Road Drainage
	nall originated from outside of the organization. Do not click links or open attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.
H <mark>s 36</mark> Wa'ue spoke a	lot on the phone recently. Can you send through your plans for the hard stands please?
Thanks,	ок и периметексениу, кап уоб зели ипоодн уоб разв ки петани заема рескет
Programming a	nd JeBrwey USpartment of State Growth nee, HeAnt TAS 7000 [GPO Bex 55A, Hobaut TAS 7001
4 Salamanca Pl	ace, Hobart TAS 7000 (GPO Box 536, Hobart TAS 7001 BOG Mindsgoval
Courage to make	a diference shrough INTEGNITY RESPECT EXCELLENCE
In recognition of th	e deep hanses and calture of this island, I acknowledge and pay my respects to all Transmiss Reoriginal people; the part and present castisdant of the Land. not work Fredges.
To:	Bolthbron up> 3 Hovember 2022 10:13 AM Existencembrit as sov. up>
Subject: Re: Pit	twater Road Drainage
Sent from my iPh	one
On 3 Nov	2022, at 10.07 Estatement is nov ap- wrote:
CAUTION	This email originated from outside of the organization. Do not click links or open attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.
	nce i'm done with this meeting.
Thanks,	
4 Salam	mag and 2010 very (Experiment of State Growth mer Place, Hobert TAS 7000) (GP Dex 556, Hobert TAS 7001 800
Courage	
	on make a filterores shrough ORK [INTGENITY [RESPECT] EXCELLENCE of the drep hipsing and callure if this stand. [Inclonwide] and pay respects to all Teamonian Absorginal people; the past, and present catadians of the Land.
	al là not work fridge.
From Sent: Th	80 Bolthhom au urdsy, 3 November 2022 942 AM Betteterowth Las soy are
	Re. Pitwater Road Dramage
	labout this one. I've also had a discussion with general from CCC. No point both of us working on it.
Sent from	my Phone
0	13 Nov 2022, at 09:17
c	AUTION: This email originated from outside of the organization. Do not click inits or open attachments unless you recognize the sender and the after control is safe.
	1, I'm meeting a stormwater officer out there on Monday next week. He works under the and thought my be we can get i publi from another angle.
	n minical ge a summer one of the on monor net week network whether the mean part and neuron monor ange.
	ogamming tot JARVery Likylatment of State Growth Salamace They, Doort TAS 7000 (GPG Bac 556, Idourt TAS 7001
2	
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	recognition of the deep hanay and cultur of the kind, I advandedgeneed por my mappatients at Tamanan Aborgend people; the past, and present custadours of the Land. asses notes I do not work Fridays.
Οι	It of scope

Pittwater Road Drainage Improvements

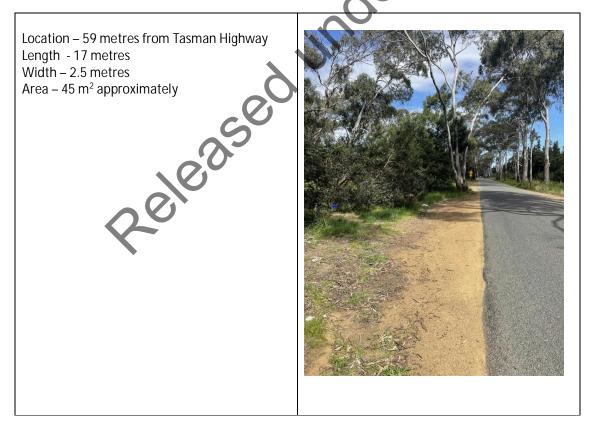
Background

On the eastern side of Pittwater Road immediately south of the junction with the Tasman Highway are five informal pull off areas. The five areas are surfaced with brown gravel and are subject to ponding water which becomes contaminated with fines from the brown gravel following rains. If the ponding water overflows the pull off areas it represents a potential threat to nearby orchid habitat on the Milford property. This drainage issue has been recognised as a facilitated impact by the Department of Climate Change, Energy, the Environment and Water (DCCEEW) in its assessment under the EPBC Act of the proposed adjacent Tasman Highway upgrade. Under the Act, facilitated impacts must be either mitigated, or addressed through a suitable offset. It is recommended that mitigation treatment be carried out by way of preventing use of the pull off areas and revegetating them.

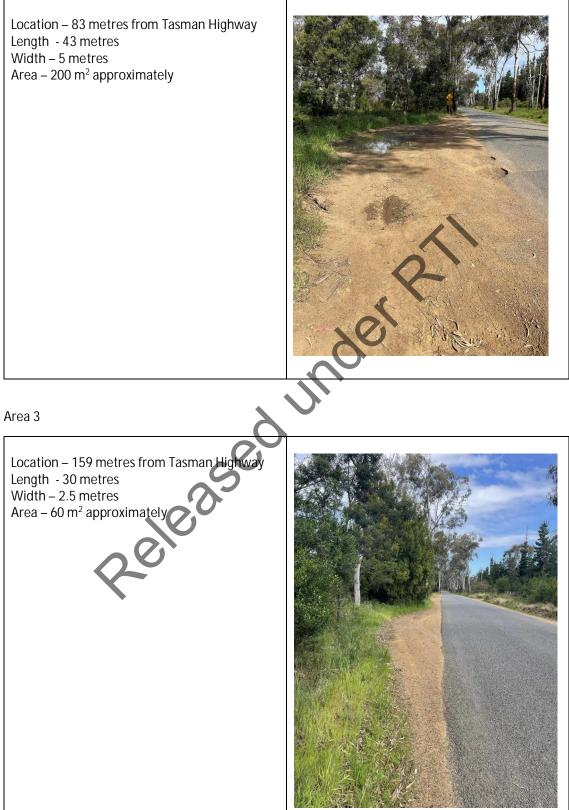
Description and Location of Pull Off Areas

The five areas are located along a 450 metre section of Pittwater Road on the eastern side immediately south of the junction with the Tasman Highway. The areas are listed below.

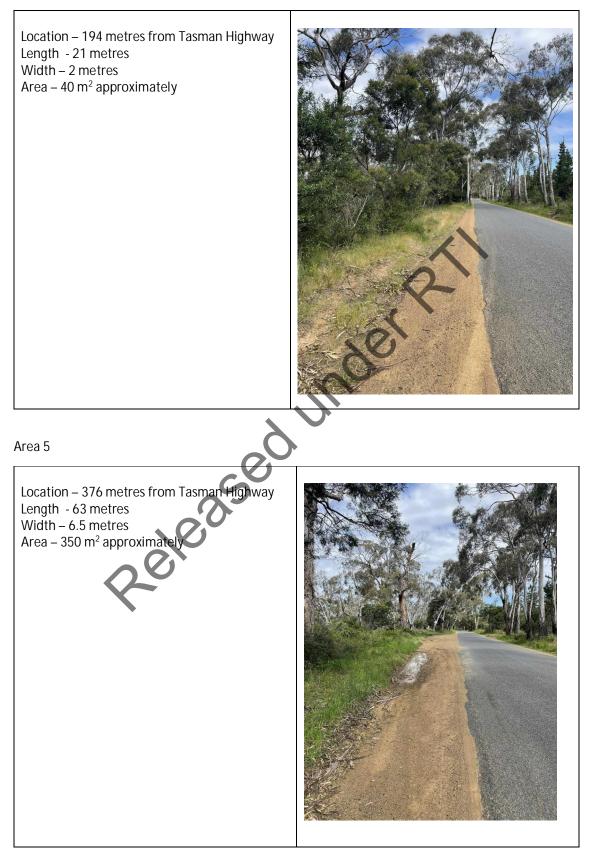
Area 1











Proposed Treatment

It is recommended that parking be prohibited in each area by placement of 100 mm x 100 mm treated pine bollards at 2 metre spacing 0.5 metres from the edge of the sealed pavement. This matchers the existing shoulder width along most of Pittwater Road. The recommended length of the bollards is 1.5 metres with 0.5 metres in the ground.

The brown gravel behind the bollards is to be scarified to approximately 150 mm depth and the existing depressions filled in with scarified material. Following scarifying and filling, each area is to be seeded with ryecorn and a mixture of native grasses.

At area 5, where there is an existing access, it is recommended that the bollards be turned in at a 15 m radius to match the access.

The estimated cost of the proposed work is s 38

Released under R

From:	
То:	s 36
Cc:	
Subject:	RE: Offset
Date:	Monday, 14 November 2022 9:36:00 PM
Attachments:	image001.png

Hi <mark>s 36</mark>

As discussed on the phone today agrees that a offset strategy document may not be required as the impacts are well understood and there will be a singular offset although the strategy will need to be clearly spelt out in the other documentation. We will need a offset proposal and OMP DCCEEW - Proposing an environmental offset

Thanks,

Programming and Delivery | Department of State Growth 4 Salamanca Place, Hobart TAS 7000 | GPO Box 536, Hobart TAS 700

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In recognition of the deep history and culture of this island, I acknowledge and pay my respects to all Tasmanian Aboriginal people; the past, and present custodians of the Land,

Please note I do not work Fridays.

@pittsh.com.au> From:

Sent: Monday, 7 November 2022 5:04 PM

@stategrowth.tas.gov.au>

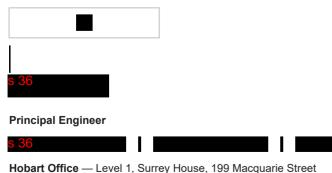
Subject: Offset

Hi

To:

I don't find an offset strategy mentioned in this document. If there is another reference to it please let me know.

Regards



PO Box 94 Hobart Tasmania 7001 | Phone

From: To: Subject: Date: Attachments:	RE: RE: Tasman Highway Airport to Midway Point Causeway - Change Order Design Completion Thursday, 12 January 2023 4:03:00 PM Image000.ang
Thanks <mark>s 36</mark>	

Thanks,

Programming and Delivery | Department of State Growth 4 Salamanca Place, Hobart TAS 7000 | GPO Box 536, Hobart TAS 7001 s 36

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From: 6 36 @pittsh.com.au> Sent: Tuesday, 20 December 2022 7:51 PM @stategrowth.tas.gov.au> To:

Subject: RE: RE: Tasman Highway Airport to Midway Point Causeway - Change Order Design Completion

To answer the question, I wouldn't be concerned about a potential overrun on the landscaping (depending on what scope you agree with 8 36). It a pretty small item in the overall project budget, there will be ups and downs across all the items in the estimate, and we still carry a healthy contingency.

16	Base Estimate (Total Construction Cost + Client Costs)			s 3
17	Contingency - inherent risks			1
18	Contingency - contingent risks			1
19	Total Contingency			Į
20	Total Contingency as percentage of Base Estimate			I
21	Project Estimate		. 0.	
	Cashflow: Start Construction April 2022, Finish Construction May 2023		XV	
22	Escalation (applied to Project Estimate)			
22a	% escalation (compared to base estimate + contingency)			1
23	Total Outturn Cost			



Subject: RE: RE: Tasman Highway Airport to Midway Point Causeway - Change Order Design Completion

Hi

Latest estimate attached. We now have 333 for the landscaping based on the plants shown on the state attached. There is no mulch included in this as its not indicated on the drawings, but includes tree guards, water crystals and 2 year maintenance . Plant sizes are 150 mm plants in pots and tubestock. If the scope is limited to this, which is standard Department practice I'm pretty confident in the costs. The total cost of the access is 38 included in the estimate provided in October.

Regards

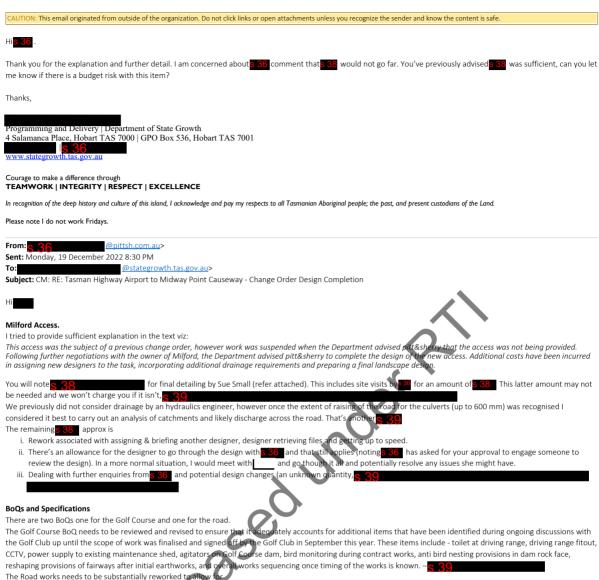


Principal Enginee

Hobart Office — Level 1, Surrey House, 199 Macquarie Street PO Box 94 Hobart Tasmania 7001 | Phone pittsh.com.au

From: @stategrowth.tas.gov.au> Sent: Tuesday, 20 December 2022 4:50 PM To:C 26 @pittsh.com.au>

Subject: RE: RE: Tasman Highway Airport to Midway Point Causeway - Change Order Design Completion



Removal of works from ch 400 to 1200 which are now being completed under the Airport Interchange Contract, reassessment quantities for services due to conversion to underground power between ch 1200 and 1700, inclusion of the Milford access (drainage, earthworks, pavement, landscape items, other sundry items), addition of Pittwater Road drainage/shoulder removal items inclusion of any requirements arising out of the EPBC approval/Roadside conservation zone (when known).

The Golf Course specification needs to be updated to reflect all the additional items listed for the BoQ. Additionally we need to include requirements for procurement for water if required during grassing of the reconstructed works, inclusion of plumbing permit and conditions, review of specification with the Golf Club (best done in face to face meeting, noting the club has a requirement for establishment of an advisory committee to review specification, proposed sequencing of works and quality/progress during construction), and any items that might arise from the legal agreement with the Golf Club. The works sequencing will require further input from the Golf Club when we know the start date as all discussions to date have been hypothetical.

Similarly, the roadworks specification needs to be updated to reflect all the additional items listed for the BoQ. Additionally we need to include the EPBC approval conditions (including Offset Management Plan, Orchid Management Plan and clarification of responsibilities for satisfying those conditions between Contractor and Principal). In line with recent discussions there is likely to be a need for more stringent weed control and more rigorous follow up and response to growth of weeds than is contained in the standard specification. The current standard of weed management by Contractors during the defects liability/maintenance period simply won't cut it in this case. There are also likely to be additional requirements arising from the lease agreement with HIAPL and the Tripartite Deed.

I trust the above provides sufficient clarification, however if you have any further questions it's probably best to discuss.

Regards

S 36 Principal Engineer S 36 Hobart Office — Level 1, Surrey House, 199 Macquarie Street

PO Box 94 Hobart Tasmania 7001 | Phone 3 36 pittsh.com.au

 From:
 @stategrowth.tas.gov.au>

 Sent: Monday, 19 December 2022 5:04 PM
 To:

 36
 @pittsh.com.au>

Subject: RE: Tasman Highway Airport to Midway Point Causeway - Change Order Design Completion



Attachment 1





Attachment 2

susan small landscape architects





30.9.22

Hi<mark>s 36</mark>

Fee Proposal for Documentation of replacement driveway

Milford, 1431 Tasman Highway Cambridge

Thankyou for your request to provide landscape documentation suitable for tendering associated with the replacement driveway at Milford. I did provide a fee for documentation of the above works previously however I have now adjusted the sum to allow for the extent of works as designed, and discussions with Pitt & Sherry, and owner **36** during this period. I've also included time for tender discussions and occasional site visits during construction.

I would like confirmation of what will be included in the tender for the works. At this stage I am presuming it is:

•all the elements of driveway construction including formation of the 4M wide driveway, passing bays, culverts, road side drainage and finished gravel surfacing. •the nominated gates, relocation of existing fences, and new fences as indicated on SSLA's plans?

planting of the works and plant protection as indicated or is the budget still 15K which will be very minimal compared to what's on the plans at present?
Will there be a defects and plant establishment period ?

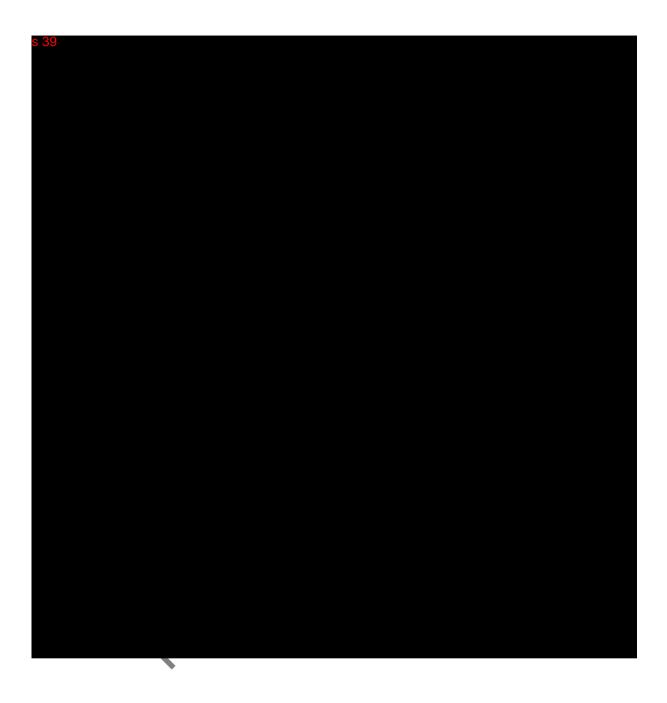
As discussed we can begin our part of the works when we receive a preliminary draft of the geometry of the driveway (and contours?) and would need at least four to six weeks to prepare the documents for tendering.

Regards,



Encl:

SSLA Fee Submission – Milford access, Cambridge



From:	
То:	s 36
Cc:	
Subject:	RE: Offset Habitat Strategy
Date:	Wednesday, 21 December 2022 8:40:00 AM

Hi <mark>s 36</mark>

Thank you for the explanation. As previously discussed, please send the methodology for assessment to myself/ before sending it to Canberra. ³³⁶ has previously said no issues with getting access to Milford, we just need to give her some notice.

Thanks,

Programming and Delivery | Department of State Growth 4 Salamanca Place, Hobart TAS 7000 | GPO Box 536, Hobart TAS 7001 www.stategrowth.tas.gov.au Courage to make a difference through TEAMWORK | INTEGRITY | RESPECT | EXCELLENCE In recognition of the deep history and culture of this island, I acknowledge and pay my respects to all Tasmanian Aboriginal people; the past, and present custodians of the Land. Please note I do not work Fridays. From: @pittsh.com Sent: Tuesday, 20 December 2022 6:08 owth.tas.gov.au> To: Subject: RE: Offset Habitat Strate Hi is working on his revised methodology for Assessment of Unit 4. We'll send this to DCCEEW for review. That will be in the New Year. When we get a response from DCCEEW we'll do the field assessment of Unit 4 and put the numbers into the offset calculator. After that we will finalise the offset strategy – it requires the following

- a) a description of the offset site(s) including location, size, condition and environmental values
- b) details of the surveys undertaken in accordance with the survey guidelines used to confirm the presence of the protected matter at the offset site
- c) details of the quality of the offset site and habitat characteristics for the protected matter
- d) details of on-going threats to the protected matter at the offset site
- e) comparison of the environmental values as compared to the impact site
- f) Justification

I am thinking at least end of February depending on timely response from DCCEEW and agreement from **§ 36** on when we can go onto Milford, although I assume that this won't be a problem.

Regards



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From: To: Subject:	Notes of meeting with DCCEEW Assessment team 22/11/2022
Date:	Tuesday, 20 December 2022 7:53:38 PM
Attachments:	image001.png

Hi

Here are the notes from the meeting.

PRESENT



BACKGROUND

Pitt and Sherry/North Barker determined an initial offset area and outline methodology using DCCEEW's offset calculator and sought confirmation of the inputs (refer first attachment). Following advice from DCCEEW, further clarification was requested on the suitability of declaring a smaller Road Side Conservation Site and a larger combined mitigation and offset area. Clarification was also requested on the initial response from DCCEEW which advised "Your final offset documentation set will need to include more detail informing the quality score, which should be a quantitative measure. Please justify how the score was calculated, and include details of what habitat characteristics would define a score higher and lower than the selected score. Your justification may include reference to habitat survey results." (refer second attachment)

MATTERS DISCUSSED

s 36 explained that the initial assessments resulted in 2.8 Ha (approx.) of mitigation and 1.5 Ha (approx.) of offset. The mitigation area extended approximately 50 metres into the Milford property. At the request of the landowner mitigation and offset were now being contemplated on Unit 4 of the Milford farm management zones. This encompasses the easternmost area of orchid habitat. (refer 3rd attachment). The total area of the mitigation/offset area is 6Ha approx. which is the whole of Unit 4. It is proposed that the Road Side Conservation Site extend only to the Milford property boundary. This will better delineate Contractor responsibilities during construction/defects liability and ongoing management activities on the Milford property

DCCEEW advised that the impact area, mitigation area and offset area all need to be clearly delineated. A single management plan can be prepared however it will need to have area specific management measures. The offset should be the area where we can get the most gain. The documentation to date has focussed on weed management, however DCCEEW asked what are the reasons the orchids have survived on this site eg soil, hydrology?. What are the other threats eg animals digging.

s 36 noted the presence of dumped roosters near Pittwater Road and rabbits and also advised that the orchids exploit wet conditions.

s 36 DCCEEW asked, in relation to site conditions, what else do the orchids need eg soil type, pollinators, mychorrhriza, others? (**s 36** noted that soil type is very consistent

across the site). **§ 36** also asked whether there are differences in mychorriza across the site. **§ 36** advised that she did not see a particular need for soil sampling on the site. Documentation should reflect any differences in the mitigation area and the offset area. **§ 36** also recommended that we thoroughly review the DCCEEW website content including manuals, policies and guidelines to ensure our documentation is sufficient. **§ 36** recommended that we break down the proposed offset area (blue on attachment 3) into smaller areas (cells) and individually rate these cells then aggregate those ratings into an overall score for the area. **§ 36** also suggested that a presence/absence measure be included eg nominate the percentage of cells that contained orchids.

s 36 stated that an offset strategy is highly recommended in addition to the proposal and offset management plan. There is no preference as to whether some of these documents are combined, as long as all of the required information is included.

Regards



From:	
To:	s 36
Subject:	RE: Milford Offset Location
Date:	Tuesday, 20 December 2022 4:44:00 PM
Attachments:	Out of scope

Hi <mark>s 36</mark>

I made that clear in my response.



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FYI

Thanks,

From:	
To:	s 36 7
Cc:	
Subject:	RE: Weed Control - Tasman Highway - Airport to Midway Point Causeway
Date:	Monday, 19 December 2022 1:21:00 PM
Attachments:	image001.emz
	image005.png
	image003.png

Thanks mate

Thanks,



то: <mark>S 36</mark>	@pittsh.com.au>;	@stategrowth.tas.gov.au>
Cc:	@stategrowth.tas.gov.au>	

Subject: RE: Weed Control - Tasman Highway - Airport to Midway Point Causeway

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Hi all.

Are all parties happy with this being included in the construction contract? **S** 36 will you be amending spec 176?

Thanks,

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and present custodians of the Land.

From: <u>5 36 @pittsh.com.au</u> > Sent: Wednesday, 14 December 2022 3:14 PM
To: @stategrowth.tas.gov.au>
Cc: @stategrowth.tas.gov.au>; @stategrowth.tas.gov.au>
Subject: RE: Weed Control - Tasman Highway - Airport to Midway Point Causeway
Hi <mark>s 36</mark>
Thanks for this. I think we need to make it clear that, in this case, Section 176 applies to all weeds not just declared
weeds.
Regards
Ň
s 36
Principal Engineer
s 36
Hobart Office — Level 1, Surrey House, 199 Macquarie Street
PO Box 94 Hobart Tasmania 7001 Phone 3 36
pittsh.com.au
pitancomau
From: @stategrowth.tas.gov.au>
Sent: Wednesday, 14 December 2022 3:09 PM
To: <u>\$ 36 pittsh.com.au</u> >
Cc: @stategrowth.tas.gov.au>; @stategrowth.tas.gov.au>;
Subject: RE: Weed Control - Tasman Highway - Airport to Midway Point Causeway

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Hi<mark>s 36</mark>,

The definition of a weed in spec 720 is basically the "dictionary" meaning of "weed" (see below), i.e. all unwanted plants.. Therefore all unwanted plants in areas that are revegetated are to be controlled.

(i) Weed

- Any plant which is not desired as follows
 - (i) Declared weed. Any plant that is a declared weed under as defined in the Weed Management Act 1999 in respect of the project area.
 - (ii) Species or individual plants specified to be removed.
- (iii) Weeds of planting beds and around individual trees include **any plant not specified in the planting schedule or is not indigenous to the site**. This includes all local environmental weeds and declared weeds.
 - (iv) Regionally declared environmental weeds of grassed areas include all species listed in (i) above, broadleaf

The standard practice to meet the requirements of 176 (below) is to develop a project specific weed management plan. If this is done quite specific measures can be employed.

The Contractor is to;

- ensure compliance with the Weed Management Act 1999 by:
 - applying management practices to ensure declared weeds outside the construction footprint are not further spread
 - ensure that declared weeds listed under the Weed Management Act 1999 are controlled within the construction footprint during the construction phases and the defects liability period.

Hope this is helpful.

From: <mark>S 36</mark>	@pittsh.com.au>
Sent: Wednesday, 14	1 December 2022 2:43 PM
То:	@stategrowth.tas.gov.au>
Cc:	@stategrowth.tas.gov.au>
Subject: Weed Contr	ol - Tasman Highway - Airport to Midway Point Causeway
Hi	

Just want to make sure our specification for this project is adequate to achieve a high standard of weed control during construction and through the defects liability and landscape maintenance periods. We will be under intense scrutiny from the owner and will also have obligations for weed control under the EPBC approval (when received) Section 176 of the Specification states

The Contractor is to;

- ensure compliance with the Weed Management Act 1999 by:
 - applying management practices to ensure declared weeds outside the construction footprint are not further spread
 - ensure that declared weeds listed under the Weed Management Act 1999 are controlled within the construction footprint during the construction phases and the defects liability period.

Section 176 is somewhat silent on weeds that are not declared, although we are at liberty in other parts of the specification to list other weeds that we want treated in a similar fashion to declared weeds. That being the case can you advise other weeds that we should be listing, or perhaps it is better to require the Contractor to control both declared and undeclared weeds?

Section 720 is more general and simply refers to weed control. Do you think in this instance quarterly inspections will be sufficient during the maintenance period, or should we make this more frequent>

720.09 LANDSCAPE MAINTENANCE

(a) Scope of Maintenance

The Contractor shall provide a Landscape Maintenance Plan detailing the activities required to maintain the Plant Performance Requirements, with provision for future maintenance activities. The Contractor shall implement the Landscape Management Plan and the requirements of this specification throughout the contract period.

Maintenance of the landscape work shall include the following tasks:

- (i) replanting
- (ii) weed control
- (iii) watering
- (iv) mowing/slashing
- (v) reseeding of seeded grass areas
- (vi) pest and disease control
- (vii) re-mulching

(viii) pruning

- (ix) maintaining the site in a neat and tidy condition
- (x) repair and removal of tree guards and stakes
- (xi) repairs to erosion affected areas
- (xii) stockpile areas.

(b) Maintenance Program and Joint Inspections

The Contractor shall prepare and submit a maintenance program showing sufficient information to enable the landscape maintenance works to be evaluated and shall show as a minimum the following:

- inspection visits during the period of maintenance;
- maintenance works during the period of maintenance including an outline of replacement planting regime and proposed pest and weed management activities.

Quarterly joint inspections shall be undertaken each year by the Contractor and the Superintendent after commencement of the Defects Liability Period.

Any remedial work shall be performed within three weeks of the date of inspection. Grassing and planting may be delayed until suitable conditions prevail subject to independent expert advice and the approval of the Superintendent.

٠

Regards

s 36
Principal Engineer
Hobart Office — Level 1, Surrey House, 199 Macquarie Street PO Box 94 Hobart Tasmania 7001 Phone 3 36 pittsh.com.au
S
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From:	
To: Subiect:	<mark>s 36</mark> RE: Tasman Highway Upgrade - Airport to Midway Point Causeway
Date:	Monday, 19 December 2022 4:12:00 PM

Hi**s 36**

Following up on the minutes/actions from your meeting with DCCEEW.

Thanks,

Courage to make a difference through TEAMWORK INTEGRITY RESPEC	
In recognition of the deep history and culture o Aboriginal people; the past, and present custod	f this island, I acknowledge and pay my respects to all Tasmanian lians of the Land.
Please note I do not work Fridays.	XO'
From: ^{S 36} @pittsh.	com.au>
Sent: Thursday, 8 December 2022 7:2	2 AM
Co: @st	ategrowth.tas.gov.au>
Subject: Re: Tasman Highway Upgrade	e - Airport to Midway Point Causeway
Next week	2
Sent from my iPhone	
On 7 Dec 2022, at 17:21,	@stategrowth.tas.gov.au>
wrote:	
CAUTION: This email originated fror	n outside of the organization. Do not click links or open
	he sender and know the content is safe.

Have you had an opportunity to compile your notes and actions and confirm these were the outcomes/actions from the meeting? Could you flick them through before sending them to Canberra so I can compare to our notes.

Thanks,

Programming and Delivery | Department of State Growth

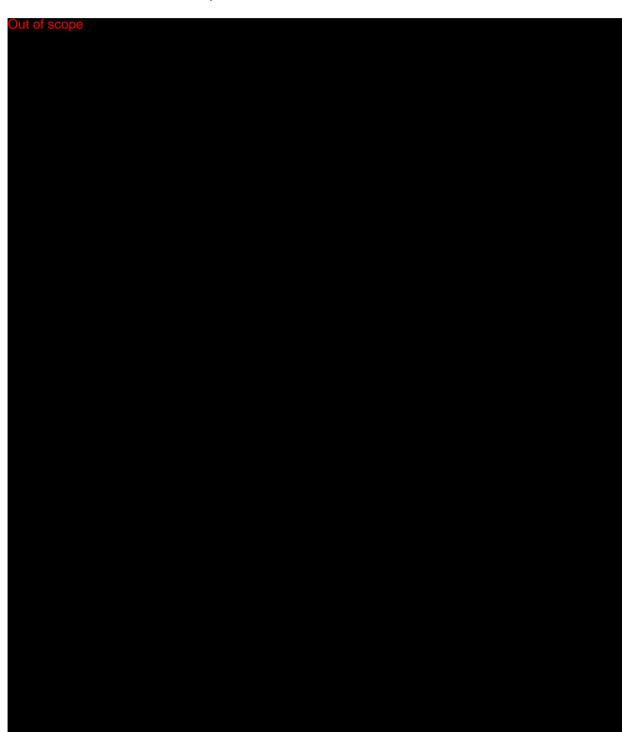
4 Salamanca Place. Hobart TAS 7000 | GPO Box 536, Hobart TAS 7001

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From: To:	
Subject:	RE: Milford Additional Driveway
Date:	Monday, 19 December 2022 10:35:22 AM

Ok we'll run with the layout we have.

Regards s 36
Principal Engineer
s 36
Hobart Office — Level 1, Surrey House, 199 Macquarie Street PO Box 94 Hobart Tasmania 7001 Phone <mark>S 36</mark>
pittsh.com.au
From: @stategrowth.tas.gov.au>
Sent: Monday, 19 December 2022 10:23 AM
To: \$ 36 @pittsh.com.au>
Subject: FW: Milford Additional Driveway
CAUTION: This email originated from outside of the organization. Do not click links or open attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.
FYI.
I don't think ⁹³⁶ needs a technical review and the driveway is designed to standard and will go
through a DA process.
Thanks,
Programming and Delivery Department of State Growth
4 Salamanca Place, Hobart TAS 7000 GPO Box 536, Hobart TAS 7001
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Out of scope		

From:	
То:	
Subject:	Milford Access Track Passing Bay
Date:	Monday, 19 December 2022 10:18:15 AM
Attachments:	image001.png Milford Access Track - Passing Bay pdf

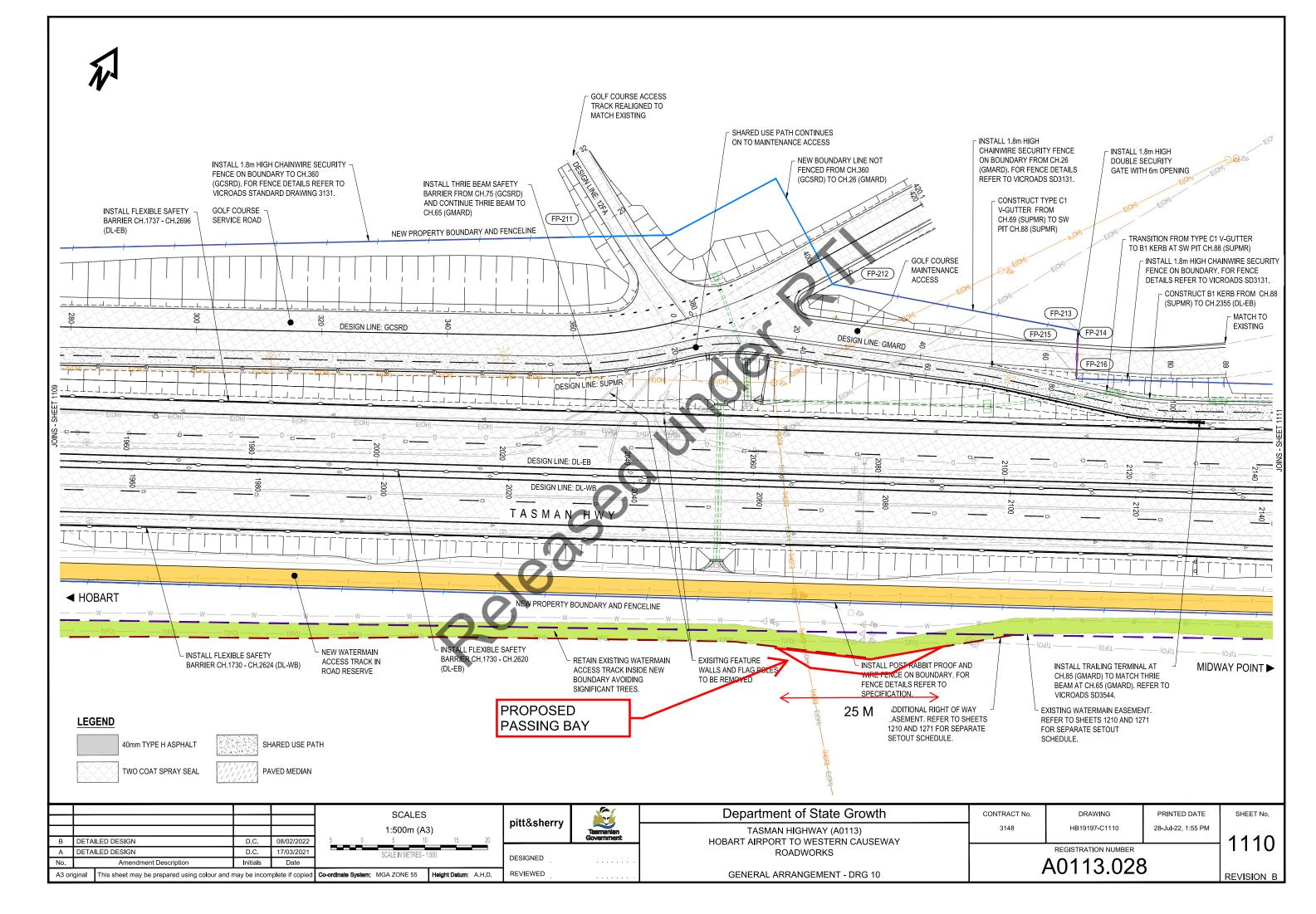
Hi

Attached please find an outline for the passing bay under the power line on Milford. Overall length 25 metres. This should be more than adequate for light vehicles. (The guidelines suggest 20 metres long but its unclear if this includes tapers. The passing bays on the new access off Pittwater are much longer but these are to suit a B double) Do you need to run this past **5** 36

Regards

s 36
Principal Engineer
Hobart Office — Level 1, Surrey House, 199 Macquarie Street PO Box 94 Hobart Tasmania 7001 Phone <u>5 36</u> pittsh.com.au
Releia





Road Drainage
ecember 2022 10:54:54 AM

Our contractor is best, that way we control when and how it's done. Might be simplest to just include it in our roadworks contract, unless you can get it done through your maintenance contract.

Sent from my iPhone

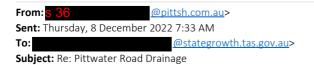
On 8 Dec 2022, at 10:45, @stategrowth.tas.gov.au> wrote: CAUTION: This email originated from outside of the organization. Do not click links or open attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe. Sorry, hit send too quickly. What is the plan for delivery, through council and a grant from DSG or is the expectation DSG engages a contractor to undertake the works? Thanks, Programming and Delivery | Department of State Growth <u>4 Salamanca Place, Hobart TAS 70</u>00 | GPO Box 536, Hobart TAS 7001 www.stategrowth.tas.gov.au Courage to make a difference through TEAMWORK | INTEGRITY | RESPECT | EXCELLENCE In recognition of the deep history and culture of this island, I acknowledge and pay my respects to all Tasmanian Aboriginal people; the past, and present custodians of the Land. Please note I do not work Fridays. From Sent: Thursday, 8 December 2022 10 To: ື່ອpittsb i.au> owth.tas.gov.au> Cc: Subject: RE: Pittwater Road E age Hi Happy with the approach thank you although we would need to review the native grass mix before it is spread. Thanks,

Programming and Delivery Depar	rtment of State Growth
4 Salamanca Place, Hobart TAS 70	000 GPO Box 536, Hobart TAS 7001
s 36	
www.stategrowth.tas.gov.au	_

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Native species are proposed. Rye corn is a sterile, quick germinating cover crop that dies off. If we scarify the ground the water will soak into the ground, not collect in puddles. I don't think water runs onto Milford now to any great degree, there is a slight berm behind the shoulder which keeps the water on the roadside. Additionally if we plant the area out and some water ponds it won't be anywhere near as obvious as the big puddles that form now. I told Canberra we were considering this remedy. Their response was that if this was done it would be a very good outcome. If not done we would need to address the situation as a facilitated impact. Are you now happy for me to put the proposal to CCC for approval for DSG to do the work

Sent from my iPhone

On 7 Dec 2022, at 16:53, @stategrowth.tas.gov.au> wrote:
CAUTION: This email originated from outside of the organization. Do not click links or open attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.
Hi <mark>s 36</mark>
Thank you for your work with Council on amending these hardstand areas. Would indigenous plantings rather than rye grass be a better option? Will scarifying the ground stop water getting into Milford? Has this been discussed with Canberra?
Thanks,
Programming and Delivery Department of State Growth 4 Salamanca Place, Hobart TAS 7000 GPO Box 536, Hobart TAS 7001 S 36 www.stategrowth.tas.gov.au Courage to make a difference through
TEAMWORK INTEGRITY RESPECT EXCELLENCE In recognition of the deep history and culture of this island, I acknowledge and pay my respects to all Tasmanian Aboriginal people; the past, and present custodians of the Land.
Please note I do not work Fridays.
From: 5 36 @pittsh.com.au> Sent: Monday, 14 November 2022 10:01 PM To:Ostategrowth.tas.gov.au> Subject: RE: Pittwater Road Drainage
Himme I meant to send this through earlier(draft for comment). You shouldn't be working so late. Its ok for me because Noork or don't work when I want to.
s 36
Principal Engineer
Hobart Office — Level 1, Surrey House, 199 Macquarie Street PO Box 94 Hobart Tasmania 7001 Phone <mark>§ 36</mark>
pittsh.com.au
From: @stategrowth.tas.gov.au> Sent: Monday, 14 November 2022 9:48 PM
To: <u>5 36 @pittsh.com.au</u> > Subject: RE: Pittwater Road Drainage
CAUTION: This email originated from outside of the organization. Do not click links or open attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.



We've spoke a lot on the phone recently. Can you send through your plans for the hard stands please?

Thanks,

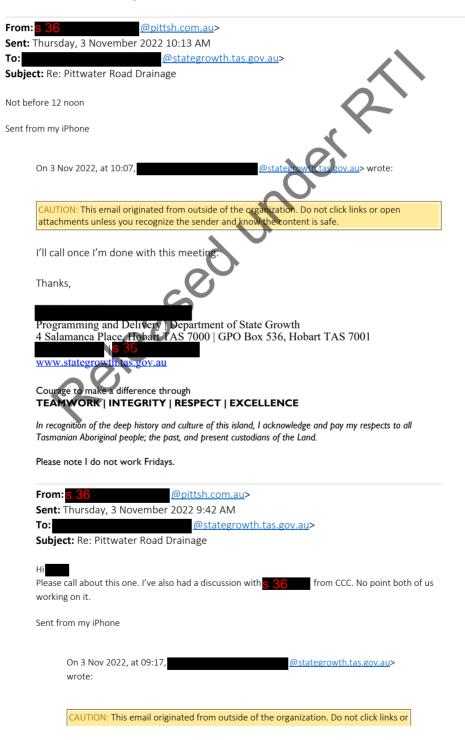


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Please note I do not work Fridays.

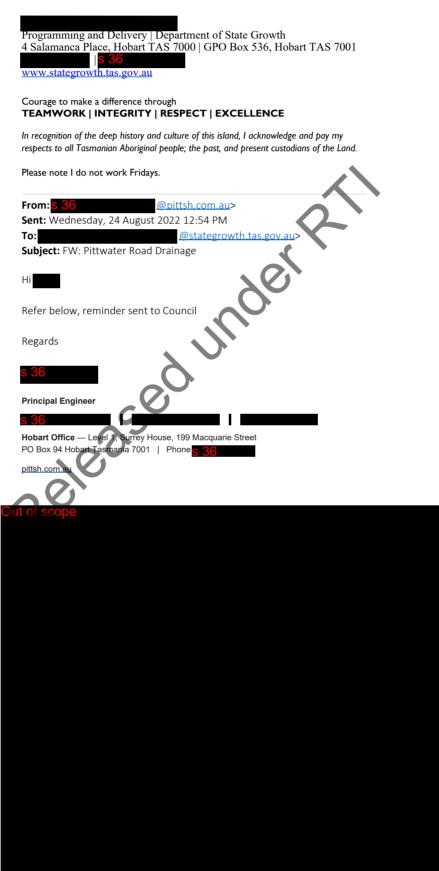


open attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

Hi<mark>s 36</mark>

FYI, I'm meeting a stormwater officer out there on Monday next week. He works under **S 36** although maybe we can get a push from another angle.

Thanks,



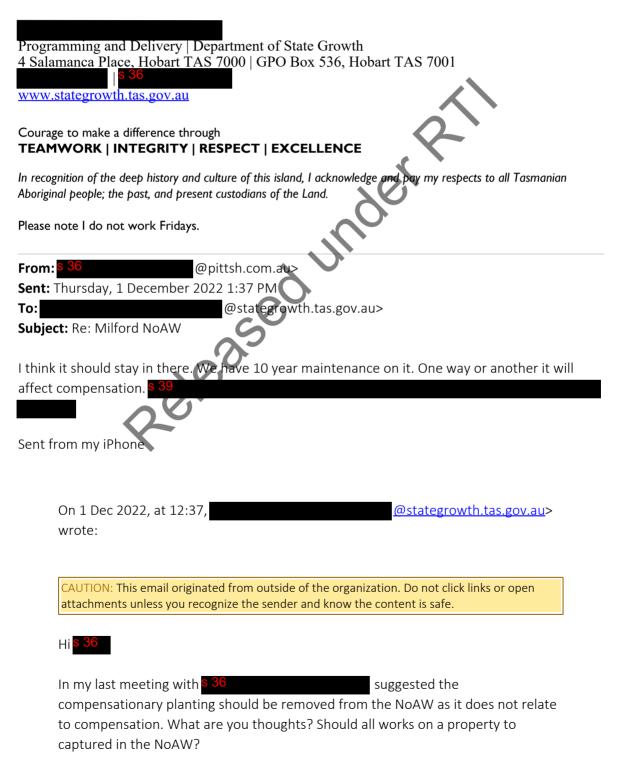
: ect:	Re: Millord Easement Clearing Thursday, 8 December 2022 9:23:47 AM
but I do	n't think the passing bay will have any impact, it's not in orchid habitat and it's tiny.
t from m	y iPhone
On 8	Dec 2022, at 08:43, @stategrowth.tas.gov.au> wrote:
CALITI	2N: This email originated from outside of the organization. Do not click links or open attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.
Hi <mark>S</mark>	
l'm go oppor	ing to let know that if unit 4 can be the offset then we would have more contingency and could incorporate the impacts of a passing tunity.
Thank	S,
	imming and Delivery Department of State Growth manca Place, Hobart TAS 7000 GPO Box 536, Hobart TAS 7001
Courag	et o make a difference through
	WORK INTEGRITY RESPECT EXCELLENCE inition of the deep history and culture of this island, I acknowledge and pay my respects to all Tasmanian Aboriginal people, the past, and present custodians of the Land.
-	note I do not work Fridays.
From:	s 36 @pittsh.com.au>
Sent:	Thursday, 8 December 2022 7:37 AM
To: Subje	@stategrowth.tas.gov.au>
	date, but we will. S 36 can look at this when he inspects unit 4. If we put the passing under the power linen and to the east of the ed orchid habitat it shouldn't be a problem. S 36 doesn't think it is.
Sent fr	rom my iPhone
	On 7 Dec 2022, at 16:41, Instance Instance Instance wrote:
	CAUTION: This email originated from outside of the organization. Do not click links or open attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the
	content is safe.
	Hi <mark>so</mark> .
	Can you advise if we've taken the TN asset clearing below into consideration when assessing impacts for the prelim documentation?
	Thanks,
	Programming and Delivery Department of State Growth
	4 Salamanca Place, Hobart TAS 7000 GPO Box 536, Hobart TAS 7001
	Courage to make a difference through TEAMWORK INTEGRITY RESPECT EXCELLENCE
	In recognition of the deep history and culture of this island, I acknowledge and pay my respects to all Tasmanian Aboriginal people; the past, and present custodians of the Land.
	Please note I do not work Fridays.
	ut of scope

From:	
То:	s 36
Subject:	RE: Milford NoAW
Date:	Wednesday, 7 December 2022 9:51:00 AM

Hi <mark>s 36</mark>

I've advises that the compensationary planting should stay in the NoAW, if anything she would benefit. Can you please provide an update on the development of the 10 year maintenance plan.

Thanks,



Thanks,

Programming and Delivery | Department of State Growth 4 Salamanca Place, Hobart TAS 7000 | GPO Box 536, Hobart TAS 7001

www.stategrowth.tas.gov.au

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The Manual State S	e for the destruction

From: To: Cc:	s 36
Subject: Date: Attachments:	RE: Milford issues Monday, 5 December 2022 1:37:00 PM image001.png
Hi <mark>s 36</mark> .	
l met with <mark>s 3</mark>	6 this morning, see below in blue.
Thanks,	
4 Salamanca www.stategro Courage to ma	and Delivery Department of State Growth Place, Hobart TAS 7000 GPO Box 536, Hobart TAS 7001 South.tas.gov.au ke a difference through K INTEGRITY RESPECT EXCELLENCE
Aboriginal people	the deep history and culture of this island, I acknowledge and pay my respects to all Tasmanian e; the past, and present custodians of the Land.
Please note I de	o not work Fridays.
From: <mark>\$ 36</mark>	@pittsh.com.au> y, 5 December 2022 7:32 AM
To: Subject: Milfo	@stategrowth.tas.gov.au>
Hi	
As discussed	ast week, here are the current Milford issues we need to address
1.5 Ha Ha) as expert unders additic that we border	- our preliminary assessment determined approximately 2.8 Ha of mitigation and of offset – total about 4.3 Ha. We propose to declare the whole of Unit 4 (about 6 the mitigation and offset – is 336 aligned with this? 336 will consult other orchid s before coming back to us on acceptance and rejection. Both 336 and 337 were tanding of the reasons why although her concerns were how do you so anality. I explained that we would adopt many of the methods in her current plan ere in line with current standards and practices. They understood that unit 4 s the work sites (Tasman Highway and corner of Pittwater Road). I doubt we will esponse by Xmas.
ii. Furthe	r field assessment of unit 4 – North Barker need to carry out habitat assessment on

unit 4 to confirm the final offset area. They are currently preparing a methodology for this that we will send to DCCEEW for review. Following that review North Barker will need to visit Milford. This looks like being later January/early February. Following that **S** 36 would seek a meeting with **S** 36 to discuss the overall proposal – RCS, mitigation, offset, management measures before finalising the documentation for

review by ^{§ 36} adviser. No issues with NB going to Milford, need to give^{§36} advanced warning. Can you please develop a brief for ^{§36}s consultant to review any materials, ie. offset management plan, strategy, etc.

- iii. S 36 understanding is that S 36 does not favour use of fire to manage the orchid habitat in the future can S 36 confirm this? S36 doesn't use fire as there is a limited window to do so. She requested that the offset management plan not specifically say fire cannot be used (ie. as to not rule it out in the future).
- iv. Any advice on the Pittwater Road drainage are you happy for me to send that off to Council Should be fine although I'll come back to you in a separate email.
- v. Important to convey to 36 that we are still looking to finalise the Preliminary Documentation for the EPBC approval as soon as possible ie subject to further work on Unit 4 and 36 endorsement of management plans, we are nearly there. I've advised her of this. The intention is to send her documentations that are not reliant on the habitat testing on unit 4.
- vi. Does **536** have any comments on the draft covenant for the compensatory planting area? If she does that may assist with the covenant for the offset. I sent a request to Crown law in September on the offset covenant and despit a couple of reminders they haven't started yet. I have not sent this to her mass t aware this was in a position to be issued for comment. Can you resend please.



Hobart Office — Level 1, Surrey House, 199 Macquarie Street PO Box 94 Hobart Tasmania 7001 | Phone **S** 36

pittsh.com.au

From:	
To:	
Subject:	Re: Pittwater road signals
Date:	Tuesday, 15 November 2022 12:41:11 PM

Thanks

Best if you confirm the Departments position on what the Department is currently supplying, all also then by the Contractor

Sent from my iPhone

On 15 Nov 2022, at 12:22, @stategrowth.tas.gov.au> wrote:
CAUTION: This email originated from outside of the organization. Do not click links or open attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.
Thanks mate.
I've asked the signals team to confirm TSC location and schematic layout in the ITS cabinets. We have had issues at midway point on ITS items, can you please confirm the spec and drawings are clear on point of supply, fibre to CCTV cameras and what is free issued/supplied by the contractor in the ITS cabinets.
Thanks, Programming and Delivery Department of State Growth 4 Salamanca Place, Hobart TAS 7000 GPO Box 536, Hobart TAS 7001
Courage to make a difference through TEAMWORK INTEGRITY RESPECT EXCELLENCE
In recognition of the deep history and culture of this island, I acknowledge and pay my respects to all Tasmanian Aboriginal people; the past, and present custodians of the Land.
Please note I do not work Fridays.
From: ^{S 36} @pittsh.com.au> Sent: Tuesday, 15 November 2022 10:06 AM

To: @stategrowth.tas.gov.au> Subject: RE: Pittwater road signals

Hi

Refer below in red.

Regards



that has been factored in to the phasing. ALSO – THE Traffic signal controller is missing from Drawing 1041 so if your traffic signal people have a preference for the location of that please advise.

Thanks,

Programming and Delivery | Department of State Growth 4 Salamanca Place, Hobart TAS 7000 | GPO Box 536, Hobart TAS 7001

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Please note I do not work Fridays.

From: S 3

Sent: Tuesday, 1 November 2022 7:22 PM

@stategrowth.tas.gov.au>

Subject: RE: Pittwater road signals

Hi

To:

Refer attached. We didn't get much back. Most of the discussion centred around the location of the advance warning flashing lights, refer 5th attachment.

Regards

Principal Engineer



Marcus has since left the department.

Thanks,

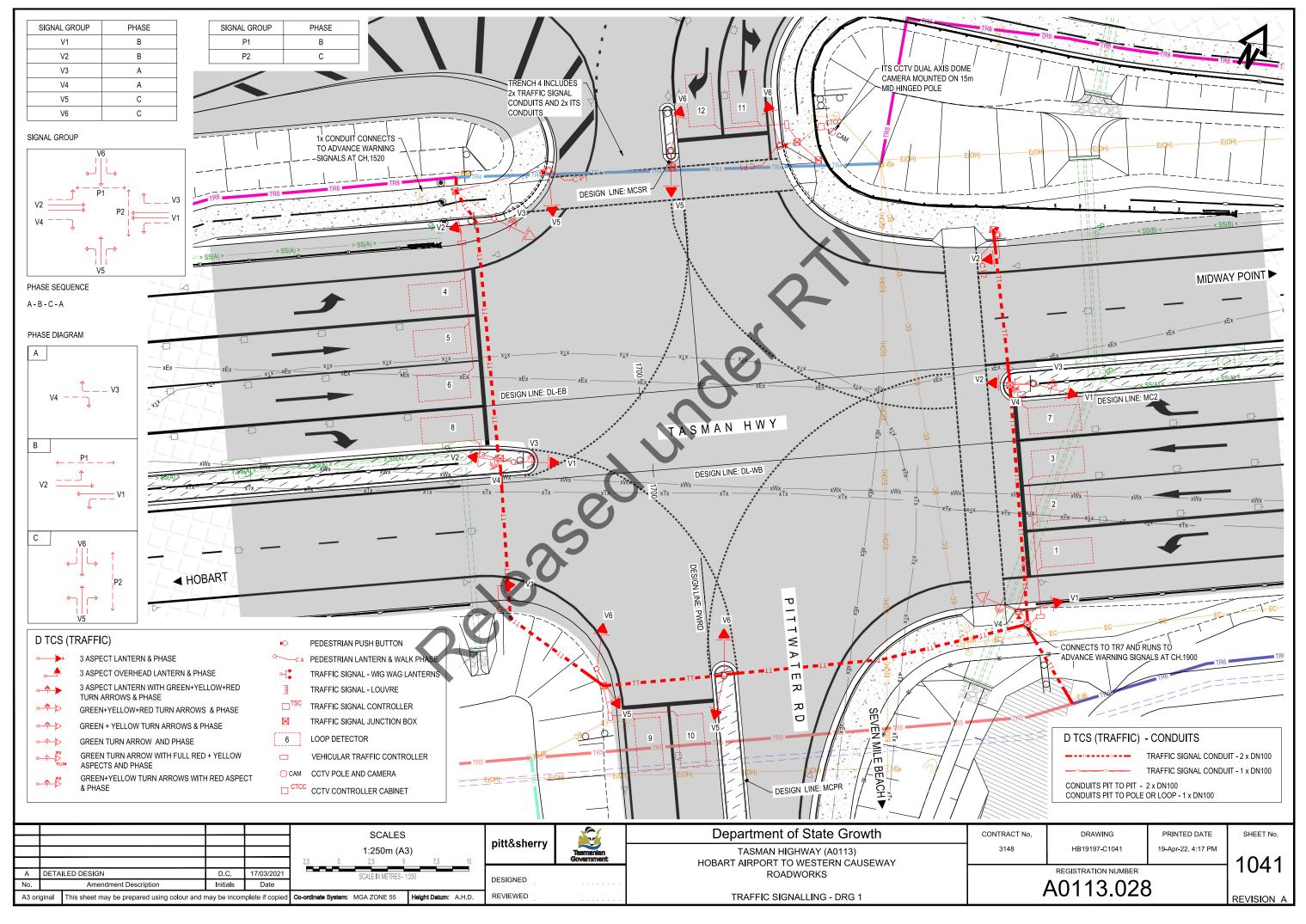
Programming and Delivery | Department of State Growth 4 Salamanca Place, Hobart TAS 7000 | GPO Box 536, Hobart TAS 7001

www.stategrowth.tas.gov.au

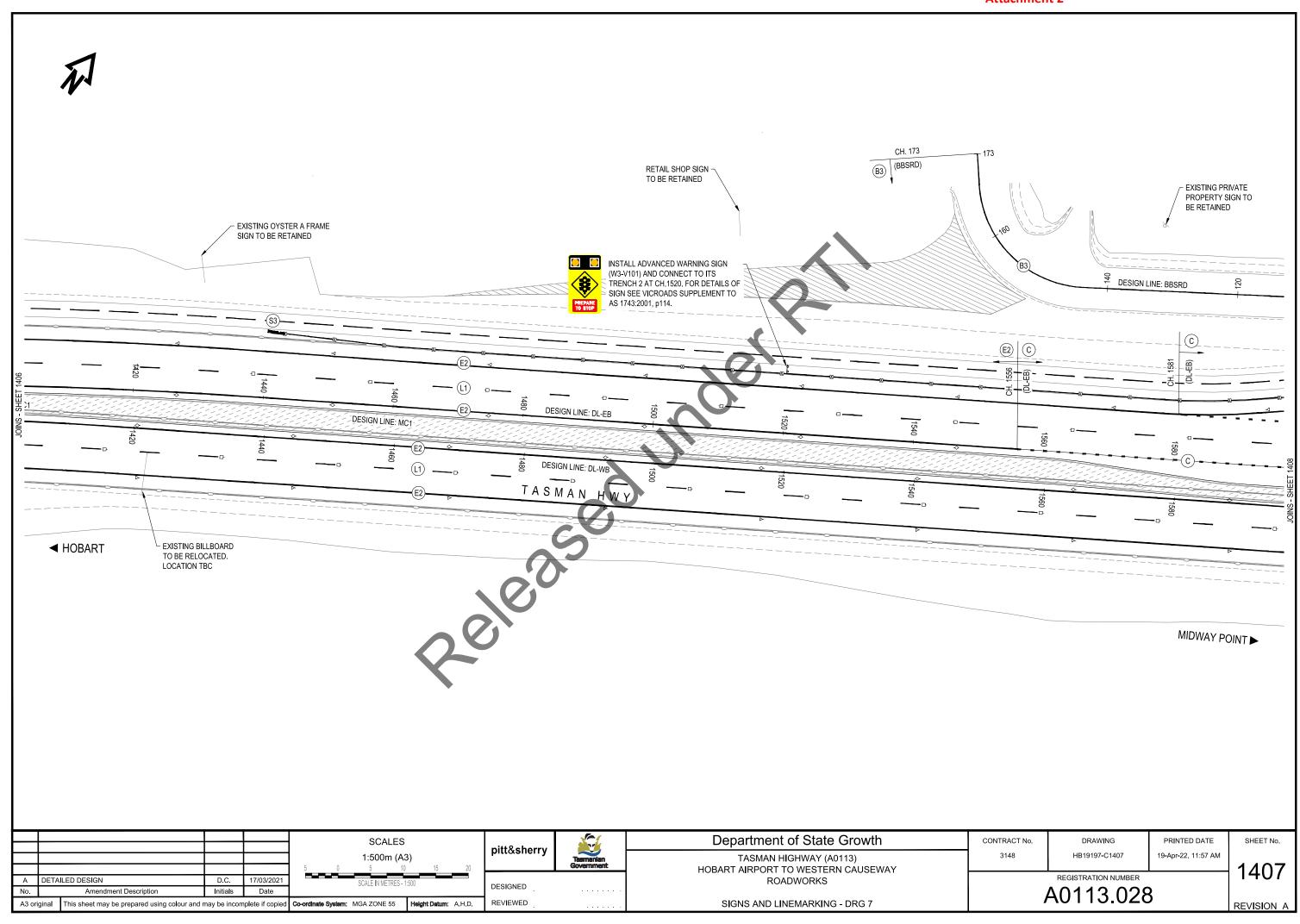
Courage to make a difference through **TEAMWORK | INTEGRITY | RESPECT | EXCELLENCE**

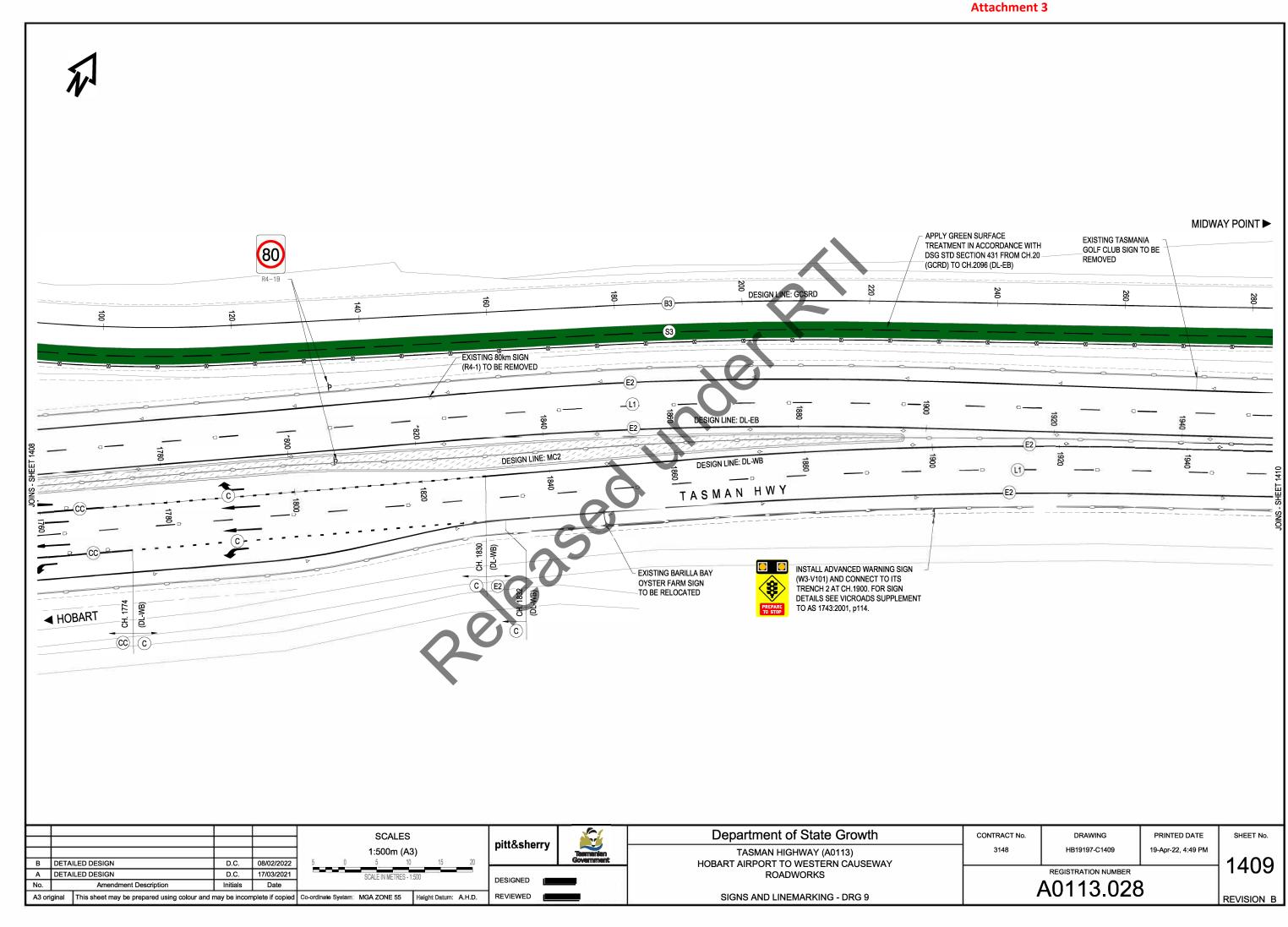
In recognition of the deep history and culture of this island, I acknowledge and pay my respects to all Tasmanian Aboriginal people; the past, and present custodians of the Land.

Please note I do not work Fridays.



Attachment 1





From:	s 36
То:	
Subject:	FW: Milford Driveway Drawings
Date:	Tuesday, 1 November 2022 7:45:35 PM
Attachments:	image001.png
	image002.png
	HB19197-2000-2999.pdf

Hi

Driveway drawings attached. We have provided 225 mm diameter culverts along the driveway (450 mm at the entrance). The 225s need about 400 mm cover so we have had to lift the road by about 600 mm at the culvert locations. Is that what **5** 36 wants? If not then no culverts, road is at ground level and all water goes over the road and we could put a concrete spoon drain at the existing shallow drain crossings. You will have to markup the location of existing water troughs and proposed new ones. We haven't noted that the power line at ch 760 needs to be raised to 5.5 metres, but I'll get that done. Let me know if there is anything else you want added before you

send to <mark>8 30 .</mark> Regards	
s 36	
Principal Engineer	0
s 36	
Hobart Office — Level 1, Surrey House, 199 Macquarie Street PO Box 94 Hobart Tasmania 7001 Phone 5 36	201
pittsh.com.au	~~~

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Т	ABLI	E OF CONTENTS
SHEET NUMBER	REV	DESCRIPTION
2802	A	CROSS SECTIONS (MC00) - DRG 2
2803	A	CROSS SECTIONS (MC00) - DRG 3
2804	A	CROSS SECTIONS (MC00) - DRG 4
2805	A	CROSS SECTIONS (MC00) - DRG 5
2806	A	CROSS SECTIONS (MC00) - DRG 6
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2812	A	CROSS SECTIONS (MC00) - DRG 12
2813	A	CROSS SECTIONS (MC00) - DRG 13
2814	A	CROSS SECTIONS (MC10) - DRG 1

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2031	Α	TYPICAL SECTIONS
2101	Α	GENERAL ARRANGEMENT PLAN - DRG 1
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2103	Α	GENERAL ARRANGEMENT PLAN - DRG 3
2104	Α	GENERAL ARRANGEMENT PLAN - DRG 4
2105	Α	GENERAL ARRANGEMENT PLAN - DRG 5
2106	Α	GENERAL ARRANGEMENT PLAN - DRG 6
2701	Α	LONGITUDINAL SECTION (MC00) - DRG 1
2702	Α	LONGITUDINAL SECTION (MC00) - DRG 2
2703	Α	LONGITUDINAL SECTION (MC00) - DRG 3
2704	Α	LONGITUDINAL SECTION (MC10) - DRG 1
2801	Α	CROSS SECTIONS (MC00) - DRG 1
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A	PRELIMINARY	DJC1	01/11/2022		DESIGNED HEP		MILFORD DRIVEWAY	
No.	Amendment Description	Initials	Date					1
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A0113.028

REGISTRATION NUMBER

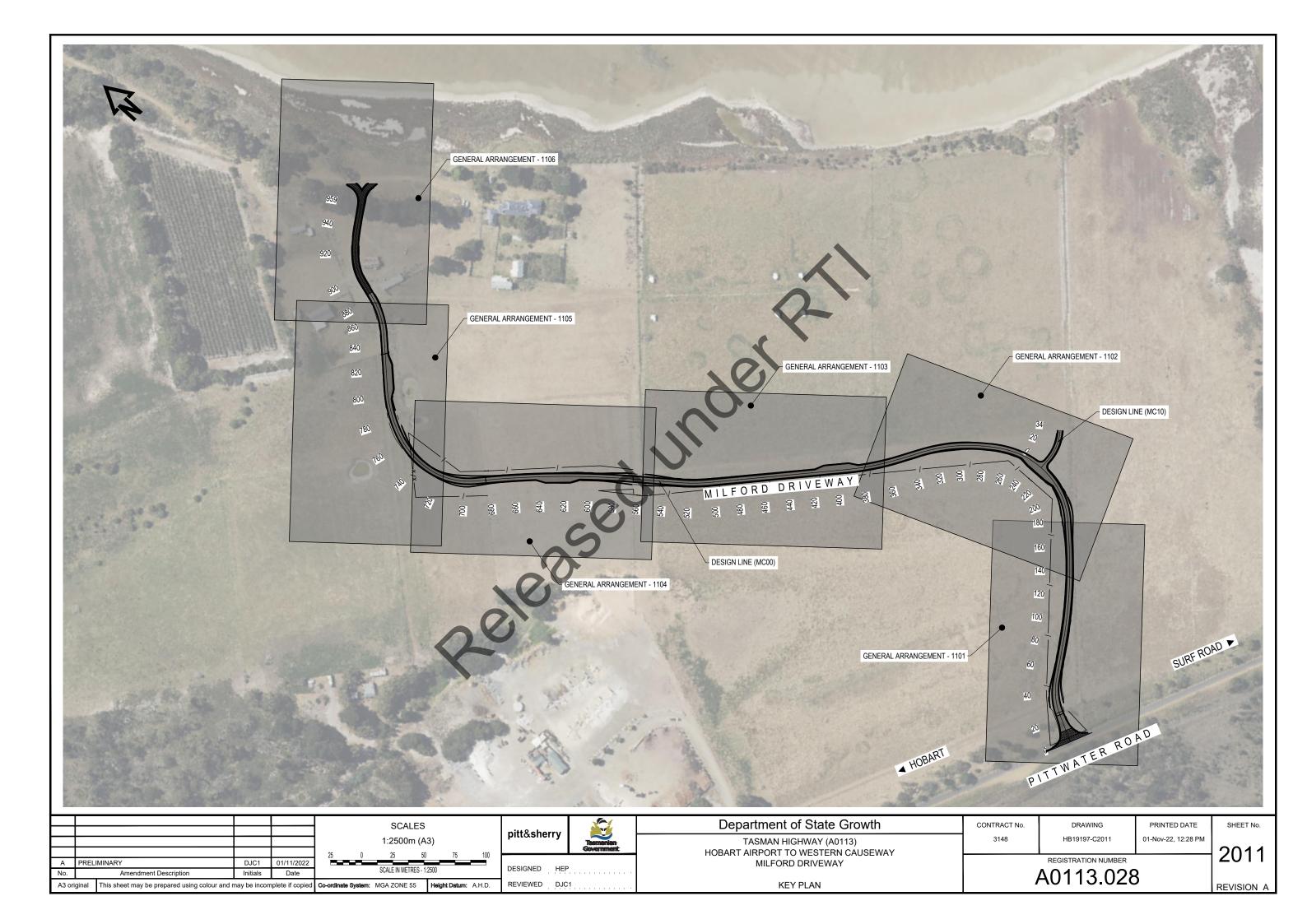
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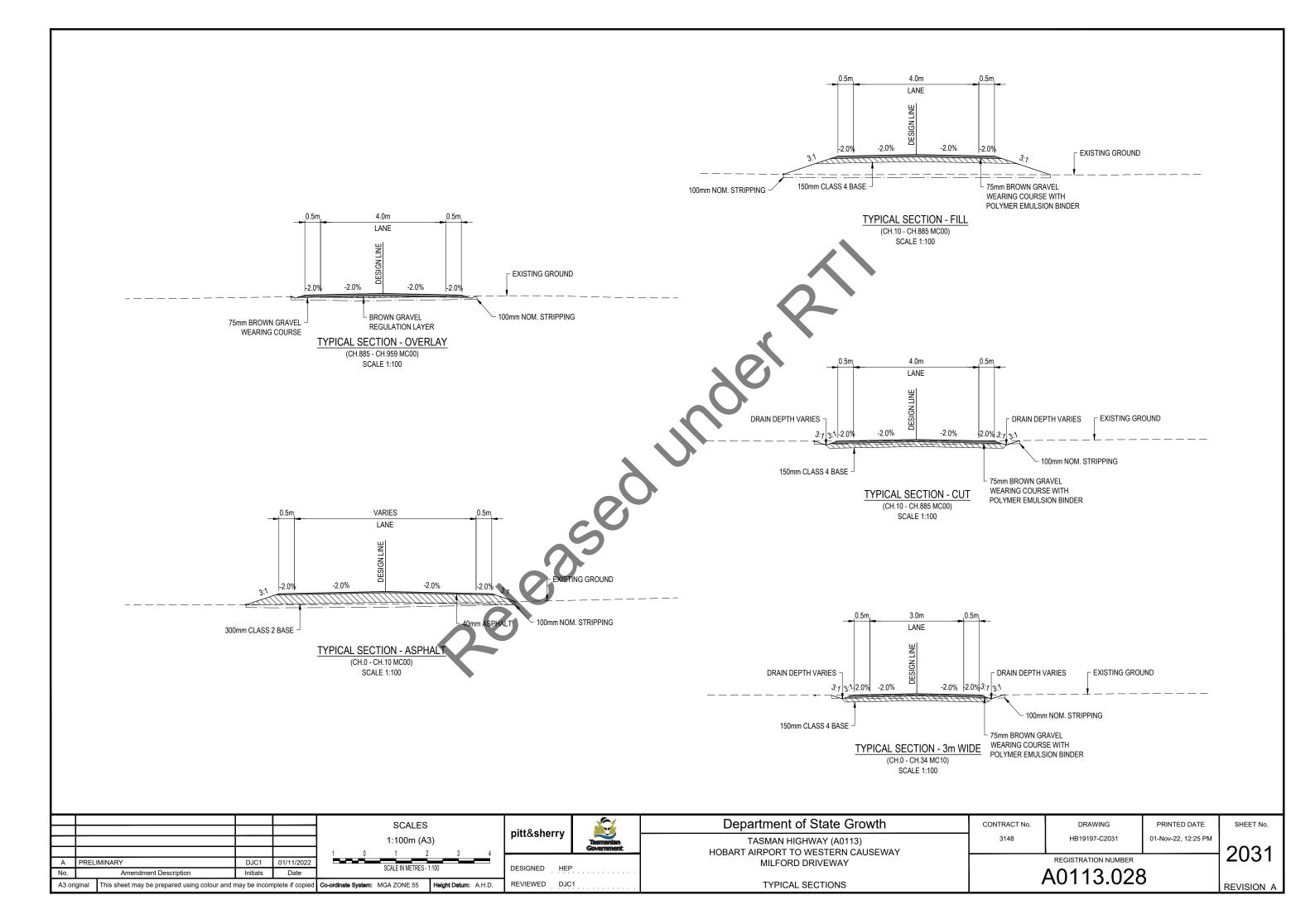
DRAWING HB19197-C2001

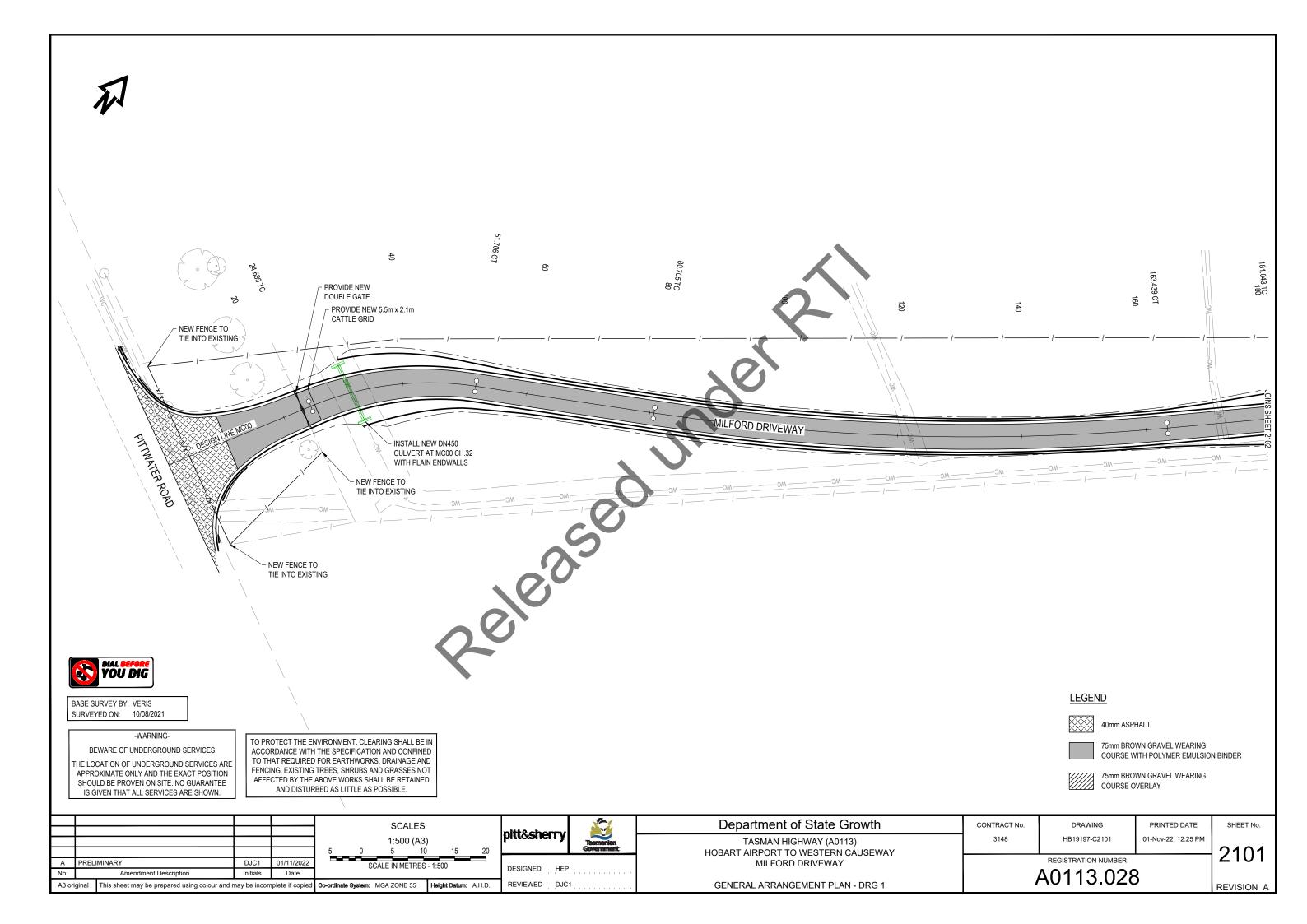
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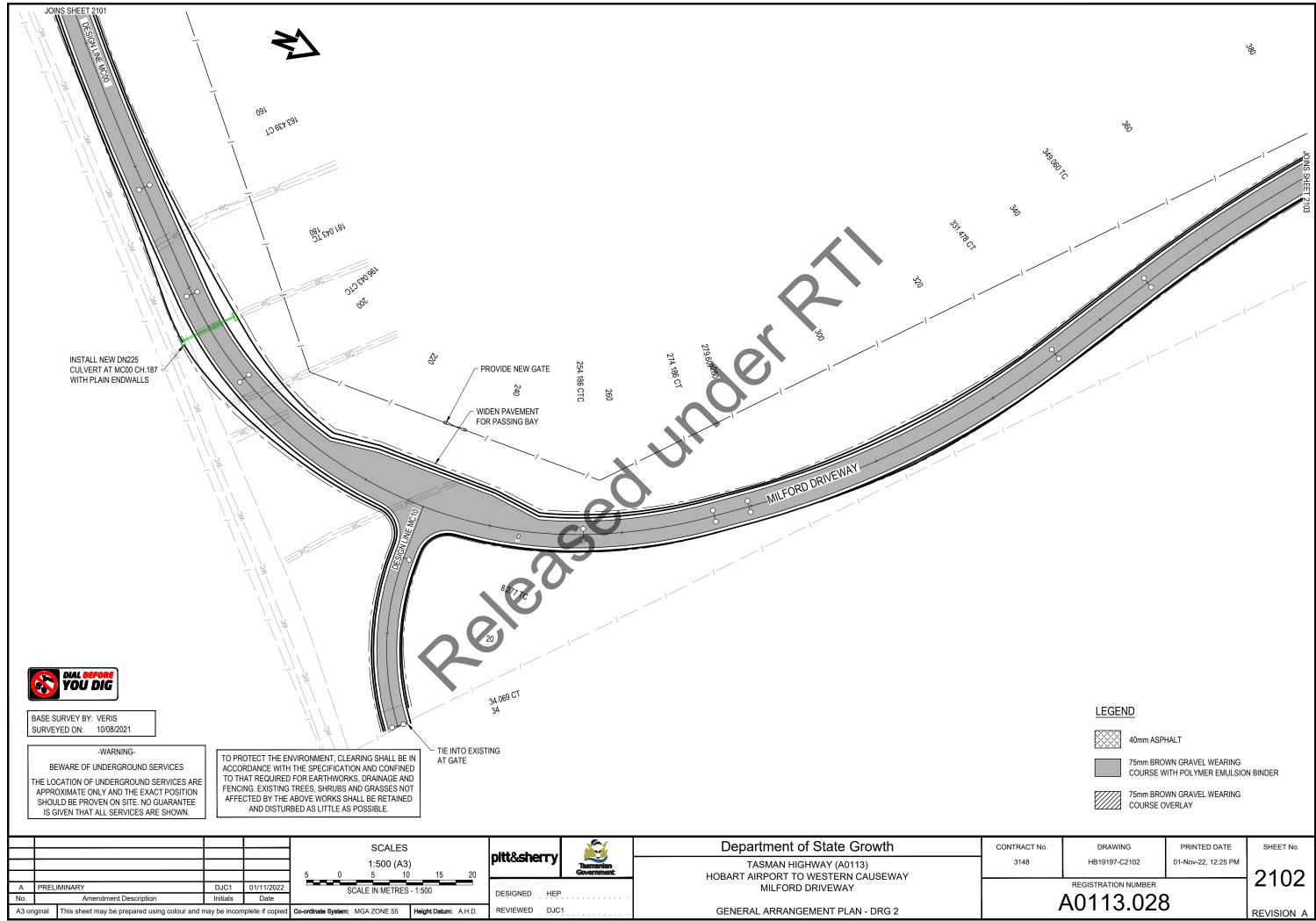
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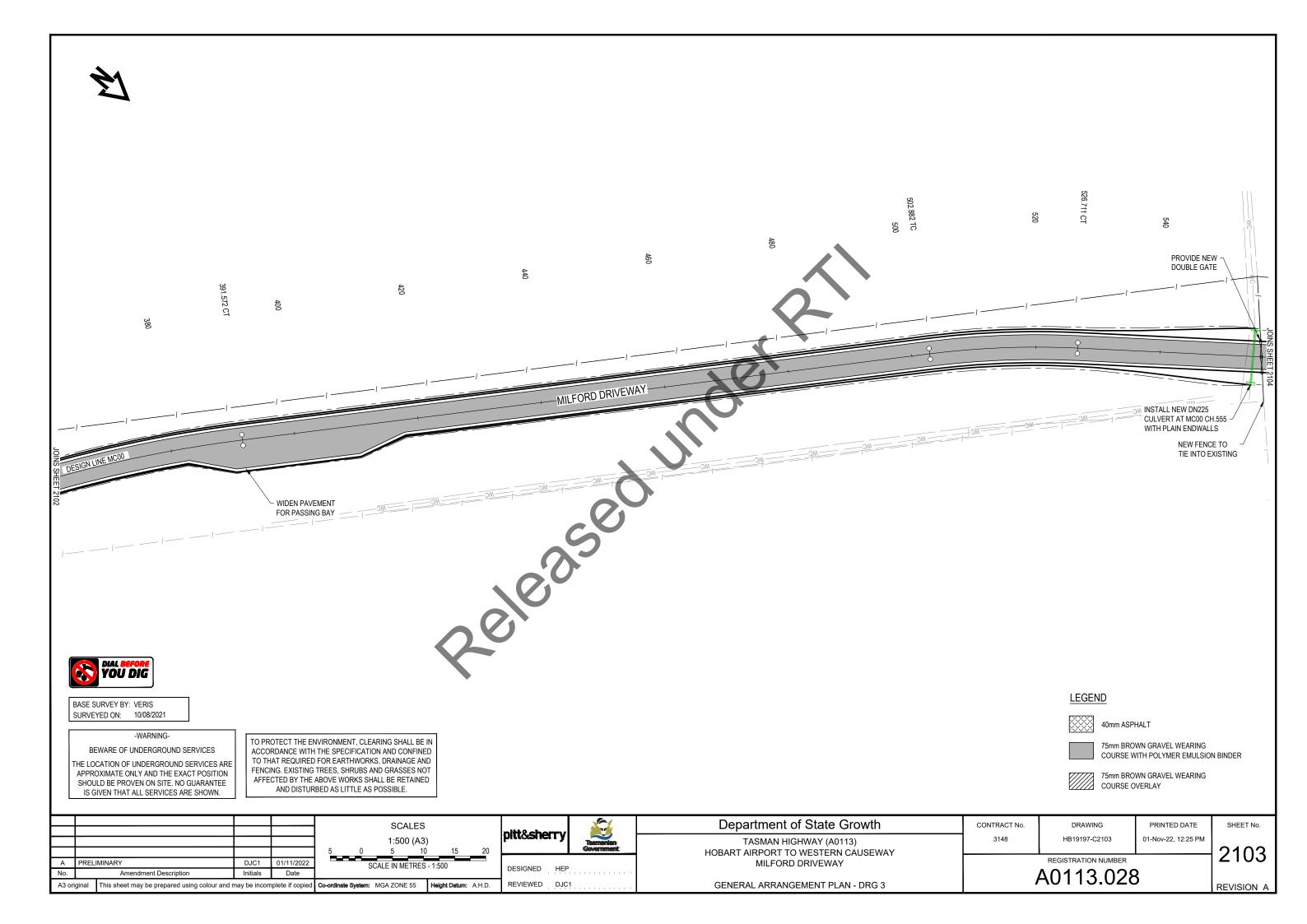
REVISION A

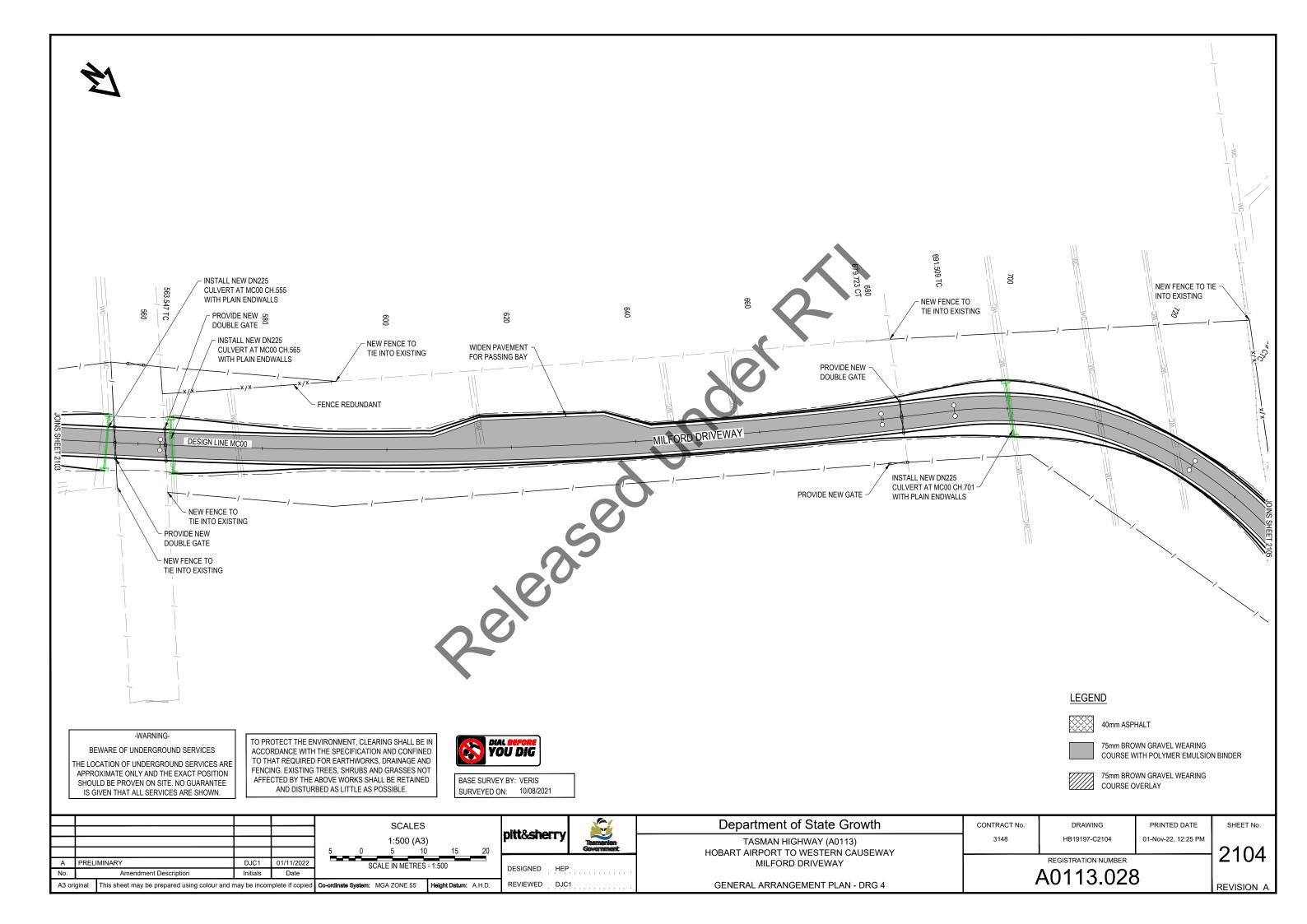


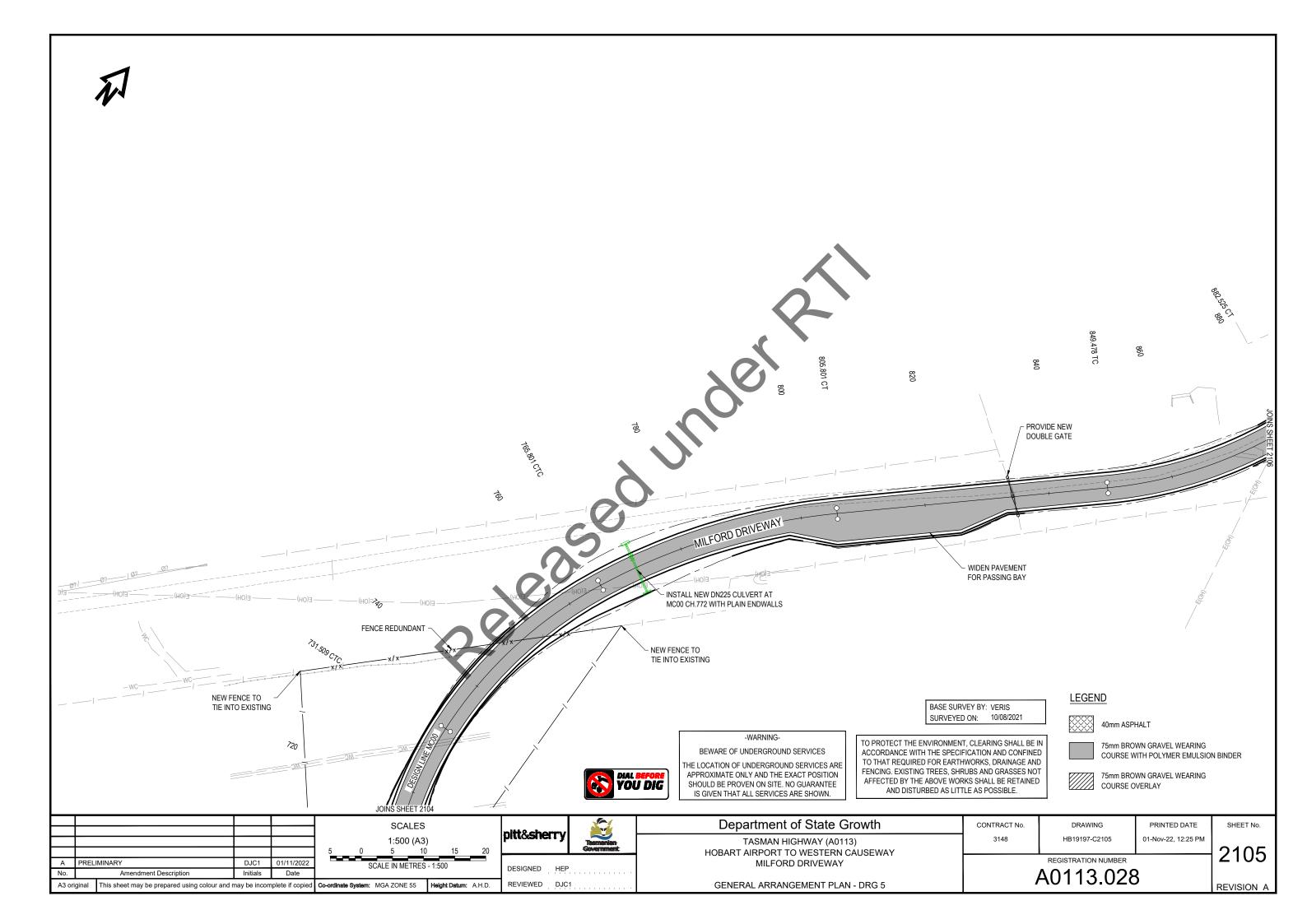


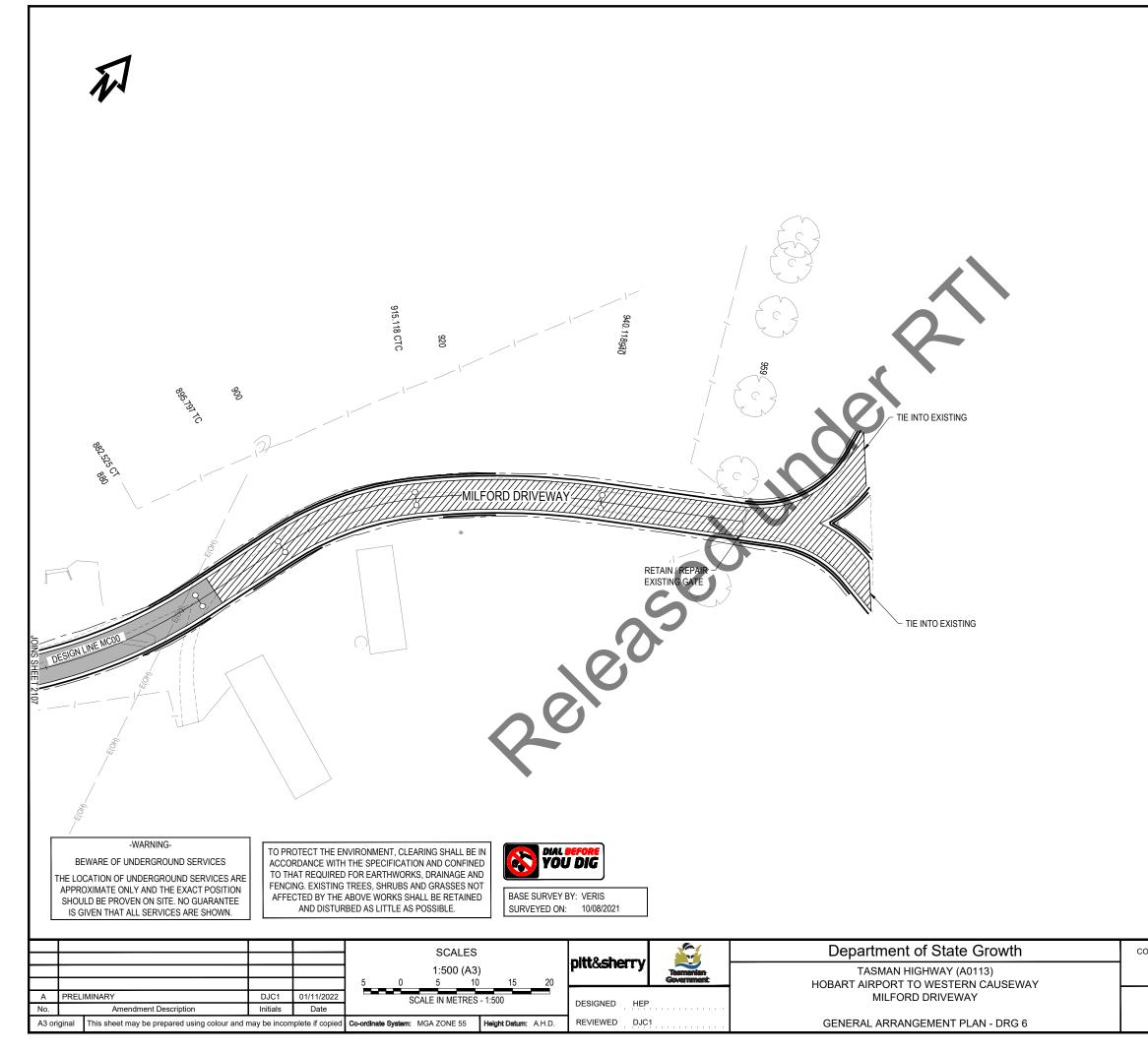


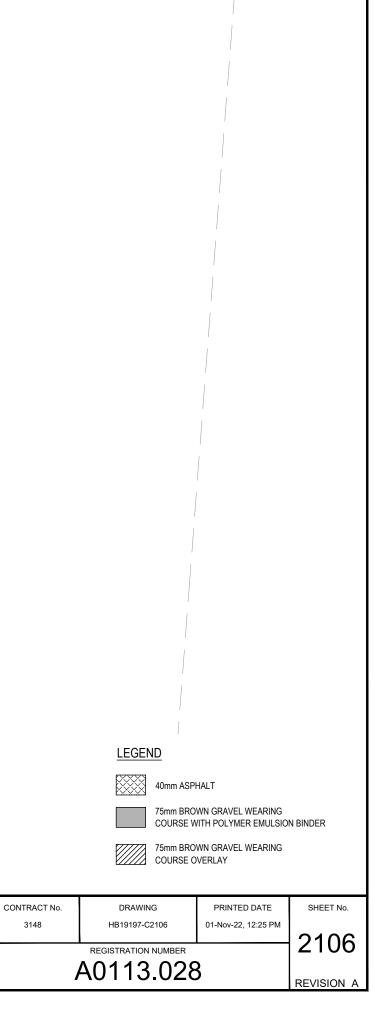


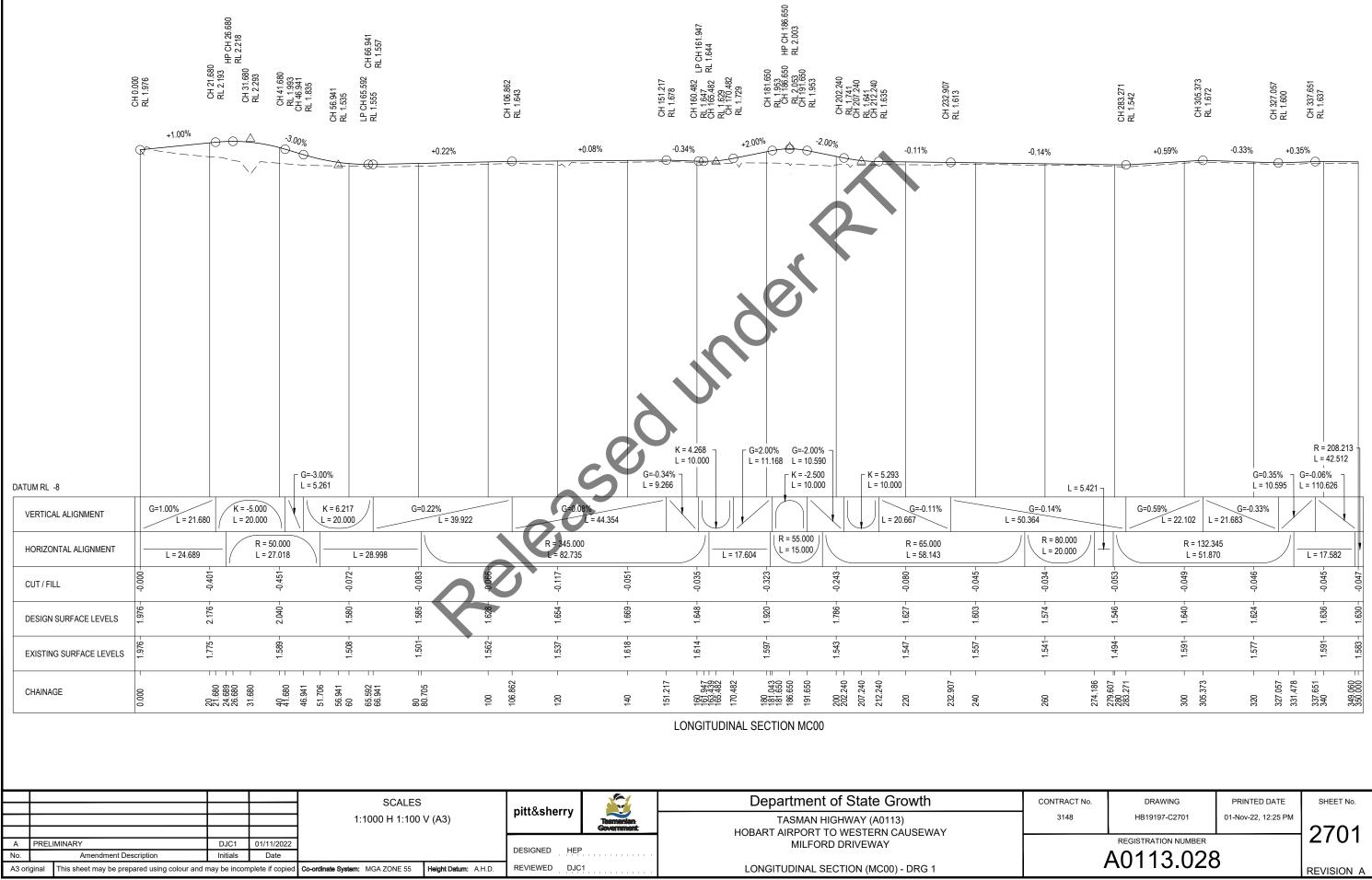




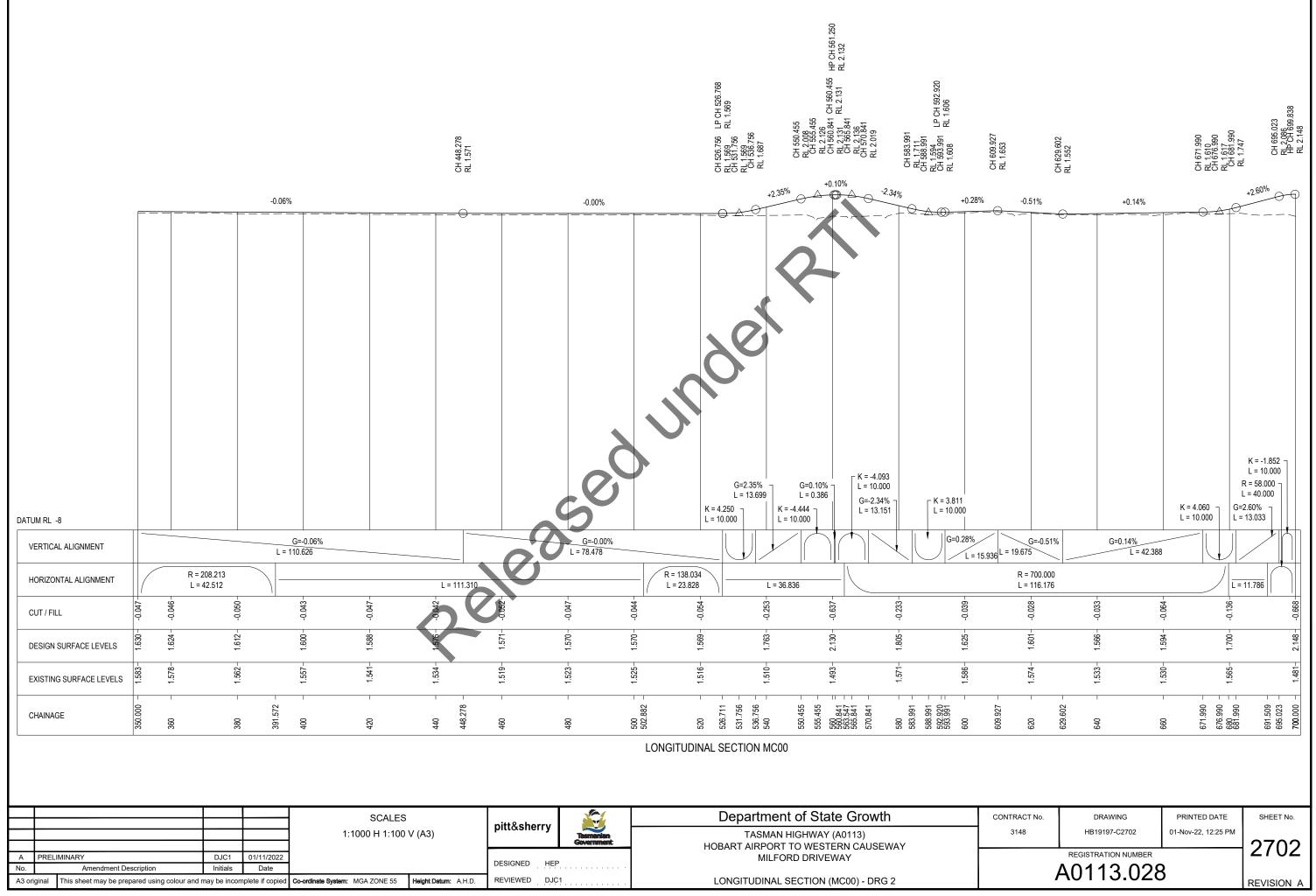




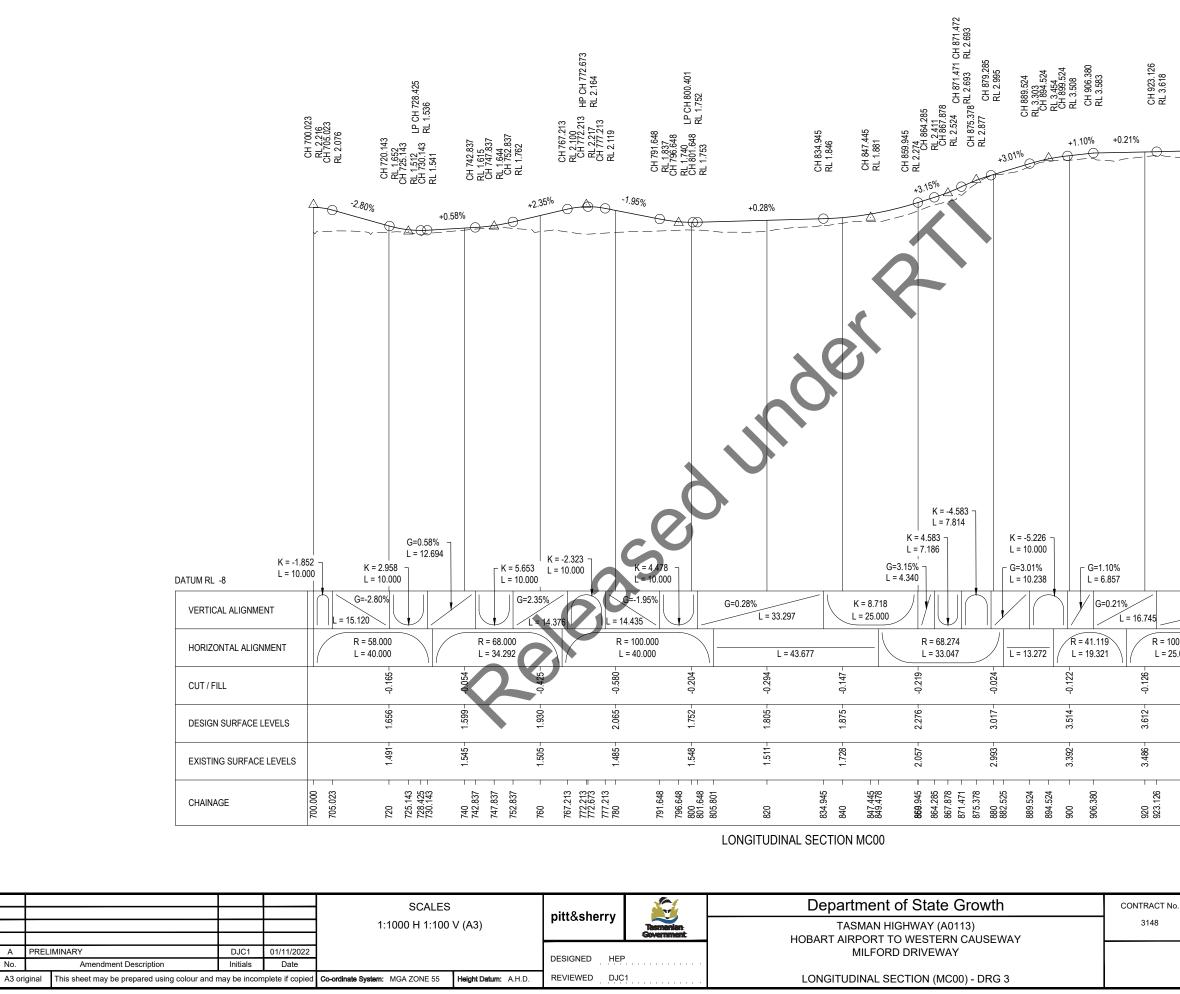




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REGIST	RATION	NUMBER
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No.

A3 original

REGISTRATION NUMBER A0113.028

3148

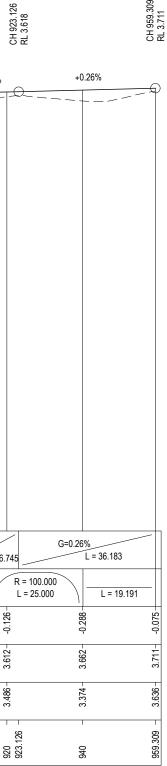
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PRINTED DATE 01-Nov-22, 12:25 PM SHEET No.

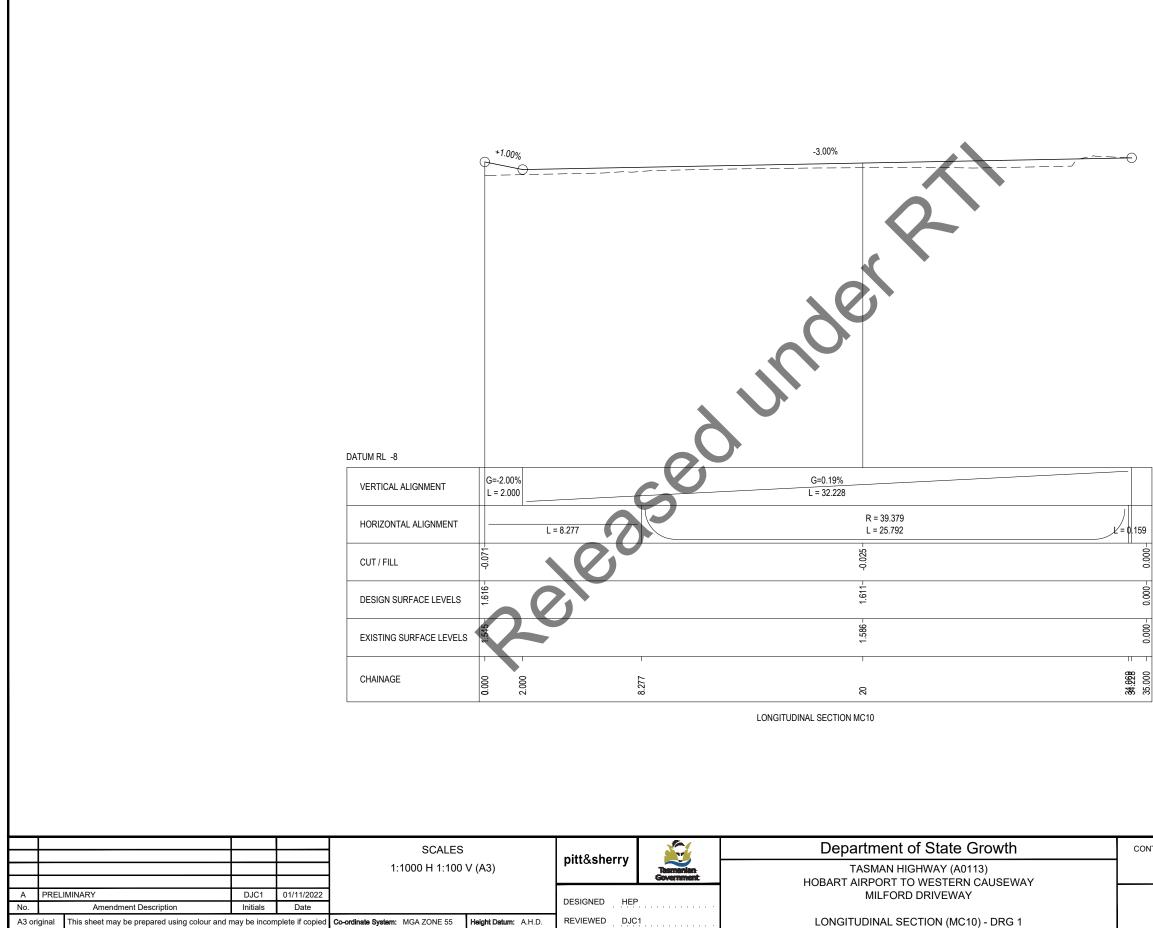
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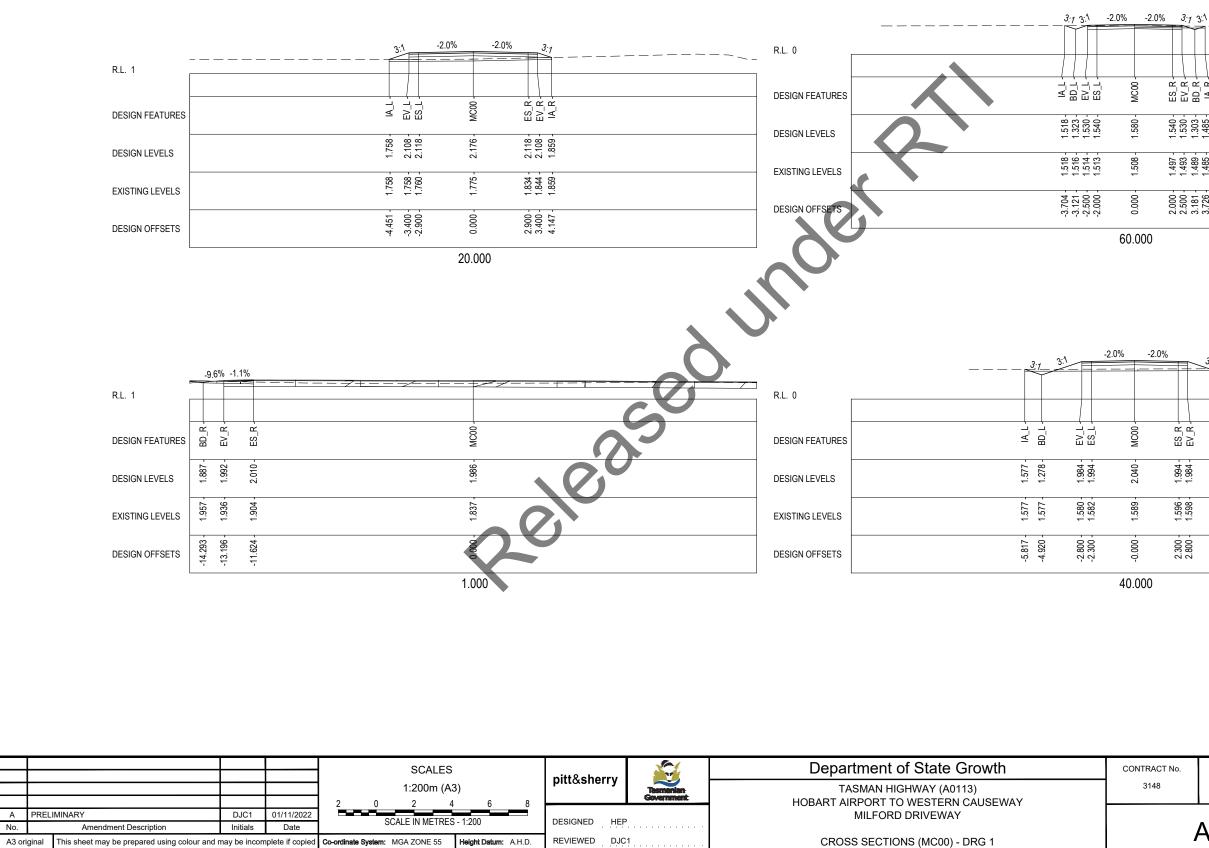
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REVISION A

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PRINTED DATE



No.



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REVISION A

SHEET No.

CONTRACT No. 3148

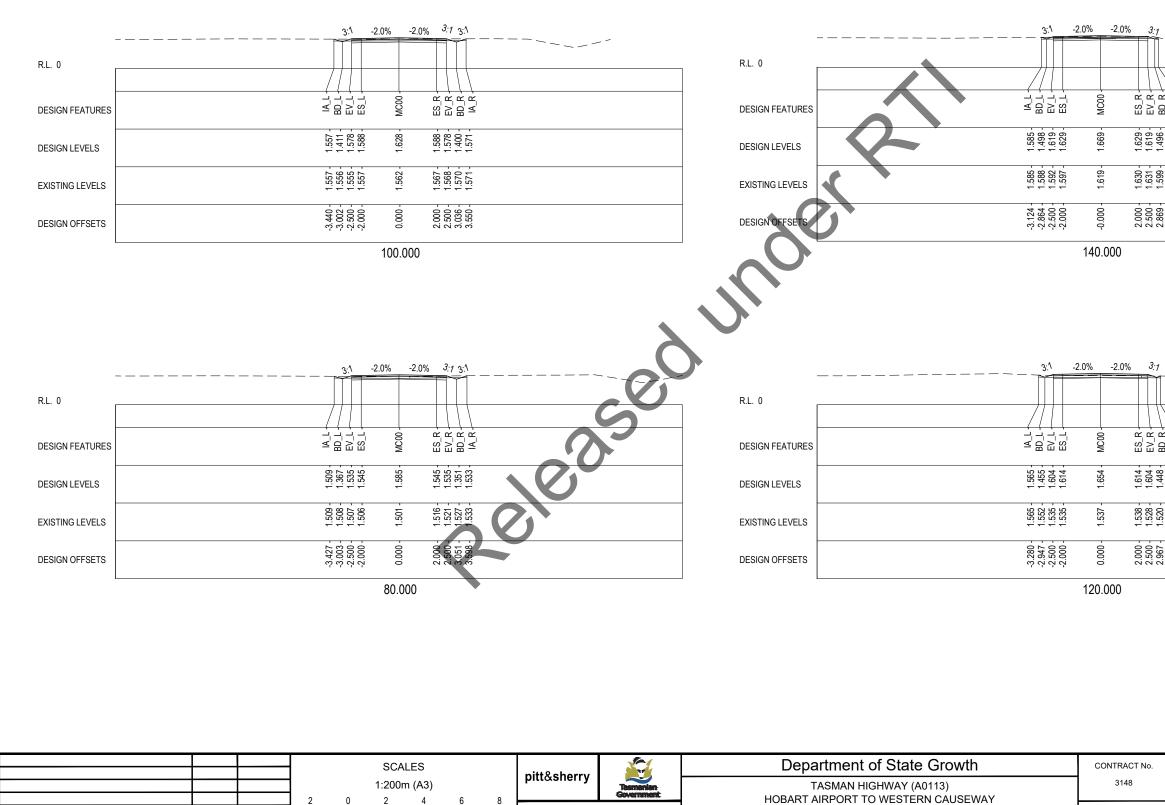
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DESIGNED HEP

REVIEWED DJC1

A PRELIMINARY

Amendment Description

No.

DJC1

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Initials

01/11/2022

Date

SCALE IN METRES - 1:200

Height Datum: A.H.D.

CROSS SECTIONS (MC00) - DRG 2

MILFORD DRIVEWAY



2802 **REVISION A**

SHEET No.

CONTRACT No.

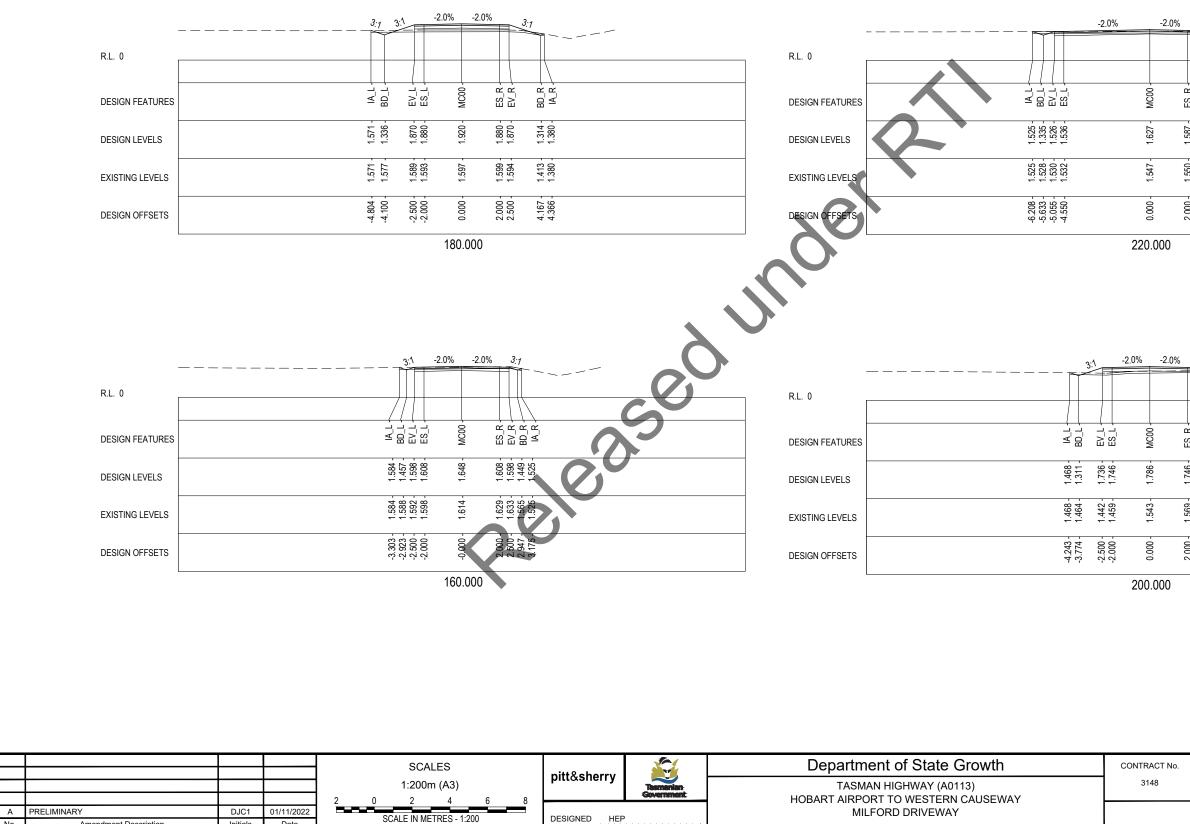
01-Nov-22, 12:26 PM

3148

DRAWING HB19197-C2802 PRINTED DATE

EV.R. BD_R- IA_R-
1.614 - 1.604 - 1.518 - 1.518 -
1.538 - 1.528 - 1.518 - 1.518 -
2.500 - 2.500 - 2.500 - 2.500 - 2.967 - 3.178 -

-2.0% 3:1
ES_R- BD_R- A_R-
1.629 - 1.619 - 1.496 - 1.562 -
1.630 - 1.559 - 1.552 - 1.552 -
3.0669



Date Initials Amendment Description A3 original This sheet may be prepared using colour and may be incomplete if copied Co-ordinate System: MGA ZONE 55 Height Datum: A.H.D. REVIEWED DJC1 CROSS SECTIONS (MC00) - DRG 3

No.

3148



DRAWING

HB19197-C2803

2803

REVISION A

PRINTED DATE 01-Nov-22, 12:26 PM SHEET No.

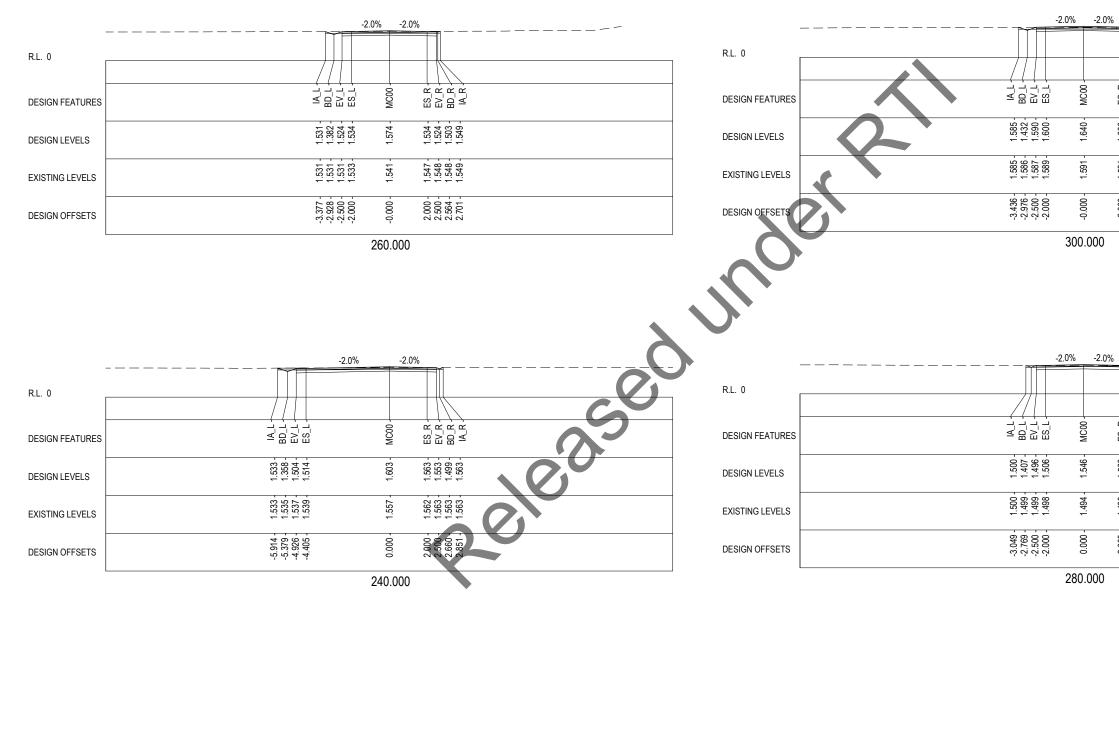
200.000

_			<u> </u>	- 10	 	_	
		ES_R EV_R	BD_R -	IA_R -			
		1.746 - 1.736 -	1.323 -	1.568 -			
		1.569 - 1.573 -	1.570 -	1.568 -			
	- 000.0	2.000 - 2.500 -	3.739 -	4.474 -			

220.000

3:1 3:1

	<u>-2.0%</u>
MC00 -	E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E
1.627 -	1.587 1.577 1.405 1.553 1.553
1.547 -	1.550 1.551 1.553 1.553 1.553
- 0000 -	2.000 - 2.500 - 3.014 - 3.456 - 3.014 - 3.004 - 3.014 -



				SCALES	pitt&sherry		Department of State Growth	CONT
				1:200m (A3)	pittasherry	Tasmanian Government	TASMAN HIGHWAY (A0113) HOBART AIRPORT TO WESTERN CAUSEWAY	
А	PRELIMINARY	DJC1	01/11/2022	SCALE IN METRES - 1:200	DESIGNED HEP		MILFORD DRIVEWAY	
No.	Amendment Description	Initials	Date	SCALE IN METRES - 1.200				
A3 or	riginal This sheet may be prepared using colour and	may be incor	mplete if copied	Co-ordinate System: MGA ZONE 55 Height Datum: A.H.D.	REVIEWED DJC	1	CROSS SECTIONS (MC00) - DRG 4	



2804

REVISION A

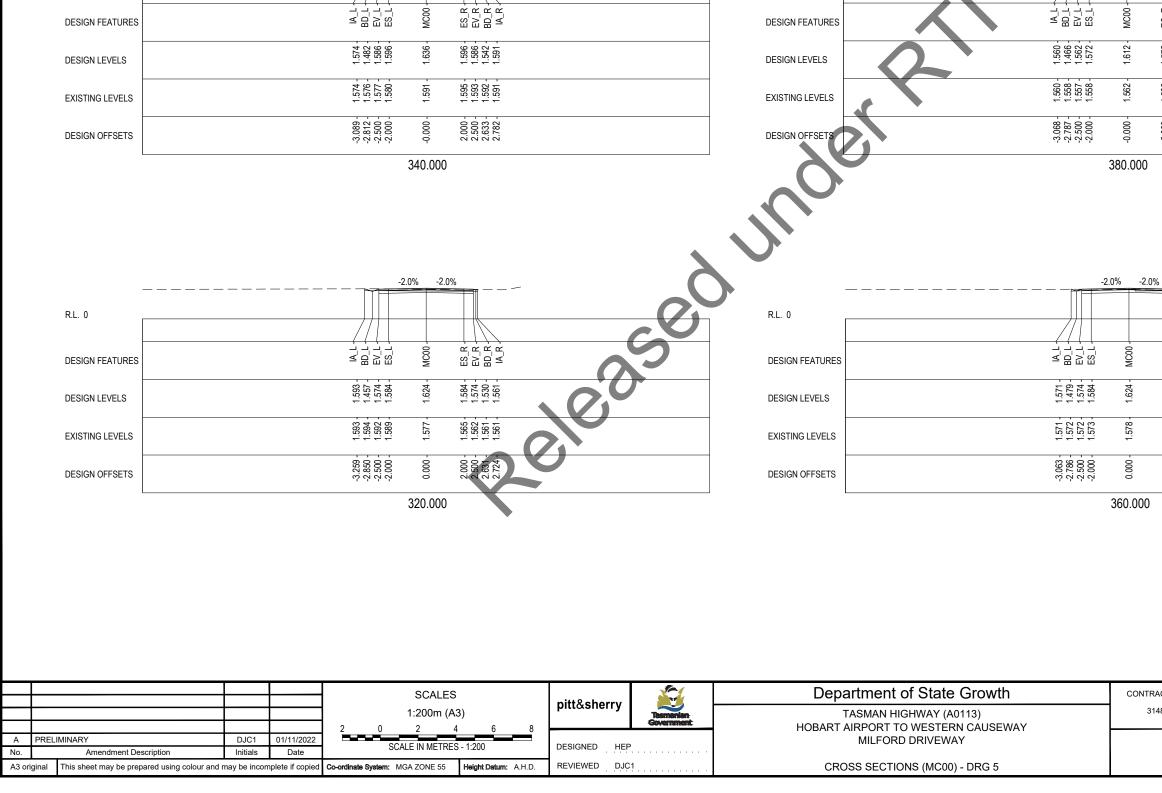
NTRACT No. 3148

DRAWING HB19197-C2804

PRINTED DATE 01-Nov-22, 12:26 PM SHEET No.

ES_R- F_R- F_R-	
1.506 - 1.496 - 1.489 -	
1.490 - 1.489 - 1.489 -	
2.000 - 2.500 - 2.523 -	

-2.0%	
EV.R. BD.R.	
1.590 - 1.518 - 1.559 -	
1.581 1.668 1.562 1.553 1.553	
2.000 - 2.500 - 2.500 - 2.841 -	



R.L. 0

-2.0% -2.0%

R.L. 0



2805

REVISION A

SHEET No.

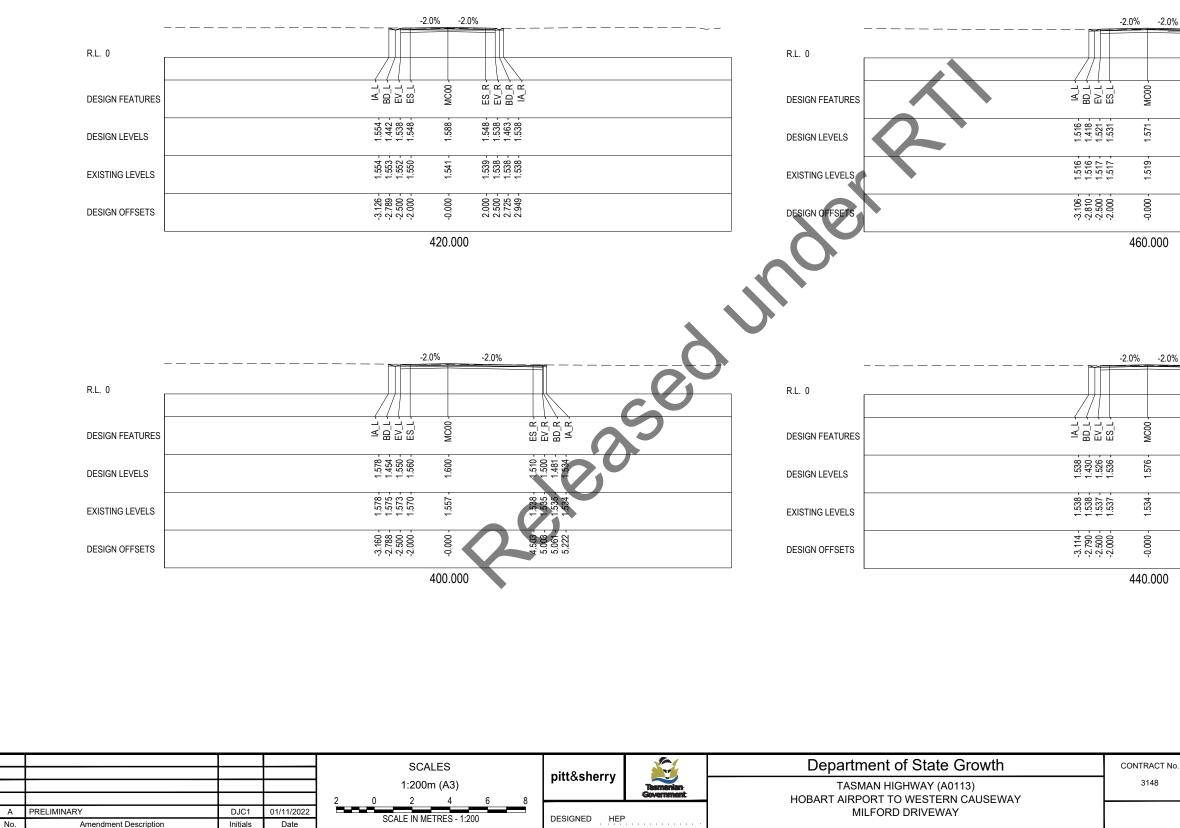
CONTRACT No. 3148

PRINTED DATE 01-Nov-22, 12:26 PM

ES_R -	BD_R A_R A_R
1.584 -	1.574 - 1.522 - 1.592 -
1.588 -	1.590 - 1.591 - 1.591 - 1.592 -
2.000 -	2.560 - 2.551 - 2.551 - 2.551 - 2.551 - 2.551 - 2.55551 - 2.555551 - 2.555551 - 2.555551 - 2.555551 - 2.55555551 - 2.5555551 - 2.5555555555 - 2.55555555555555555555

-2.0%

-2.0%	-2.0%
EV_R BD_R IA_R	
1.572 - 1.562 - 1.489 - 1.568 - 1.568 -	
1.566 - 1.567 - 1.568 - 1.568 - 1.568 -	
2.500 - 2.500 -	



REVIEWED DJC1

Height Datum: A.H.D.

No.

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DRAWING

HB19197-C2806

2806

REVISION A

PRINTED DATE 01-Nov-22, 12:26 PM SHEET No.

440.000

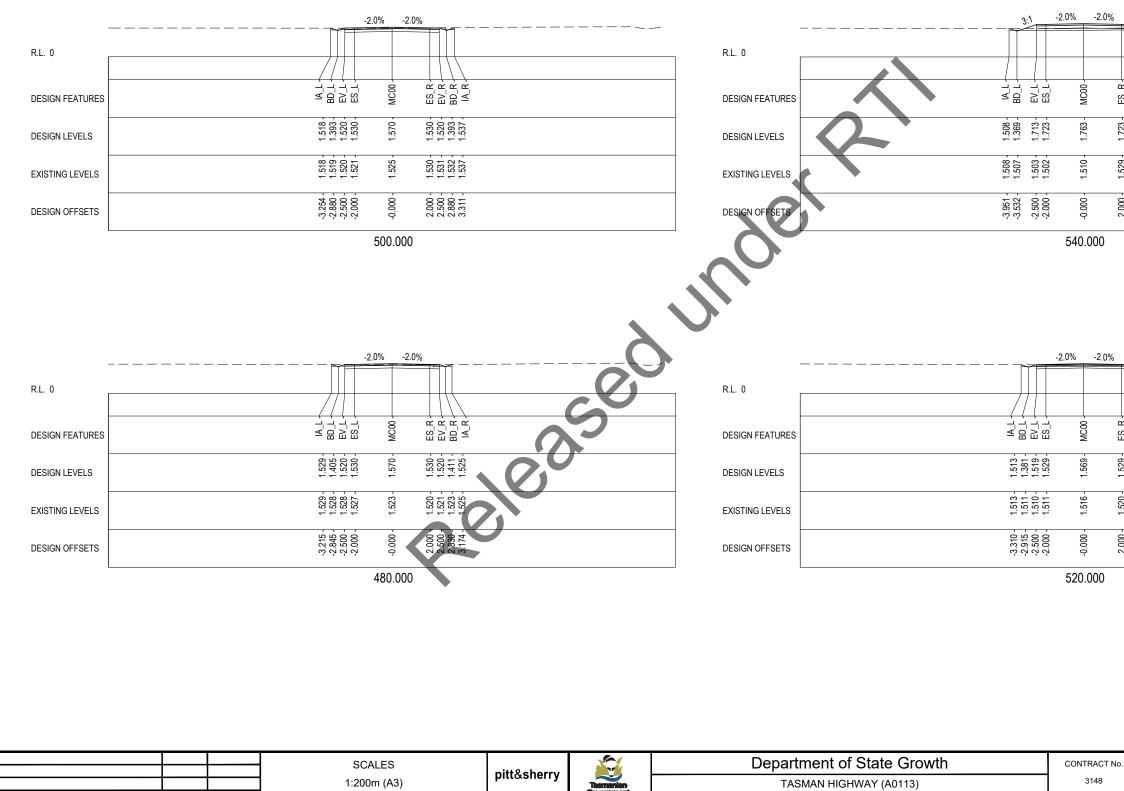
3148

CROSS SECTIONS (MC00) - DRG 6

			\sum			
MCDD			ы Ч. Ч. А. В. С. К.			
1 576	1.536 -	1.526 -	1.534 -			
1 537		1.531 -	1.534 -			
	- 0.000 - 2.000 -	2.500 -	3.007 -			

460.000

0%	-2.0%
MC00 -	BD_R PD_R
1.571 -	1.531 - 1.521 - 1.529 - 1.529 -
1.519 -	
- 000.0-	2.500 - 2.500 - 2.500 - 3.0080



				3CALE3	pitt&sherry	Department of Otate Orowin	
				1:200m (A3)	Tasmanlan	TASMAN HIGHWAY (A0113)	
				2 0 2 4 6 8	Government	HOBART AIRPORT TO WESTERN CAUSEWAY	
А	PRELIMINARY	DJC1	01/11/2022			MILFORD DRIVEWAY	
No.	Amendment Description	Initials	Date	SCALE IN METRES - 1:200	DESIGNED HEP		
A3 or	inal This sheet may be prepared using colour and	may be incor	mplete if copied	d Co-ordinate System: MGA ZONE 55 Height Datum: A.H.D.	REVIEWED DJC1	CROSS SECTIONS (MC00) - DRG 7	



2807

REVISION A

3148

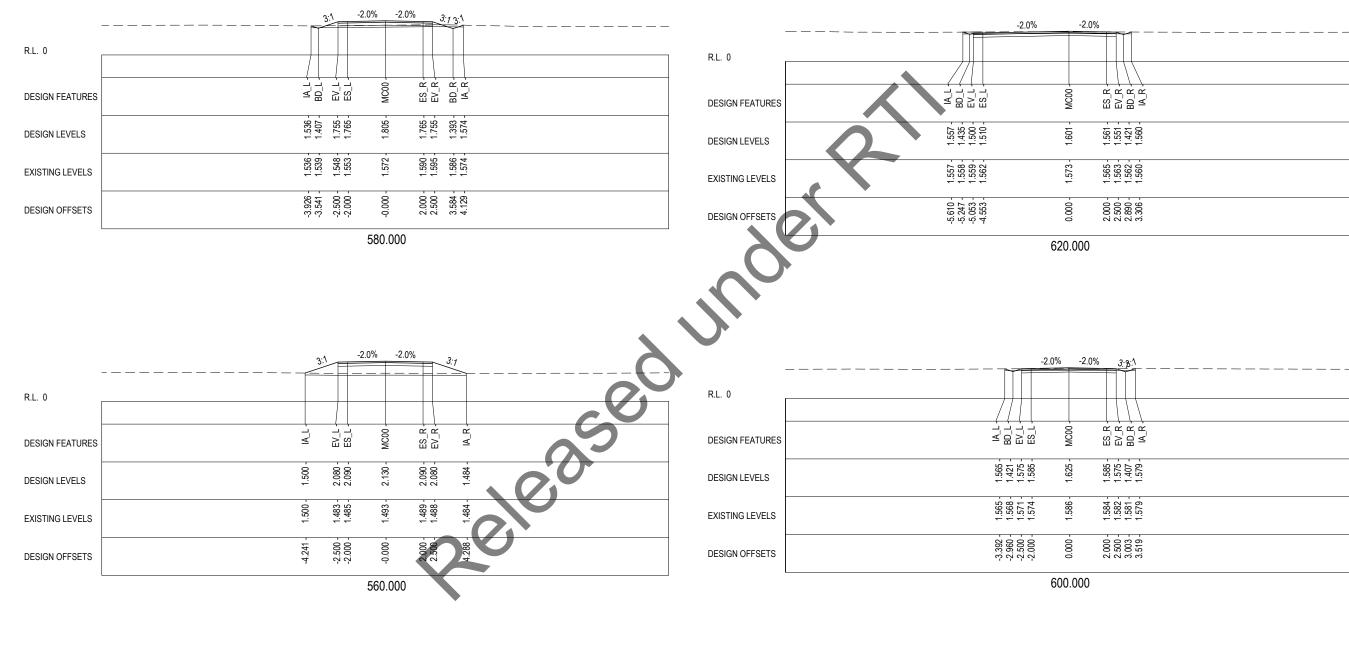
SHEET No.

520.000

MC00 -	EV.R. BD_R. A_R.
1.569 -	1.529 - 1.519 - 1.532 - 1.532 -
1.516 -	1.520 - 1.524 - 1.522 - 1.532 - 1.532 -
- 000.0-	2 2 00 0 3 3 3 9 0 2 2 3 2 0 3 3 3 0 2 5 0 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5

540.000

%	-2.0%		3:1	3:1
MC00 -		ES_R - R		z'⊼
1.763 -		1.723 -	1 3.50	1.549 -
1.510 -		1.529 - 1.533 -	1 5/3	1.549 -
-0.000 -		2.500 -	3 563	4.133 -



				SCALES		pitt&sherry		Department of State Growth	CONTRACT No.
				1:200m (A3)) 6 8	philosherry	Tasmanian Government	TASMAN HIGHWAY (A0113) HOBART AIRPORT TO WESTERN CAUSEWAY	3148
А	PRELIMINARY	DJC1	01/11/2022	SCALE IN METRES -	1:200	DESIGNED HEP		MILFORD DRIVEWAY	
No.	Amendment Description	Initials	Date	SCALE IN METRES -	- 1.200				
A3 or	ginal This sheet may be prepared using colour and	may be incor	nplete if copied	Co-ordinate System: MGA ZONE 55	Height Datum: A.H.D.	REVIEWED DJC	1	CROSS SECTIONS (MC00) - DRG 8	



2808

REVISION A

PRINTED DATE

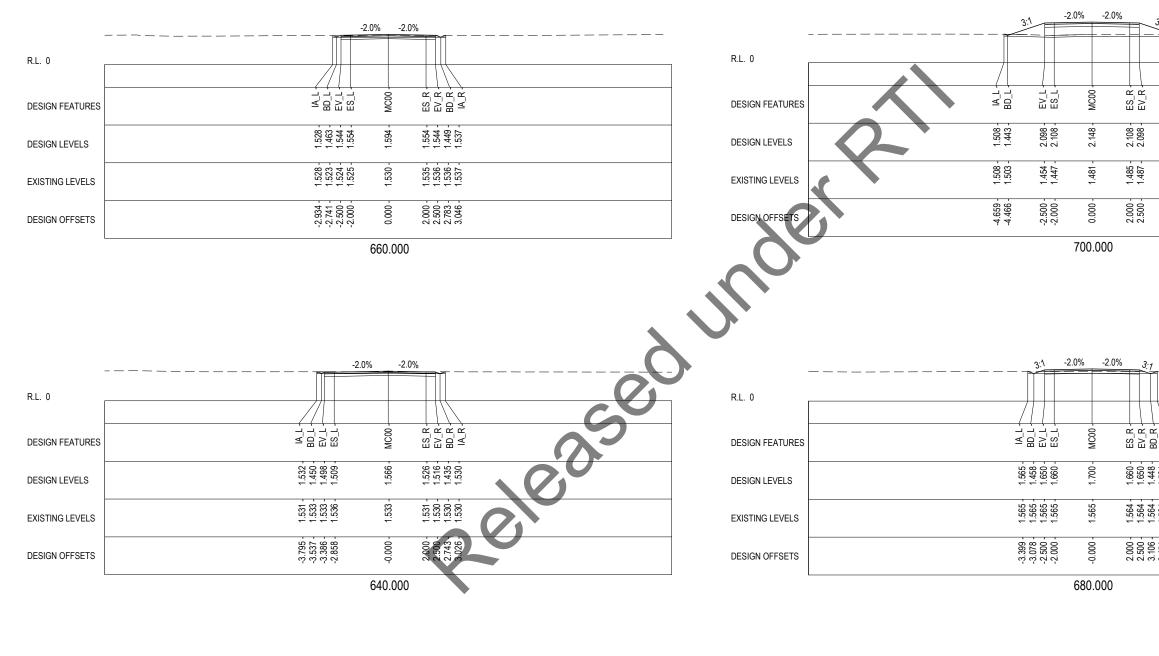
SHEET No.

DRAWING HB19197-C2808

01-Nov-22, 12:26 PM

ES_R - EV_R A_R -	
1.585 - 1.575 - 1.579 - 1.579 -	
1.584 - 1.584 - 1.582 - 1.579	
2.000 - 2.500 - 3.519 - 3.559	

2.0%	3:3:1	 	
ES_R -	EV_R - BD_R - IA_R -		
1.585 -	1.575 - 1.407 - 1.579 -		
1.584 -	1.582 - 1.581 - 1.579 -		



				SCALES	pitt&sherry		Department of State Growth	CONTRACT No.
				1:200m (A3)	pittasherry	Tasmanlan Government	TASMAN HIGHWAY (A0113) HOBART AIRPORT TO WESTERN CAUSEWAY	3148
А	PRELIMINARY	DJC1	01/11/2022	SCALE IN METRES - 1:200	DESIGNED HEF	5	MILFORD DRIVEWAY	
No.	Amendment Description	Initials	Date		DEGIGINED			
A3 or	ginal This sheet may be prepared using colour and	may be incor	nplete if copied	Co-ordinate System: MGA ZONE 55 Height Datum: A.H.D.	REVIEWED DJC		CROSS SECTIONS (MC00) - DRG 9	



DRAWING

HB19197-C2809

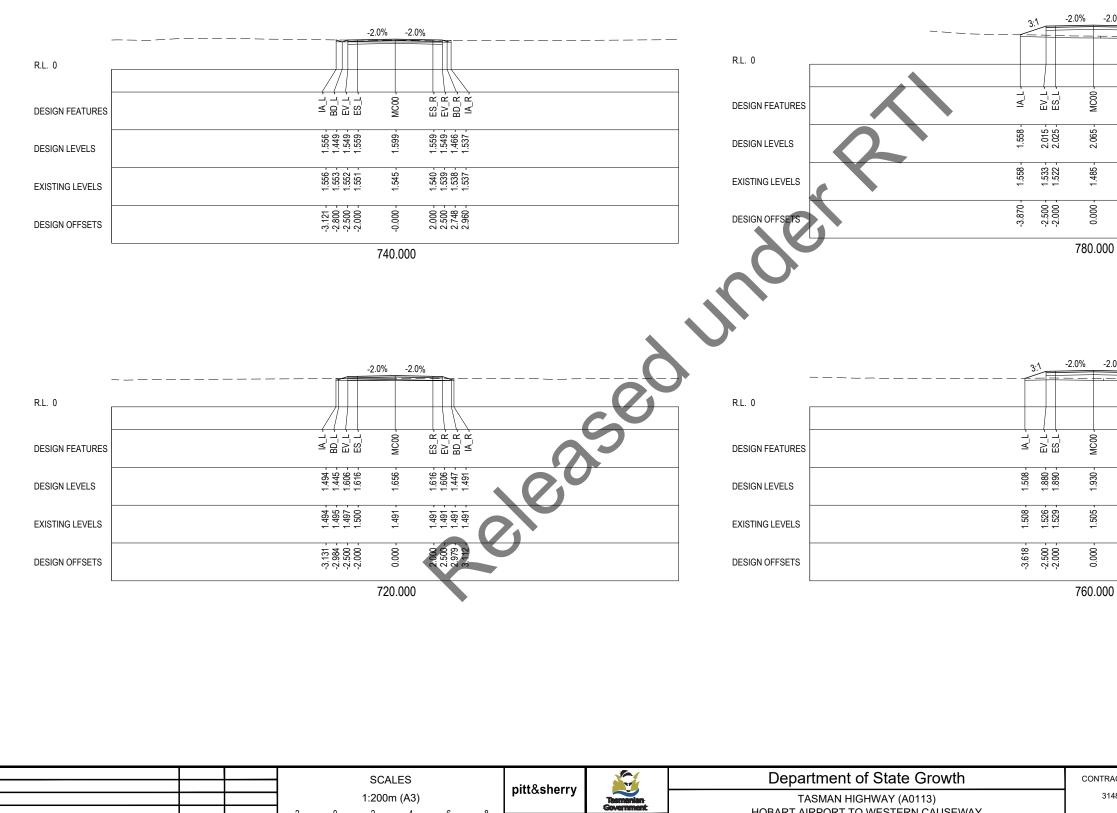
2809

REVISION A

PRINTED DATE 01-Nov-22, 12:26 PM SHEET No.

	BD_R. BD_R. A_R.
- 007.1	1.660 - 1.448 - 1.564 - 1.564 -
- 000.1	1.564 - 1.564 - 1.564 - 1.564 - 1.564 - 1.564 - 1.564 - 1.564 - 1.564 - 1.564 - 1.564 - 1.564 - 1.564 - 1.566
- 000.0-	3.3.100 - 3.4166 - 3.4564 -

-2.	3	.1		
_			 	
	ES_R EV_R	BD_R - IA_R -		
2.148	2.108 - 2.098 -	1.430 - 1.490 -		
- 1.461 -	1.485 - 1.487 -	1.491 - 1.490 -		
- 000.0	2.500 -	4.506 - 4.685 -		



A PRELIMINARY MILFORD DRIVEWAY DJC1 01/11/2022 SCALE IN METRES - 1:200 DESIGNED HEP Date No. Initials Amendment Description A3 original This sheet may be prepared using colour and may be incomplete if copied Co-ordinate System: MGA ZONE 55 Height Datum: A.H.D. REVIEWED DJC1 CROSS SECTIONS (MC00) - DRG 10



2810 **REVISION A**

SHEET No.

3148

HOBART AIRPORT TO WESTERN CAUSEWAY

HB19197-C2810

01-Nov-22, 12:26 PM

CONTRACT No.

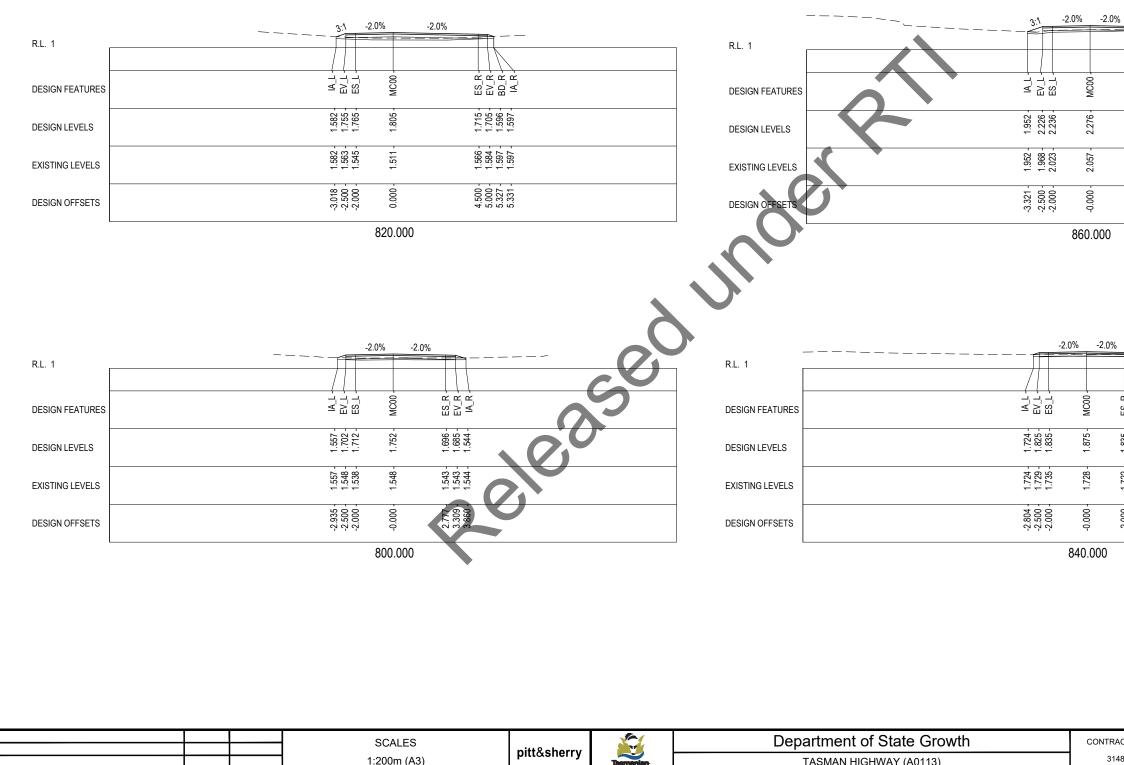
DRAWING

PRINTED DATE

MC00 -	ES_R- EV_R-	BD_R - IA_R -		
1.930 -	1.890 - 1.880 -	1.450 - 1.613 -		
1.505 -	1.491 - 1.538 -	1.604 - 1.613 -		
- 000.0	2.000 - 2.500 -	3.790 - 4.278 -		

-2.0%

-2.0)%				
MC00 -	ES_R - EV_R -	IA_R -			
2.065 -	2.025 - 2.015 -	1.445 -			
1.485 -	1.466 - 1.462 -	1.445 -		 	
- 000.0	2.500 -	4.209 -			



			· · ·		00.120	pitt&sherry	M L		
t					1:200m (A3)		asmanian wernment	TASMAN HIGHWAY (A0113)	
					2 0 2 4 6 8	Go	vernment	HOBART AIRPORT TO WESTERN CAUSEWAY	
	A	PRELIMINARY	DJC1	01/11/2022	SCALE IN METRES - 1:200	DESIGNED HEP		MILFORD DRIVEWAY	
Γ	No.	Amendment Description	Initials	Date	SCALE IN METRES - 1.200	DESIGNED HEP			
ſ	A3 orig	inal This sheet may be prepared using colour and	may be incom	nplete if copied	Co-ordinate System: MGA ZONE 55 Height Datum: A.H.D.	REVIEWED DJC1		CROSS SECTIONS (MC00) - DRG 11	



2811

REVISION A

PRINTED DATE

SHEET No.

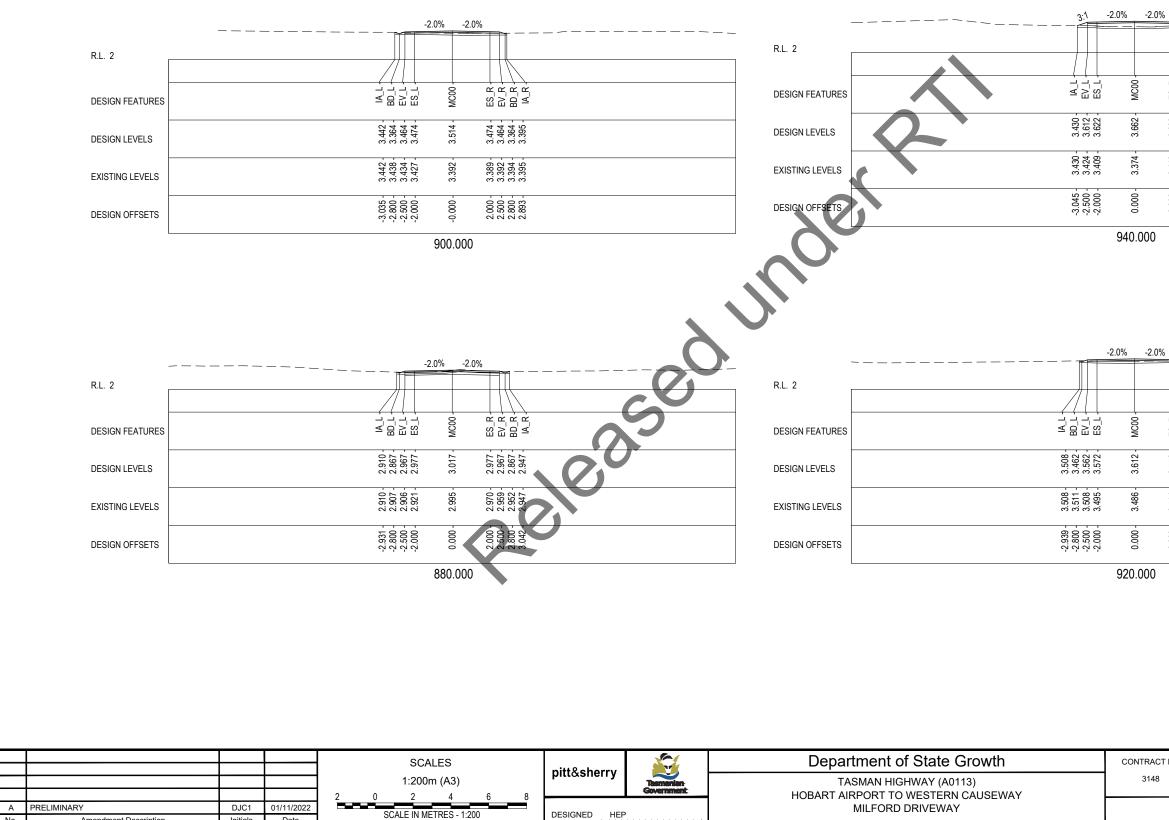
CONTRACT No. 3148

DRAWING HB19197-C2811

01-Nov-22, 12:26 PM

EV_R. IA_R.	
1.835 - 1.825 - 1.719 -	
1.722 - 1.720 - 1.719 -	
2.000 - 2.500 - 2.817 -	

-2.0%	
EV_R IA_R	
2.236 - 2.226 - 2.121 -	
2.112 - 2.121 -	
2.500 - 2.500 - 2.515 - 2.815	



REVIEWED DJC1

Height Datum: A.H.D.

Date

Initials

A3 original This sheet may be prepared using colour and may be incomplete if copied Co-ordinate System: MGA ZONE 55

No.

Amendment Description



REVISION A

2812

PRINTED DATE

SHEET No.

CONTRACT No. 3148

CROSS SECTIONS (MC00) - DRG 12

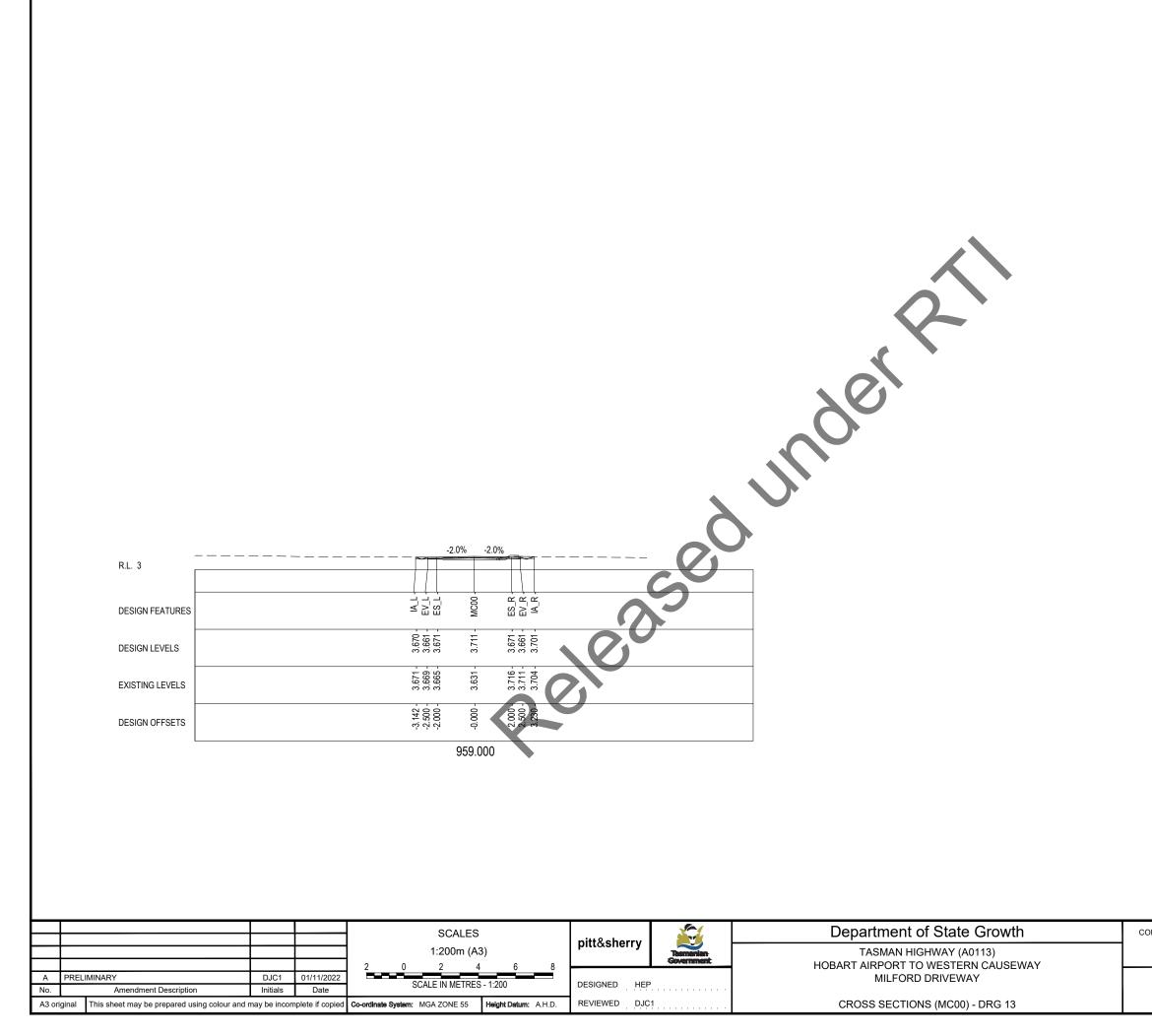
01-Nov-22, 12:27 PM

920.000

_		 	
MC00 -	ES_R - EV_R - BD_R - IA_R -		
3.612 -	3.572 - 3.562 - 3.462 - 3.528 -		
3.486 -	3.514 - 3.521 - 3.526 - 3.528 -		
- 000.0	2.000 - 2.500 - 2.800 - 2.999 -		

940.000

-2.0%	3:1
	ES_R P_R R_R
	3.622 - 3.612 - 3.427 -
	3.412 - 3.419 - 3.427 - 3.427 -
- 000.0	2.500 - 3.05666 - 3.05666 - 3.05666 - 3.05666 - 3.0566 - 3.0566 - 3.0566 - 3.0566 - 3.0566 - 3.0566 - 3.0566 - 3.0566 - 3.0566 - 3.0566 - 3.0566 - 3.0566 - 3.056666 - 3.05666 - 3.0566 - 3.0566 - 3.0566 - 3.0566 - 3.0566 - 3.0566 - 3.05666



REGISTRATION NUMBER A0113.028

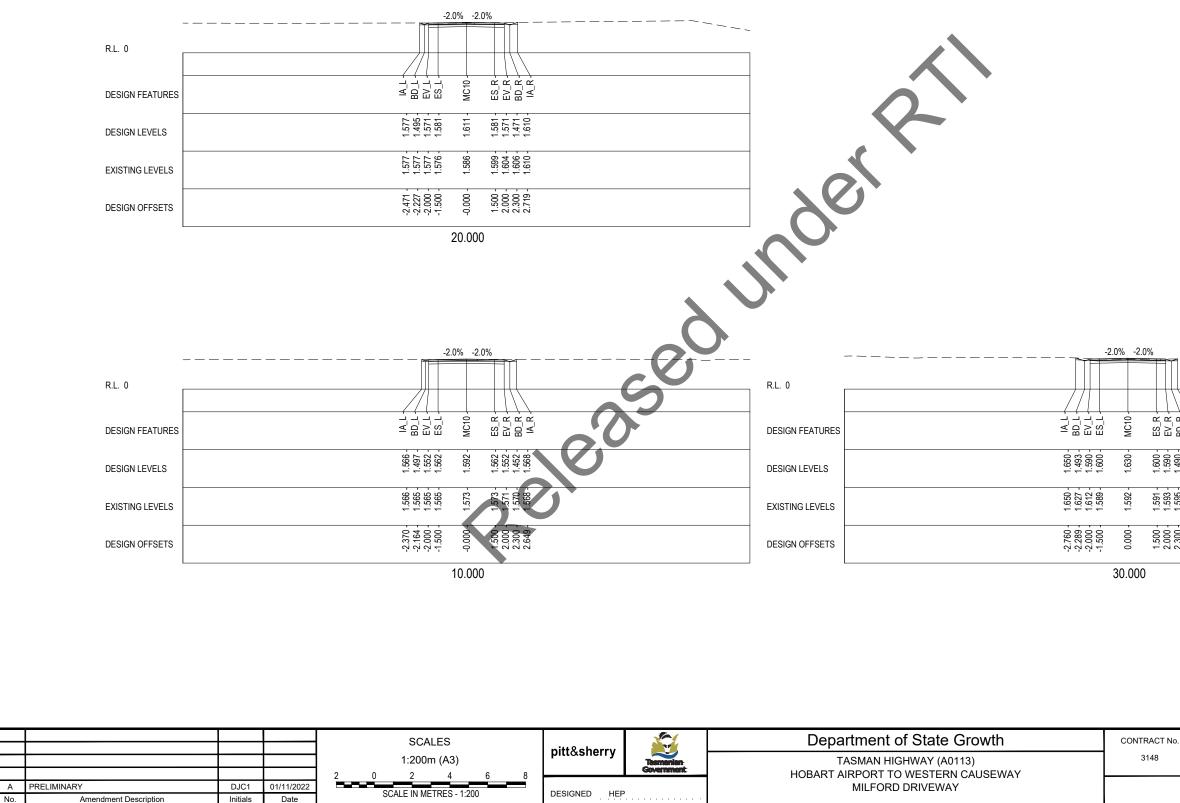
CONTRACT No. 3148

DRAWING HB19197-C2813

PRINTED DATE 01-Nov-22, 12:27 PM SHEET No.

2813

REVISION A



A3 original This sheet may be prepared using colour and may be incomplete if copied Co-ordinate System: MGA ZONE 55 Height Datum: A.H.D. REVIEWED DJC1 CROSS SECTIONS (MC10) - DRG 1

No.

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A01	13	.028

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HB19197-C2814



REVISION A

PRINTED DATE 01-Nov-22, 12:27 PM SHEET No.

3148

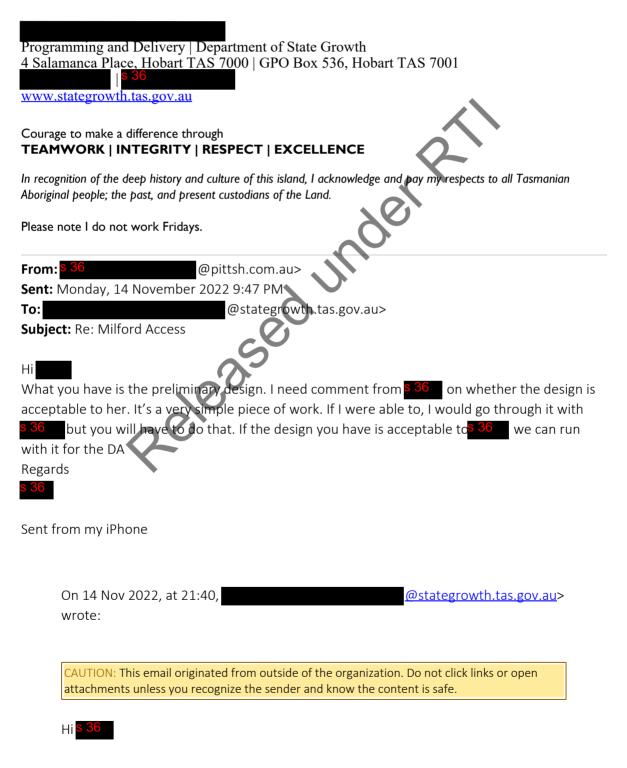
	EV_R BD_R A_R	
- 000.1	1.600 - 1.590 - 1.490 - 1.598 -	
- 260.1	1.591 - 1.593 - 1.595 - 1.598 -	
- 000.0	1.500 - 2.000 - 2.300 - 2.625 -	

From:	
To:	s 36
Subject:	RE: Milford Access
Date:	Tuesday, 15 November 2022 8:36:00 AM

Hi <mark>s 36</mark>

Have you sent the prelim through in another email trail, the hydraulic memo was attached the first email in the chain.

Thanks,



Thank you for the update. How far off is the prelim design for the driveway? Program suggests we should be at DA by now. When you send it through please consolidate all the relevant talking points with <u>5 36</u> on the driveway, including the below.

Thanks,

Programming and Delivery | Department of State Growth 4 Salamanca Place, Hobart TAS 7000 | GPO Box 536, Hobart TAS 7001 | \$ 36 www.stategrowth.tas.gov.au Courage to make a difference through TEAMWORK | INTEGRITY | RESPECT | EXCELLENCE In recognition of the deep history and culture of this island, I acknowledge and pay my respects to all Tasmanian Aboriginal people; the past, and present custodians of the Land. Please note I do not work Fridays. From: \$ 36 @ pittsh.com.au> Sent: Monday, 7 November 2022 6:09 PM To: ______@stategrowth.tas.gov.au> Subject: Re: Milford Access Hi

Report on page 3 advises that local ponding may increase near the culverts. There is no particular solution from a road design perspective. Water does not flow well across flat land.

Propose culverts are 225 mm dia. Smaller ones would keep the road a bit lower but would block up more easily.

The alternative would be no culverts, road all at existing level (or near to, it does need to be raised about 60 mm to form a crown) and concrete spoon drains to match the existing paddock drains.

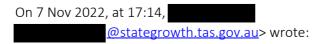
Construction technique as you suggest would be to strip topsoil to about 150- 200 mm, place 150 class4 crushed rock and top up with 75 mm brown gravel with the polymer emulsion binder. In all cases we want to get the road a bit above the surrounding ground so it does not hold water.

If there are any areas of soft foundation after a proof roll we would strengthen with Geofabric or sub grade replacement.

Further site inspection or investigation won't solve any of these issues. Regards

s 36

Sent from my iPhone



CAUTION: This email originated from outside of the organization. Do not click links or open attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

Hi <mark>s 36</mark>

You sent this from your person email, I'm responding to your work email.

We will need to be clear with <u>5 36</u> that there is an existing ponding issue with heavy rain events and the road will not make this worse (is that correct?) She will need to be aware of the silting issue in the culverts.

What does this mean for the road design? How would the road be constructed? Top soil removed, quarry run, then built up? What size culverts are intended?

Will surveyors be attending site to investigate these issues?

Thanks,

Programming and Delivery | Department of State Growth 4 Salamanca Place, Hobart TAS 7000 | GPO Box 536, Hobart TAS 7001

www.stategrowth.tas.gov.au

Courage to make a difference through **TEAMWORK | INTEGRITY | RESPECT | EXCELLENCE**

In recognition of the deep history and culture of this island, I acknowledge and pay my respects to all Tasmanian Aboriginal people; the past, and present custodians of the Land.

Please note I do not work Fridays.

From: 5 36

Sent: Thursday, 3 November 2022 9:48 AM

@stategrowth.tas.gov.au>

Subject: Milford Access

Hi

To:

Attached is a brief report on the drainage scenario for the access road. Might be worth discussing it with **5.36** so she is well informed of the constraints and potential future impacts. Regards



From:	
То:	s 36
Subject:	RE: [CS19-7902] 1388 Tasman Highway CAMBRIDGE TAS 7170 Revised
Date:	Monday, 14 November 2022 2:35:00 PM
Attachments:	image001.ipg
	image002.jpg
	image003.png
	image004 ppg

Hi <mark>s 36</mark>

Yes we'll need to know what is required as we need to advise if we need to do clearing although that line and include it in the indirect impacts list if applicable.

Thanks,

Programming and Delivery Department of State Growth 4 Salamanca Place, Hobart TAS 7000 GPO Box 536, Hobart TAS 7001 \$ 36 www.stategrowth.tas.gov.au
Courage to make a difference through TEAMWORK INTEGRITY RESPECT EXCELLENCE
In recognition of the deep history and culture of this island, I acknowledge and pay my respects to all Tasmanian Aboriginal people; the past, and present custodians of the Land.
Please note I do not work Fridays.
From: S 36 @pittsh.com.au>
Sent: Monday, 14 November 2022 12:01 PM
To: @stategrowth.tas.gov.au>
Subject: RE: [CS19-7902] 1388 Tasman Highway CAMBRIDGE TAS 7170 Revised
Hi
Despite earlier advice, Tasnetworks will require the easement to be cleared to the 6m/45 ⁰ zone.
We haven't checked the easement for this. I had a look at it the other day from the highway and

We haven't checked the easement for this. I had a look at it the other day from the highway and I reckon that historically it has been cleared to the requirements. For completeness we should check the western side to see if there is anything significant in that zone. I don't think it's likely to be a problem as the new line only goes 49 metres into the property from the new boundary (approx. 52 m from existing fence).

Regards

Regards



Hobart Office - Level 1, Surrey House, 199 Macquarie Street

pittsh.com.au

From:

@stategrowth.tas.gov.au>

Sent: Monday, 14 November 2022 10:22 AM

To: \$ 36 @pittsh.com.au>

Subject: RE: [CS19-7902] 1388 Tasman Highway CAMBRIDGE TAS 7170 Revised

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Hi <mark>s 36</mark>

This is great news, well done! As we not changing the easement nor will there be an easement on title, can you confirm with TN that we don't need to do the 6m clear + the 45 degree from the base of the pole? I've attached the TN clearing fact sheet to better explain what I mean.

Have we accounted for clearing, including the 45 degree, on all of our easements?

Thanks,

Programming and Delivery | Department of State Growth 4 Salamanca Place, Hobart TAS 7000 | GPO Box 536, Hobart TAS 7001

www.stategrowth.tas.gov.au

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Please note I do not work Fridays.

 From:
 36
 @pittsh.com.au

 Sent:
 Wednesday, 2 November 2022 3:18 PM

 To:
 @stategrowth.tas.gov.au

Subject: FW: [CS19-7902] 1388 Tasman Highway CAMBRIDGE TAS 7170 Revised

Good afternoon

Out of scope . No need for the easement. Advice to \$36 is that we have negotiated a position with Tasnetworks whereby we retain the powerline on its existing alignment, albeit with a taller pole on the highway. On this basis the existing statutory easement will continue to apply and a new easement will not be declared on the title.

Next time you are on the Milford property can you check if any additional clearing would be required under the line to achieve 6 m @ 45° either side of the line. I suspect that this has been the historical extent of clearing. I will also have a look from the highway next time I'm out that

way. Either way I expect that **S36** wont be concerned about clearing under the power line.

Regards

s 36			
Principal Engineer			
s 36			
Hobart Office — Level 1, Surrey House, 199 Macquarie Street PO Box 94 Hobart Tasmania 7001 Phone <mark>s 36</mark>			

pittsh.com.au

Out of scope

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Released under Rh

FACT SHEET



Attachment 1

Vegetation clearing for new powerlines on private property

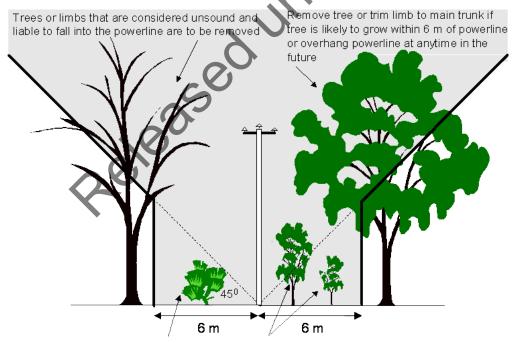
Vegetation contacting or blowing onto powerlines can cause bushfires, supply outages to large areas and pose a public safety risk. TasNetworks allocates considerable resources to keep vegetation from encroaching onto powerlines.

Removing vegetation growing in the vicinity of a powerline before the powerline is built is the most effective way of reducing these risks. Achieving the clearances shown below will help to do this.

Vegetation clearing on private property is your responsibility. Should vegetation need to be cleared on your neighbour's property, then the negotiation, clearing and acquisition of any easement is also your responsibility.

If achieving the clearances is not possible, we would be pleased to discuss other supply alternatives such as underground cables, aerial bundled conductor, transformer location, alternative line route, etc. Each supply option has its own merits and associated customer cost and it is important that the best option is adopted.

Please be mindful that tree removal and clearance distances need to be in place at the start of construction and all fallen trees and branches should be removed or placed outside the 6m clearance area.



Species with a maximum mature growth height of less than 3 m need not be cut

Species with a maximum mature growth height of greater than 3 m are to be removed at ground level and the stump poisoned

How to contact us

TasNetworks Pty Ltd Customer Supply Team PO Box 419, Launceston Tas 7250 Phone: 1300 137 008





Hi

I don't find an offset strategy mentioned in this document. If there is another reference to it please let me know.

Regards





Australian Government

Department of Sustainability, Environment, Water, Population and Communities



Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999 Environmental Offsets Policy

October 2012

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1. EPBC ACT ENVIRONMENTAL OFFSETS POLICY

Introduction

This policy outlines the Australian Government's approach to the use of environmental offsets ('offsets') under the *Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999* (EPBC Act). It replaces the draft policy statement Use of environmental offsets under the EPBC Act (2007).

Offsets are defined as measures that compensate for the residual adverse impacts of an action on the environment. Where appropriate, offsets are considered during the assessment phase of an environmental impact assessment under the EPBC Act, as outlined in Section 5 of this document. This policy provides transparency around how the suitability of offsets is determined. The suitability of a proposed offset is considered as part of the decision as to whether or not to approve a proposed action under the EPBC Act.

There are different ways to achieve good environmental outcomes. This policy provides flexibility in delivering those outcomes. For example, the enduring protection and management of a threatened species' habitat can be achieved through a variety of methods, including through conservation land management by rural landholders, or in partnerships with Indigenous communities. The policy is intended to provide a transparent framework to give greater certainty for businesses and others considering actions that may potentially be subject to an offset requirement, while also promoting consistency and providing robust, positive environmental outcomes.

The Offsets assessment guide, which accompanies this policy, has been developed in order to give effect to the requirements of this policy, utilising a balance sheet approach to measure impacts and offsets. It applies where the impacted protected matter is a threatened species or ecological community. The Offsets assessment guide is a tool that has been developed for expert users in the department to assess the suitability of offset proposals. The guide is also available to proponents to assist with planning for future development proposals and estimating future offset requirements.

A technical review of the policy and guide will be undertaken one year after they come into effect. Subsequent reviews will be undertaken every five years. The use of offsets is a developing policy area, and this policy incorporates current international best practice.

This policy was finalised on 20 September 2012, and applies to any new referrals and variations to approval conditions from 2 October 2012. It also applies to any projects currently under assessment for which a proposed decision has not yet been made.



2. SCOPE OF THIS POLICY

The EPBC Act is the Australian Government's principal piece of environmental legislation. It is designed to protect national environmental assets, known as matters of national environmental significance, and other protected matters. If a proposed development or other action ('proposed action') is likely to have a significant impact upon a protected matter then it must be referred for assessment under the EPBC Act. Proposed actions may range from a housing development, an offshore gas project, a mining project, to the construction of a road. Further information on the EPBC Act can be found at www.environment.gov.au/epbc/ index.html.

This policy relates to all matters protected under the EPBC Act ('protected matters'). These are:

- · world heritage properties
- · national heritage places
- wetlands of international importance (listed under the Ramsar Convention)
- listed threatened species and ecological communities
- migratory species protected under international agreements
- · Commonwealth marine areas
- the Great Barrier Reef Marine Park
- the environment, where nuclear actions are involved;
- the environment, where actions proposed are on, or will affect Commonwealth land and the environment,

 the environment, where Commonwealth agencies are proposing to take an action.

The policy applies to offsetting requirements in terrestrial and aquatic (including marine) environments.

The policy applies to both project-byproject assessments and approvals under Parts 8 and 9 of the EPBC Act and to strategic assessments under Part 10 of the EPBC Act. Proposed new strategic assessments may consider alternative metrics other than the *Offset assessment guide* (e.g. if a jurisdiction has developed a metric tailored to their needs) provided the principles of this policy are met. This will be considered on a case by case basis.

2.1 Application of the policy to heritage values

The use of offsets to compensate for adverse impacts to heritage values is appropriate in some circumstances. In cases where offsetting of adverse impacts on heritage values is considered possible and appropriate, the principles of this policy apply with regard to determining what constitutes a suitable offset. Offsets for impacts on heritage values should improve the integrity and resilience of the heritage values of the property involved. This may include offsets in areas adjacent to the property. For further information, please contact the department (contact details are at section 10).



3. AIMS OF THE POLICY AND OVERARCHING OFFSET REQUIREMENTS

The *EPBC Act environmental offsets policy* has five key aims, to:

- ensure the efficient, effective, timely, transparent, proportionate, scientifically robust and reasonable use of offsets under the EPBC Act
- 2. provide proponents, the community and other stakeholders with greater certainty and guidance on how offsets are determined and when they may be considered under the EPBC Act
- deliver improved environmental outcomes by consistently applying the policy
- 4. outline the appropriate nature and scale of offsets and how they are determined
- 5. provide guidance on acceptable delivery mechanisms for offsets.

Box 1 provides the overarching principles that are applied in determining the suitability of offsets.

Box 1: Offset Principles

Suitable offsets must:

- deliver an overall conservation outcome that improves or maintains the viability of the aspect of the environment that is protected by national environment law and affected by the proposed action
- 2. be built around direct offsets but may include other compensatory measures

- be in proportion to the level of statutory protection that applies to the protected matter
- be of a size and scale proportionate to the residual impacts on the protected matter
- 5. effectively account for and manage the risks of the offset not succeeding
 - be additional to what is already required, determined by law or planning regulations or agreed to under other schemes or programs (this does not preclude the recognition of state or territory offsets that may be suitable as offsets under the EPBC Act for the same action, see section 7.6)
- 7. be efficient, effective, timely, transparent, scientifically robust and reasonable
- have transparent governance arrangements including being able to be readily measured, monitored, audited and enforced.

In assessing the suitability of an offset, government decision-making will be:

- informed by scientifically robust information and incorporate the precautionary principle in the absence of scientific certainty
- 10. conducted in a consistent and transparent manner.

4. WHAT ARE ENVIRONMENTAL OFFSETS?

The term 'environmental offsets' refers to measures that compensate for the residual adverse impacts of an action on the environment. Offsets provide environmental benefits to counterbalance the impacts that remain after avoidance and mitigation measures. These remaining, unavoidable impacts are termed 'residual impacts'. For assessments under the EPBC Act, offsets are only required if residual impacts are significant.¹

Offsets can help to achieve long-term environmental outcomes for matters protected under the EPBC Act, while providing flexibility for proponents seeking to undertake an action that will have residual impacts on those protected matters.

Offsets do not mean proposals with unacceptable impacts will be approved. They simply provide an additional tool that can be used during the environmental impact assessment process.

4.1 How are offsets different to avoidance and mitigation measures?

Avoidance and mitigation measures are the primary strategies for managing the potential significant impact of a proposed action. They directly reduce the scale and intensity of the potential impacts of a proposed action. Offsets do not reduce the likely impacts of a proposed action, but instead compensate for any residual significant impact.

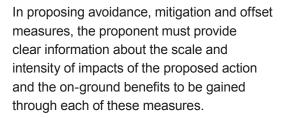
Avoidance of impacts on protected matters may be achieved through comprehensive planning and suitable site selection, for example by changing the route of an access road to avoid an endangered ecological community.

After all reasonable avoidance measures have been put in place, mitigation of any remaining significant impact must be undertaken, for example putting in place measures to reduce sediment runoff from a development site that may otherwise affect a threatened fish species.

Avoidance and mitigation measures can reduce and, in some cases, remove the need for offsets if the residual impact is not significant. Offsets will not be considered until all reasonable avoidance and mitigation measures are considered, or acceptable reasons are provided as to why avoidance or mitigation of impacts is not reasonably achievable.



¹ As defined in Significant impact guidelines 1.1 – matters of national environmental significance and Significant impact guidelines 1.2 – actions on, or impacting upon, Commonwealth land and actions by Commonwealth agencies, available at www.environment.gov.au/epbc/ guidelines-policies.html.



4.2 Types of offsets

An offsets package is a suite of actions that a proponent undertakes in order to compensate for the residual significant impact of a project. It can comprise a combination of *direct offsets* and *other compensatory measures*. Offsets should align with conservation priorities for the impacted protected matter and be tailored specifically to the attribute of the protected matter that is impacted in order to deliver a conservation gain. For instance, if the proposed action is likely to have impacts on foraging habitat for a particular protected matter, then the offset should create, improve, protect and/or manage foraging habitat.

Offsets should compensate for an impact for the full duration of the impact. Offsets that deliver an outcome prior to the impact commencing are encouraged, as they minimise effects on the protected matter resulting from offset time delays (see section 4.2.3 Advanced offsets).

Offsets that deliver social, economic and/or environmental co-benefits are encouraged (See Box 2).

4.2.1 Direct offsets

Direct offsets are those actions that provide a measurable conservation gain for an impacted protected matter.

Direct offsets are an essential component of a suitable offsets package. A minimum of 90 per cent of the offset requirements for any given impact must be met through direct offsets.

Deviation from the 90 per cent direct offset requirement will only be considered where:

- it can be demonstrated that a greater benefit to the protected matter is likely to be achieved through increasing the proportion of other compensatory measures in an offsets package or;
- scientific uncertainty is so high that it isn't possible to determine a direct offset that is likely to benefit the protected matter.
 For example, this can be the case in some poorly understood ecosystems in the Commonwealth marine environment

Conservation gain is the benefit that a direct offset delivers to the protected matter, which maintains or increases its viability or reduces any threats of damage, destruction or extinction. A conservation gain may be achieved by:

- improving existing habitat for the protected matter
- creating new habitat for the protected matter
- reducing threats to the protected matter
- increasing the values of a heritage place, and/or
- averting the loss of a protected matter or its habitat that is under threat.

Conservation gain in the marine environment may include improving protection of important protected species habitat, such as sea grass, or by addressing pressures on the protected matter or its habitat, such as removing derelict fishing nets and other marine debris.

Averting the loss of a protected matter or its habitat is considered to deliver a conservation gain where there is an immediate threat of destruction or degradation, and the risk of loss of that particular site is averted by securing its future for conservation purposes (for example through a conservation covenant on the title of the land). In the *Offsets assessment guide*, considering future risks to a specific site in order to quantify averted loss is undertaken over either a 20 year time-frame or for the duration of the offset, whichever is the shorter period.

4.2.2 Other compensatory measures

Other compensatory measures are those actions that do not directly offset the impacts on the protected matter, but are anticipated to lead to benefits for the impacted protected matter, for example funding for research or educational programs. Requirements for other compensatory measures are outlined at Appendix A.

Other compensatory measures should relate to the impacted aspect of the protected matter. For example, research into effective re-vegetation techniques for a particular ecological community may be an appropriate component of an offsets package for an action that involves clearing of that ecological community.

4.2.3 Advanced offsets

Advanced environmental offsets are a supply of offsets for potential future use, transfer or sale. An example of an advanced offset is protection or improvement of habitat for the conservation of a protected matter before an impact is undertaken. Advanced offsets are encouraged where practical, given that they provide a means to better manage the risks associated with the time delay in realising the conservation gain for a protected matter. The *Offsets assessment guide* places higher value on offsets that deliver a conservation gain in a shorter time period. This can reduce overall offset requirements.

Proponents or offset providers looking to establish advanced offsets should discuss these with the department at the earliest possible opportunity. Proponents should monitor and record baseline data associated with the establishment of the offset and improvements over time.

The department will consider advanced offsets that deliver a conservation gain after the commencement of the EPBC Act, on 16 July 2000.

Advanced offsets must satisfy all requirements in this policy, including those relating to offsets being additional to other legislation and schemes, as outlined in section 7.6. It is important to note that advanced offsets do not in any way prejudice the outcome of any future assessment of an action. That is, while planning advanced offsets may result in lower overall offset requirements, it does not influence whether or not an action referred under the EPBC Act will be determined as acceptable.



Box 2: Delivering social, economic and/or environmental co-benefits

While the primary consideration in determining suitable offsets is delivering a conservation gain for the impacted protected matter, the delivery of offsets that establish positive social or economic co-benefits is encouraged.

Social and economic or environmental co-benefits may be delivered where an offset aligns with broader strategic environmental objectives such as those outlined in the National Wildlife Corridors Plan, the Indigenous health strategy Closing the gap, or policies that enhance the environment of regional Australia. For example:

- an offset contributing to an area recognised as important to increasing landscape connectivity, above and beyond what is required by the impacted protected matter
- an offset that employs local indigenous rangers to undertake management actions
- an offset delivered by paying rural landholders to protect and manage land for conservation purposes.

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5. THE ROLE OF OFFSETS IN ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT UNDER THE EPBC ACT

Figure 1 shows the role of offsets within the broader environmental impact assessment process under the EPBC Act.

5.1 Referral stage

The referral stage, under Part 7 of the EPBC Act, is the initial screening stage of the environmental impact assessment process Referrals are used to determine whether significant adverse impacts on protected matters are likely to occur and to make a formal decision on whether a proposed action requires full assessment under the EPBC Act. If the Minister or the Minister's delegate (the decision maker) decides the proposed action is a 'Controlled Action', it requires full assessment under Part 9 of the EPBC Act. If significant impacts on protected matters are determined to be unlikely then the action may be declared 'Not a Controlled Action' and can proceed. The offsets policy does not apply to actions that have been declared as 'Not a Controlled Action'.

The EPBC Act does not allow for any beneficial impacts, such as offsets, to be considered at the referral stage.

5.2 Assessment stage

In order to determine if an offset is necessary, the impacts of a proposed action need to be fully understood. At the assessment stage the decision maker considers the following issues in detail:

- What is the nature of the likely impacts on protected matters? – which protected matters are likely to be impacted by the action? What is the scale and size of impacts? What are the risks to the viability of protected matters arising from the action? Will impacts on protected matters be permanent or temporary?
- Can impacts on protected matters be avoided? – can the proposed action be redesigned to avoid impacting protected matters? What alternatives have been considered? Have environmental considerations been factored into the project's design?
- Can impacts on protected matters be mitigated? – what actions can take place that will reduce the impacts arising from the proposed action? For example, developing environmental management plans, implementing erosion control measures, fencing off environmentally sensitive areas etc.



- Are the residual impacts likely to be significant? – what are the residual impacts on protected matters that are still likely to occur after the proposed activities to avoid and mitigate all impacts are taken into account? E.g. will the proposed action only slightly disturb an area of potential habitat for a threatened species or will it destroy an area of habitat known to be used by a threatened species?
- Are offsets a suitable approach?

 are offsets needed to help compensate for residual impacts on the protected matter and are they feasible?

It is important to note that offsets are not required for all approvals under the EPBC Act. Offsets are not required where the impacts of a proposed action are not thought to be significant or could reasonably be avoided or mitigated.

If an offset is appropriate, then the proponent should discuss offset options with the department and submit an offsets proposal. This proposal should describe the offset and demonstrate how it will provide an appropriate benefit to compensate for any residual impact on the protected matter. The department will then assess this proposal against the policy and where the impacted protected matter is a threatened species or ecological community - the Offsets assessment guide. If the proposed offset is not considered to be suitable, the department will discuss this finding with the proponent and provide them with an opportunity to submit a revised proposal.

5.3 Decision stage

Following assessment, the decision maker considers the offset proposal in deciding whether the proposed action should be approved. In some cases, a suitable offset may not be proposed or available and a decision on the overall acceptability of the project will need to be made.

The offset proposal is one of many considerations that are weighed at the decision stage in determining the overall acceptability of the proposed action, including economic and social matters. These considerations are outlined in the ERBC Act in Sections 136–140A.

Offset requirements are included as a condition of approval under section 134 of the EPBC Act.

5.4 Post-approval stage

If an approval has been granted that incorporates offsets into the conditions of approval, the proponent is responsible for ensuring that the offsets are delivered in accordance with the approved conditions. The department has an active monitoring and audit program to ensure that conditions of approval are implemented. Where a proponent becomes aware that they may not be able to fulfil a condition of approval, they should approach the department in the first instance to discuss the matter and see what options are available to remedy the situation. Breaches of approval conditions, including those relating to offsets, can incur significant penalties. Further information on the department's EPBC Act Compliance and Enforcement Policy is available at www.environment.gov.au/epbc/ publications/index.html.



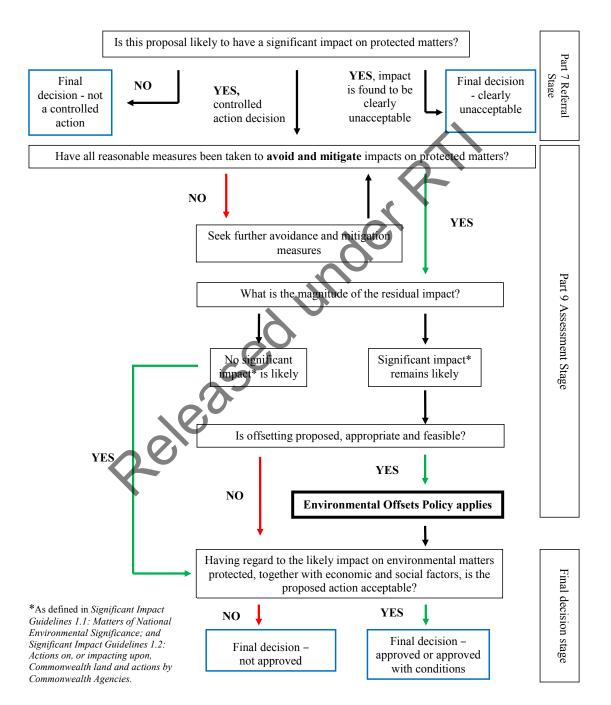


Figure 1 – The role of offsets within the broader environmental impact assessment process.



6. PLANNING AN OFFSET PROPOSAL

An appropriate offsets package should be developed by proponents in consultation with the department. There are two key types of information utilised in planning an offset proposal – determining what types of activities would be appropriate as offsets for a given impact, and determining the specific size and scope of an offsets package.

In determining the appropriateness of the offset activities proposed, the department will consult the relevant Commonwealth approved recovery plan, threat abatement plan, conservation advice, ecological character description, management plan and/or listing document. Where Commonwealth approved guidance documents are not available or are insufficient in detail, the department will review additional information sources such as state and territory management plans or peer-reviewed scientific literature to inform priority offset activities.

If the department is satisfied that the offset activities are suitable, the department will consider whether appropriateness of the magnitude and composition of the proposed offset package in detail on a case-by-case basis. There are a range of considerations taken into account at both the impact site and the proposed offset site as discussed in sections 7 and 8. Proponents should include detailed information pertaining to these considerations in their offsets proposal. The *Offsets assessment guide* will be used by the department at this stage if the impacted protected matter is a threatened species or ecological community.



Matters to be considered at the impact site include the:

- presence and conservation status of protected matters likely to be impacted by the proposed action
- specific attributes of the protected matter being impacted at a site, for example: the type of threatened species or ecological community habitat, the quality of habitat, population attributes such as recruitment or mortality, landscape attributes such as habitat connectivity, or heritage values
- scale and nature of the impacts of the proposed action – including direct and indirect impacts
- duration of the impact (not of the action).

Matters to be considered at the offset site include the:

- extent to which the proposed offset actions correlate to, and adequately compensate for, the impacts on the attributes for the protected matter
- conservation gain to be achieved by the offset. This may be through positive management activities that improve the viability of the protected matter or averting the future loss, degradation or damage of the protected matter

- current land tenure of the offset and the proposed method of securing and managing the offset for the life of the impact
- time it will take to achieve the proposed conservation gain
- level of certainty that the proposed offset will be successful. In the case of uncertainty, such as using a previously untested conservation technique, a greater variety and/or quantity of offsets may be required to minimise risk
- suitability of the location of the offset site. In most cases this will be as close to the impact site as possible. However, if it can be shown that a greater conservation benefit for the impacted protected matter can be achieved by providing an offset further away, then this will be considered.



7. OFFSET REQUIREMENTS

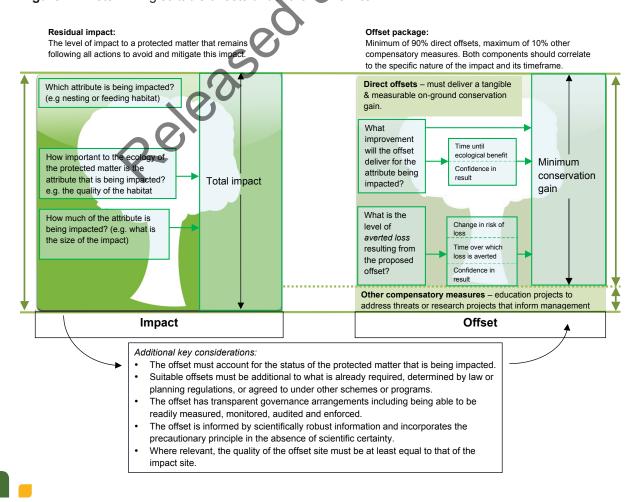
Suitable offsets are determined by applying the requirements outlined in Box 1, and as illustrated by Figure 2.

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The *Offsets assessment guide* gives effect to these requirements and provides a decision-making framework for the department to consider the appropriateness and adequacy of proposed offsets for listed threatened species and ecological communities.

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Figure 2 - Determining suitable offsets under the EPBC Act



7.1 Suitable offsets must deliver an overall conservation outcome that improves or maintains the viability of the protected matter

Offsets must directly contribute to the ongoing viability of the protected matter impacted by the proposed action, and deliver an overall conservation outcome that *improves or maintains* the viability of the protected matter as compared to what is likely to have occurred under the status quo, that is if neither the action nor the offset had taken place.

Offsets should be tailored specifically to the attribute of the protected matter that is impacted in order to deliver a conservation gain. For example, if the impact is the removal of foraging habitat for a listed threatened bird species, then an appropriate offset would be creating new similar habitat through re-vegetation works, improving the quality of existing foraging habitat for the species, and/or protecting existing foraging habitat though putting a conservation covenant on the title of the land. If an impact decreases the nesting success of a listed threatened turtle species due to light pollution, then an appropriate offset may be increasing the birth rate of that same species in a nearby location through threat abatement activities such as reducing feral pig predation on turtle nests.

In some circumstances it may be possible to demonstrate that a better conservation outcome can be achieved for the protected matter by deviating from this rule. If this is the case then the decision-maker may consider this. For instance, in the first example above, if the limiting attribute to the viability of the protected matter in a particular area is not foraging habitat, but nesting habitat, then an offset that produces more nesting habitat may be considered satisfactory for an impact on foraging habitat. For heritage values, offsetting for the same or similar values in the same property or adjacent to it may be suitable where it can be demonstrated that such an activity will improve the overall integrity and resilience of the property.

In no instances will trading offsets across different protected matters be considered as a suitable offset. That is, where an action impacts on a specific threatened or migratory species, ecological community, Ramsar wetland or heritage property, any offset must relate to that same specific matter which is impacted.

When the protected matter is the whole of the environment (nuclear actions, proposals involving the Commonwealth, actions that affect Commonwealth areas and the Great Barrier Reef Marine Park), offsets must be targeted to the aspect of the environment that is being impacted so as to directly compensate for the impact. For example, where an action has a residual impact that involves the clearing of native vegetation or the degradation of water quality, an offset proposal would need to adequately compensate for these specific residual impacts.

For impacts on habitat for threatened species, migratory species and threatened ecological communities, any direct offset must meet, as a minimum, the quality of the habitat at the impact site. Where a proposed offset site has a lower habitat quality than that of the impact site, the offset must be managed and resourced over a defined period of time so that its habitat quality is improved to meet the quality of habitat originally impacted. Supporting and/or recreating non-endemic vegetation or ecosystems would not be considered a suitable offset.

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7.2 Suitable offsets must be built around direct offsets but may include other compensatory measures

Offsets must be built around direct offsets, which should form a minimum of 90 per cent of the total offset requirement. Most proponents will be able to provide a direct offset that will satisfy 100 per cent of the offset requirement. However, other compensatory measures may satisfy up to a maximum of 10 per cent of the total offset requirement.

The circumstances in which deviation from the 90 per cent direct offset requirement may be considered are outlined in section 4.2.1.

Where possible, an offset should address key priority actions outlined for the impacted protected matter in any approved recovery plans, threat abatement plan, conservation advice, ecological character description or approved Commonwealth management plan. Higher priority actions are preferred to lower priority actions. Appendix A outlines what other compensatory measures are considered suitable.

7.2.1 Tenure for direct offsets

For direct offsets, the securing of existing unprotected habitat as an offset only provides a conservation gain if that habitat was under some level of threat of being destroyed or degraded, and as a result of offsetting will instead be protected in an enduring way and actively managed to maintain or improve the viability of the protected matter. In these cases, the tenure of the offset should be secured for at least the same duration as the impact on the protected matter arising from the action, not necessarily the action itself. As a general guide, the best legal mechanisms for protecting land are intended to be permanent (lasting forever) and are secure (that is, they are difficult to change or alter). These two elements are important because they mean that land set aside as an offset will continue to provide a secure benefit to the impacted protected matter.

Legal mechanisms, such as conservation covenants, exist in each state and territory to enable the protection of land that is set aside for environmental purposes on a permanent or long-term basis. Suitable mechanisms for a particular offset must be built around the principles outlined in Box 3.

In addition to state and territory legal mechanisms for securing offsets, there is also provision under Part 14 of the EPBC Act for the Minister to enter into a conservation agreement with a third party for the conservation of a protected matter. An EPBC Act conservation agreement is a flexible instrument that can be used for implementing a range of management activities to benefit a protected matter, such as fencing off important habitat areas, undertaking weed and feral animal control or the establishment of compensatory habitat. They can also require a landholder to refrain from, control or refuse to permit, activities that may adversely affect the species, ecological communities, habitats or potential habitats covered by the agreement.

Marine areas are predominantly managed by state, territory and/or Commonwealth government agencies. In determining appropriate offset packages in marine environments, proponents should engage with the relevant governing jurisdiction to identify suitable areas of habitat that may be protected and/or improved to achieve a conservation gain. This could include removing pressures, such as dredging, on habitat for a protected matter.



Box 3: Suitable Offset Mechanisms

Offsets on public lands

- should be legally secured for conservation purposes for at least the duration of the impact
- · should be statutorily defined and resourced
- any change in management status should require Ministerial or statutory approval.

Offsets on private lands

- should be legally secured for conservation purposes for at least the duration of the impact
- the securing scheme should actively monitor for compliance, with covenant requirements enforced
- any change in legal status should require Ministerial or statutory approval.

Offsets on Indigenous owned lands

- should have customary law protection with Traditional Owners holding a non-transferable interest in the land with a commitment to its long-term protective management
- should include a commitment from Traditional Owners to accept and manage the offset.

Offsets in the marine environment

- should be implemented for the duration of the impact
- should be developed in consultation with governing jurisdiction(s).

In some situations there may be difficulties in permanently securing a site for conservation purposes due to the existing tenure of the land. Such situations will be considered by the department on a case-by-case basis. However, where the security of an offset is diminished, the risk to any protected matters, and subsequently the magnitude of offsets required, will increase. Further discussion of the relationship between risk to the protected matter and the scale of a suitable offset is at section 7.5.

7.2.2 Impacting on existing EPBC Act offsets

Where a proposed action is likely to impact on an existing EPBC Act offset, the person proposing to take the action should refer it to the department to determine whether or not it will require further assessment under the EPBC Act. There is an increased likelihood of significant impacts arising from actions on an existing offset site due to the nature of such sites containing and/or supporting protected matters. Where such actions are determined to be controlled actions, irrespective of the ownership or tenure of the impacted offset, the person proposing to take the action must develop an offsets package to compensate for both the impact of the proposed action, as well as the original action for which the offset was a condition of approval. The subsequent offset conditions would not amount to a variation of the original conditions of approval or excuse non-compliance with those conditions.



7.3 Suitable offsets must be in proportion to the level of statutory protection that applies to the protected matter

Due to the higher risk involved with protected matters of greater conservation status, the offsets required for those protected matters with higher conservation status must be greater than those with a lower status. For listed threatened species and ecological communities, this is calculated in the *Offsets assessment guide* by using International Union for Conservation of Nature data on the probability of annual extinction for different categories of threatened species.

Information regarding the conservation status of threatened species and ecological communities is held in the department's Species Profile and Threats Database which can be found at www.environment. gov.au/cgi-bin/sprat/public/sprat.pl.

Further information on other matters protected by the EPBC Act can be found at www.environment.gov.au/epbc/ protect/index.html.

7.4 Suitable offsets must be of a size and scale proportionate to the residual impacts on the protected matter

Offsets must be proportionate to the size and scale of the residual impacts arising from the action so as to deliver a conservation gain that adequately compensates for the impacted matter. The size and scale of an offset required for each impact is determined by taking account of a number of different considerations that are discussed in this policy, including the:

- level of statutory protection that applies
 to the protected matter
- specific attributes of the protected matter, or its habitat, being impacted
- quality or importance of the attributes being impacted with regard to the protected matter's ongoing viability
- permanent or temporary nature of the residual impacts
- level of threat (risk of loss) that a proposed offset site is under
- time it will take an offset to yield a conservation gain for the protected matter
- risk of the conservation gain not being realised.

As the time it takes for an offset to deliver an ecological benefit increases, so do the risks to the protected matter. The relationship between risk and scale is represented in Figure 3.



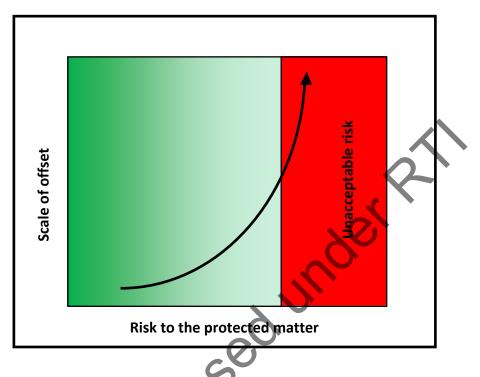


Figure 3 – Relationship between scale of offset requirements and risk

7.5 Suitable offsets must effectively account for and manage the risks of the offset not succeeding

The use of offsets as a compensatory measure through the assessment and approval process involves two levels of risk. The first, and highest, level of risk is that the impact on the protected matter will be too great and that an offset will not be able to compensate for the impact. This risk is addressed through the assessment process.

The second level of risk relates to whether individual offsets are likely to be successful in compensating for the residual impacts of a particular action over a period of time. It is this risk that is considered in determining a suitable offset and has direct bearing on the scale of the offset required. The magnitude of a suitable offset will increase proportionately to the risk posed to the protected matter by the proposed action. The relationship between risk and the scale of offset required is demonstrated in Figure 3 above.

In general terms, direct offsets present a lower risk than other compensatory measures, as they are more likely to result in a conservation gain for a protected matter. The advanced delivery of offsets (that is, those that are in place before the proposed action takes place) also reduce the risk profile of an offset through providing a conservation gain at an earlier point in time (see section 4.2.3 relating to advanced offsets).



Because of these uncertainties, a risk based approach incorporating the precautionary principle is taken when determining whether offsets are a suitable option and whether they can compensate for the residual impacts on a case by case basis. Specifically, risk is taken into account when considering:

- · What is the residual impact?
- · What type of offset should be provided?
- · What size should the proposed offset be?
- Where should the proposed offset be located?

There is also the risk that offsets may result in perverse outcomes, either for the environment as a whole or for other aspects of the community, for instance social and economic factors. To avoid these outcomes, analysis of the possible perverse outcomes will form part of the decision making process in deciding the suitability of an offset package.

7.6 Suitable offsets must be additional to what is already required, determined by law or planning regulations, or agreed to under other schemes or programs

Offsets must deliver a conservation gain for the impacted protected matter, and that conservation gain must be new, or additional to what is already required by a duty of care or to any environmental planning laws at any level of government. It is important to note however that this does not preclude the recognition of state or territory offsets that may be suitable as offsets under the EPBC Act for the same action (see section 7.6.1). This requirement would, however, generally prohibit using a piece of land already set aside in the conservation estate or using a site that is already unable to be built upon due to zoning laws (a foreshore reserve for instance) as an offset for a proposed action.

Environmental offsets must also be additional to what has been paid for under other schemes or programs on a *pro rata* basis. For instance, if a landholder is receiving stewardship funding from a program such as *Caring for our Country*, then the conservation gain achieved through fulfilling the program's contract is not eligible to be used as an offset. Similarly, the conservation gain achieved while participating in another scheme (such as the *Carbon Farming Initiative*), would also not be eligible for use as an offset.

However, if the proposed offset is for further activities that achieve additional conservation gain on the same piece of land, then those additional activities may be eligible for use as offsets. For example, if a piece of land is being used as an offset to preserve and manage that land for the protected matter, then it may be permissible to use that piece of land to offset another proposed action where:

- there are no perverse outcomes
 e.g. there is no conflict between the management of the two offsets, such as the need for conflicting fire regimes; and
- synergies are produced e.g. releasing and actively managing captive bred animals (offset 2) into an already protected and managed area for the same species (offset 1) may increase the survival rate of the released animals and increase the viability of the existing population.



Whether or not an offset is considered to be additional will be assessed on a case by case basis. Where a proponent or offset provider seeks to secure an advanced offset, it must sufficiently document the establishment of that offset, including relevant baseline data, to demonstrate to the department that it is additional.

7.6.1 Links with state and territory approval processes

All of the states and territories have laws that protect the environment. The majority of proposed actions that need approval under the EPBC Act also require environmental approval from the relevant state or territory government before they can proceed.

It is important to note that while there are many similarities between the environmental laws of the states and territories and the EPBC Act, they also differ in a fundamental way. The EPBC Act focuses on protecting matters of national environmental significance and only protects the broader environment in certain circumstances. State and territory laws on the other hand usually protect the environment as a whole (for example air quality, noise pollution, water quality, biodiversity, and heritage values). These differing legislative objectives result in different assessment processes and can result in different offset requirements.

As a consequence, some proponents may need to provide offsets under both state or territory laws and the EPBC Act for the same action. A state or territory offset will count toward an offset under the EPBC Act to the extent that it compensates for the residual impact to the protected matter identified under the EPBC Act. Making an early referral provides an opportunity to align the impact assessment processes of the relevant state or territory with the EPBC Act to the extent that this is possible.

7.7 Suitable offsets must be efficient, effective, timely, transparent, scientifically robust and reasonable

Efficient and effective offsets are those that maintain or improve the viability of a protected matter through the sound allocation of resources. For example, where it is possible under this policy, the Australian Government will work with states and territories to align offset requirements. This alignment will deliver efficient and streamlined assessment processes for project proponents and effective environmental outcomes.

Offsets must also be timely. That is, an offset should be implemented either before, or at the same point in time as, the impact arising from the action. This timing is distinct from the time it will take an offset to yield a conservation gain for the protected matter, which may be a point in the future.

Offsets must be based on both scientifically robust and transparent information that sufficiently analyses and documents the benefit to a protected matter's ecological function or values. This includes undertaking desktop modelling of offset benefits and conducting relevant field work as appropriate.



7.8 Suitable offsets must have transparent governance arrangements including being able to be readily measured, monitored, audited and enforced

Offsets must be delivered within appropriate and transparent governance arrangements. Proponents, or their contractors, must report on the success of the offsets so that conditions of approval can be varied if the offsets are not delivering the desired outcome.

Offset proposals will need to include clearly articulated measures of success that are linked to the purpose of the offsets and provide clear benchmarks about their success or failure. Annual reports will be required by the department and, where possible, will be made publicly available.

Performance of offsets will be reviewed as part of the monitoring, compliance and audit program for all proposals considered under the EPBC Act. All offsets will be registered and details, such as spatial information (for example GPS data), information on the relevant protected matters and the ongoing management actions required will be recorded. This information will be made publicly available on the department's website where it is appropriate to do so. This registration process will ensure that land that is proposed as an offset is available and suitable for use as an offset in each particular case, allow strategic planning, and streamline processes with state and territory requirements and schemes.

Establishment costs of offsets required as a condition of approval under the EPBC Act must be borne by the proponent and the offset must be designed in a way that is able to be measured, monitored, audited and enforced. The department will not be responsible for the costs of establishing an offset, or any costs associated with the ongoing management of an offset.

Where a proponent elects to have a third party manage or establish an offset area or program, the proponent must make contractual arrangements with the third party to deliver the offset in accordance with their approval conditions.

In determining the success of an offset, proponents will be required to report data that allows for the performance of an offset to be evaluated. Obtaining such data is part of the ongoing management of an offset and the cost therefore lies with the proponent. Conditions will require that data be made readily available to the department and in a format that can be easily integrated into a departmental database.



8. GOVERNMENT DECISION-MAKING RELATING TO OFFSETS

8.1 Decisions will be informed by scientifically robust information

In keeping with the broader environmental impact assessment process under the EPBC Act, the determination of offsets is based on the best available scientific data and evidence. Key sources for determining offset priorities include the relevant Commonwealth approved recovery plan, threat abatement plan, conservation advice, ecological character description, 1 management plan or listing document. Where Commonwealth approved guidance documents are not available or are insufficient in detail, the department will review additional information sources such as state and territory management plans or peer reviewed scientific literature to inform priority offset activities. Data that informs the specific nature and scale of a particular offsets package may include consulting scientists, scientific literature, and data collected by both the department and proponents.

8.2 Conducted in a consistent and transparent manner

The Offsets assessment guide (the guide) was designed for the department's use to assist in the determination of suitable offsets for threatened species and ecological communities, based on the nature and extent of the impacts likely to occur at the proposed impact site. The guide helps ensure that the process of determining suitable offsets is consistent across industries and geographical locations. It will increase the transparency of the process because the impacts and offsets are explicitly detailed and calculated.

Although specifically designed for the use of the department, the guide is a public document and as such can be used by proponents to consider offset requirements early in their project planning. It is at the decision maker's discretion to determine how a proposed action and offset proposal is evaluated and how the figures and scores are assigned. The guide provides flexibility to ensure that the most efficient offsets can be determined, while ensuring that offsets improve or maintain the viability of the impacted protected matter. Although informed by the policy, it is important to note that the guide is within the broader context of the policy. Potential offsets generated by the guide may be modified to better conform to the policy. Further, the policy sits beneath, and must conform to, the EPBC Act.

For protected matters not covered by the guide, the department will determine the suitability of any offset proposals based on the principles outlined within this policy and in consultation with project proponents.



9. OFFSET DELIVERY OPTIONS

Offsets can be delivered by a range of mechanisms, including market-based mechanisms and contracting third party providers. Regardless of the offset delivery mechanism, project proponents remain responsible for ensuring that their conditions of approval are met.

9.1 Use of market-based mechanisms to deliver offsets

A well-functioning market for biodiversity offsets creates a clear system through which offsets can be traded by specifying the boundaries and conditions of the market and bringing together potential buyers and sellers. It is anticipated that the financial incentives that are subsequently attained will lead to a greater availability of offsets at any given time by encouraging private sector investment in the protection and restoration of biodiversity. For example, rural landholders may wish to diversify their income streams by investing in conservation activities that benefit specific threatened species with a view to providing these as offsets. Further discussion of the provision of offsets by third parties is at section 9.2.

There are various market based tools that can be utilised for the delivery of offsets, from land brokering services through to biodiversity banking schemes, whereby credits are generated through conservation activities on a property and subsequently traded within a market framework.

Use of market-based mechanisms for delivering offsets is supported as a means of determining the conservation value of both the proposed action site and the proposed offset, where such mechanisms are based on reproducible and scientifically robust information.

In utilising biodiversity banking schemes, proponents should discuss their plans with the department in order to ensure that the offset delivered through such a scheme will satisfy the requirements of this policy and, in the case of threatened species and ecological communities, the *Offsets assessment guide*.

Two state governments have developed biodiversity banking schemes, BushBroker in Victoria and BioBanking in NSW. Proponents should engage with the department early in the assessment process where they wish to utilise state and territory schemes to allow for streamlining of processes between the different jurisdictions.



9.2 Use of third parties to deliver offsets

Suitable third parties can be used to deliver offsets. In many cases, enhanced environmental, social and economic outcomes can be achieved through the use of third party offset providers such as rural landholders, private conservation organisations, and Indigenous corporations. Contracts with third parties to manage an offset may be through a biodiversity banking scheme, however the use of a third party to deliver an offset must be approved by the decision maker. In all cases, the decision maker must be satisfied that appropriate mechanisms are in place to ensure the successful delivery of the offset and that the offset will meet the compliance requirements of any conditions of approval.

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10. FURTHER INFORMATION

EPBC Act policy statements are the department's public policy documents which provide guidance on the practical application of EPBC Act. The policy statements include:

- · significant impact guidelines
- · EPBC Act practices and procedures
- industry guidelines
- information on listed ecological communities
- significant impact or referral guidelines for nationally listed species
- · regional guidelines
- survey guidelines for nationally threatened species.

These are available on the department's website at: http://www.environment.gov.au/epbc/guidelines-policies.html

Conservation advices and recovery plans are available at:

http://www.environment.gov.au/cgibin/sprat/public/conservationadvice. pl?proc=main

For further general information about the EPBC Act, including information about the referral, assessment and approval processes, please contact the Department of Sustainability, Environment, Water, Populations and Communities Community Information Unit on 1800 803 772, or access the EPBC Act website at: www.environment.gov.au/epbc



Appendix A: Criteria for research and educational programs

A suitable research or education program must:

- endeavour to improve the viability of the impacted protected matter, for example
 - signage in key areas to educate the public regarding the risks to a threatened animal, or
 - research into effective re-vegetation techniques for a threatened ecological community
- 2. be targeted toward key research/ education activities as identified in the relevant Commonwealth approved recovery plan, threat abatement plan, conservation advice, ecological character description, management plan or listing document. Where Commonwealth approved guidance documents are not available or are insufficient in detail, the department will consider additional information sources such as state and territory management plans or peer reviewed scientific literature to inform priority offset activities
- 3. be undertaken in a transparent, scientifically robust and timely manner
- 4. be undertaken by a suitably qualified individual or organisation in a manner approved by the department
- 5. consider best practice research approaches.

The proponent is required to:

- 1. select an institutional or individual host (for the purpose of executing the program) through an internationally available open tender process or provide evidence that the program can be successfully undertaken in-house. The department will not be responsible for processing tenders. Where appropriate, the tender should complement an existing research institution's (e.g. National Environmental Research Program Hub) work program as it relates to the matter of national environmental significance. This will be the responsibility of the proponent; however, the department will require that proponents follow the department's guidelines
- 2. provide updates on progress and key findings to the department through periodic reporting
- ensure that funds are managed appropriately and that auditable financial records are kept and maintained
- apply a 'no-surprises' policy to the publication, whereby research publications and outputs are provided to the department at least 5 working days before release.



Research programs:

- will be tailored to at least a postgraduate education level; however, there will be scope to engage other educational levels in educational programs (see below)
- 2. will present findings that can be peer-reviewed
- will publish findings in an internationally recognised peer-reviewed scientific journal or be of a standard that would be acceptable for publication in such a journal. Publications should be submitted to free open access journals. Data and information collected should have creative commons licensing and be free and accessible
- research outputs should inform future management decisions on the protected matter and, where possible, be readily applicable to other similar matters (species groupings etc).

Educational programs:

- will be likely to vary in scope, mode of delivery and duration according to the target audience and the protected matter, (for instance, school or community programs, signage or printed materials)
- 2. should seek to attain measurable outcomes. Note that it may be difficult to ascertain the scope of influence of educational programs as it can be difficult to link education activities to behavioural change and subsequent improvement in the viability of the protected matter

3. should be targeted toward behavioural change and subsequent improvement in the viability of the protected matter.



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